IF THE JOB'S WORTH DOING AT ALL, IT'S WORTH DOING WITH
Brolac DOUBLE PROTECTION PAINT
COLOUR FOLDERS ON APPLICATION FROM JOHN HALL & SONS (I.), Ltd., STEEVENS LANE, DUBLIN.

CITY EDITION

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1941 VOL. LXXXIII. NO. 26,131

GIBSOL
The unfailing cure for PILES, ECZEMA and RINGWORM.
Of all chemists, **1/3**

FOR PRESCRIPTIONS AND ALL MEDICAL SUPPLIES
HAYES, CONYNGHAM & ROBINSON LTD.
12 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN, AND BRANCHES.

BROADCASTING—PAGE 2

Births, Marriages and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), minimum 3 lines, 3/-, each additional line, 1/-.

Each Notice can be repeated in either the Weekly Irish Times or the Irish Field at half price.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (15 Cook Street)—1506; Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (59 Fleet Street)—Central 4350.

BIRTHS.

BAIN—April 7, 1941, at the Leinster Private Nursing Home, Dublin, to Harrie (*née* Bestall), wife of R. E. Dudley Bain, 28 Cardigan Drive, Belfast, a son.

BUTLER—April 10, 1941, at Alverstoke, to Freddie (*née* Peto), wife of Group-Captain J. H. Butler, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

SHEPHERD and ALLSHIRE—April 8, 1941, at Abbey Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. J. C. Breakey, B.A., Thomas Reginald, only son of the late T. B. Shepherd and of Mrs. Shepherd, Phibsborough, Dublin, to Hilda Muriel, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Allshire, 24 Lindsay road, Dublin.

TREW and RYALL—April 1, 1941, at Chard, Somerset, Lieutenant A. T. G. Trew, R.N.V.R., eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Trew, Ivy House, Chard, to Grace, eldest daughter of Mr. T. E. Ryall and the late Mrs. Ryall, Barona, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary.

DEATHS.

ALDWORTH—April 9, 1941, at a Dublin nursing home, Alicia Emily Hester St. Leger, daughter of the late Captain St. Leger Aldworth, R.N., of Queenstown, Co. Cork, and granddaughter of the late Robert Roger Aldworth, of Newmarket Court, Co. Cork.

COLEMAN—April 13, 1941, at her residence, Tomriland Cottage, Annamoe, Co. Wicklow, Margaret, widow of the late William Coleman. Funeral from her residence to-day (Tuesday), at 3 p.m. (new time), to Derrylossary. "Peace, perfect peace."

DURNIN—April 14, 1941, at the residence of her son-in-law, 39 Ramleh Park, Josephine Durnin, 38 Mountainview road, Ranelagh, widow of the late John Durnin. R.I.P. Remains will be removed to the Church of the Holy Name, Beechwood avenue, this (Tuesday) evening at 6.30. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), after 10 o'clock Mass, to Dean's Grange. No flowers.

FitzPATRICK—April 12, 1941, at the Adelaide Hospital, Dublin, George FitzPatrick, of 61 Grove Park, Rathmines; deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. R.I.P. Funeral from hospital to Mount Jerome to-day (Tuesday) at 11.30.

GALVIN—April 14, 1941, John Galvin, Park Cottage, Wexford, formerly of Mount Talbot, Roscommon. R.I.P. Remains removed this (Tuesday) evening at 6.30 to Barntown Church for Requiem Office and High Mass to-morrow (Wednesday), at 11.30 o'clock. Funeral immediately afterwards to Crosstown Cemetery, Wexford.

GORE-GRIMES—April 9, 1941, Doctor John Patrick Gore-Grimes, aged 25, younger son of Christopher M. and Mrs. Gore-Grimes, of Lissadell, Shrewsbury road, Ballsbridge, killed on duty at Coventry and Warwick Hospital, Coventry. R.I.P. Funeral took place at Coventry. Date of Requiem Mass will be announced later.

GUINNESS—April 12, 1941, at Tibradden, Rathfarnham, Co. Dublin, Lucy Matilda Anne, beloved wife of the late Colonel C. D. Guinness. Funeral, Whitechurch, 11.30 today (Tuesday).

JOHNSTON—April 14, 1941 (suddenly), at Aut Even Hospital, Kilkenny, George, second son of the late George and Anna Johnston, Kyleroe House, Kilkenny. Funeral leaves the hospital at 2 p.m. (summer time) to-morrow (Wednesday) for St. Canice's.

JONES—April 13, 1941, at the Adelaide Hospital, Doris May, late of Winter Lodge, Delahasey, Co. Dublin; deeply regretted by her sorrowing father, mother, brother, sisters, relatives and a large circle of friends. R.I.P. Funeral from St. George's, Balbriggan, to-day (Tuesday) to New Cemetery, at 3 p.m.

KELLY—April 13, 1941, at St. Michael's Hospital, Dun Laoghaire, Michael Kelly, ex-District Inspector, R.I.C. R.I.P. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), April 16th, after 10 o'clock Mass, from Kilbecanty R.C. Church, Gort, Co. Galway, to Kilbecanty burial ground.

McELLIGOTT—April 14, 1941, at Mountrivers, Listowel, William, son of the late Gerald and Elizabeth McElligott, aged 69 years. R.I.P. Remains will be removed to Parish Church to-day (Tuesday) at 5 p.m. (old time). Solemn Requiem Mass at 10.30 a.m. (old time) to-morrow (Wednesday). Funeral at 1 p.m. (old time) to the Cemetery, Listowel.

MANNING—On Easter Day, at her residence, 30 Northumberland avenue, Kingstown, Jemima, last surviving daughter of the late James Manning, Rathdrum. Funeral private.

MULLEN—April 13, 1941, at 10 Trimleston Gardens, Blackrock, Mary Jane Mullen, late of Iona, Lusk, Co. Dublin. Funeral (private) to-morrow (Wednesday) to Mount Jerome. Northern papers please copy.

NICHOLL—April 13, 1941, at his residence, Inane, Florence road, Bray, Thomas, beloved husband of Mary Nicholl, late of Clones. Funeral arriving Mount Jerome Cemetery at 10 a.m. to-day (Tuesday). "Peace, perfect peace."

NICHOLL—April 13, 1941, at Killyleagh, Co. Armagh, Hugh, beloved husband of Anna Nicholl, 11 Kerrsland Parade, Belfast, formerly of Drummully, Clones. "Peace, perfect peace."

OWEN—April 12, 1941, at his residence, 3 Claremont road, Sandymount, Henry John Owen, late Bank of Ireland. Funeral arrives Mount Jerome to-morrow (Wednesday), 16th, at 9.45 a.m.

PRENDERGAST—April 14, 1941, at St. Ann's Hill, Co. Cork, Constance Prendergast. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), April 16th, to Blarney.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 2.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

DOWNING—The sisters and relatives of the late Mr. James M. Downing wish to return sincere thanks to all who sympathised with them in their recent bereavement; those who sent Mass cards, wreaths, letters, telegrams, messages of sympathy, and all those who attended the funeral; and, as to reply to each individually would be impossible, trust this will be accepted by all in grateful acknowledgment.

SUTTON—Mr. and Mrs. H. Sutton and family, Glaskenny, wish to sincerely thank all those who sent wreaths and letters of sympathy in their recent sad bereavement, and trust this will be accepted by all in grateful acknowledgment.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAMILESE TEA. A Wonderful Tea at a Moderate Price.

JOHN C. PARKES and Sons, Ltd., Coombe Dublin. LAWN MOWERS, PENNSYLVANIA AND QUALCAST PANTHERS. Wholesale Only.

PARTS for Continental Machines can be manufactured by us. Inquire—BOOTH BROS., Engineers, Stephen Street, Dublin.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD. DUBLIN. KOVERFLOR Supersedes Paint, Varnish and Enamel. A LIQUID COVERING FOR Wood, Stone or Cement.

ANNE LYNCH TEAS. Refreshing, Satisfying and Economical.

UNFURNISHED HOUSE WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED, preferably in Foxrock Area, to Rent, Unfurnished, a Small Detached Non-Basement House, having two or three bedrooms, two sittingrooms and bathroom. Rent, inclusive of rates, about £125 per annum. Possession towards middle of May. Replies to J. H. NORTH and CO., 110 Grafton street.

72691 'PHONE (two lines) for Allen and Townsend and Arthur Jones and Son (1765), Auctioneers, 10 Stephen's Green.

A PICTURE is an ideal Wedding Gift—Visit The Victor Waddington Galleries, 28 South Anne street, or 19 Nassau street, Dublin.

Nails, Screws, Washers, Bolts and Nuts.
HEITON George's quay.

ELECTRIC SOLUS AND OSRAM. Latest type "Speed Queen" Home Laundry Washing Machines, Electric Fires, Toasters, Irons and Radios. Consult:—
THOS. DOCKRELL, SONS & CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

ANTHRACITE STOVES. EFFECTIVE, ARTISTIC, ECONOMICAL.

BAXENDALE & CO., LTD., CAPEL STREET, DUBLIN.

FUEL GOES FURTHER in AB COOKER. Combines Cooking, Water Heating, with low fuel consumption, for small or large family. Ample hot water, one fire only. 2 large hot plates and 3 ovens. See model on heat.—EVANS & SONS, 152 Capel street, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
TO PAINTING CONTRACTORS

Tenders are invited for the supply of 571 (Five Hundred and Seventy-one) Timber Wardens' Post Signs. Copies of particulars, specification, etc., may be obtained in the City Architect's Department, 1/3 Parliament street. Tenders must be delivered not later than 12 noon on Saturday, 26th April, 1941.

P. J. HERNON,
City Manager and Town Clerk.
Dublin, 10th April, 1941.
1/B. 54. W.H.Co.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS.
In the Matter of:
EILEEN FRANCES GERTRUDE McCUTCHAN, late of Riverbank, Rock Park, Rock Ferry, Birkenhead, in the County of Chester, Spinster, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Victoria, Cap. 54, that the above-named Eileen Frances Gertrude McCutchan, who died on the 20th day of May, 1940, at Riverbank, Rock Park, Rock Ferry, Birkenhead, in the County of Chester, by her Will dated the 27th day of September 1937, appointed the Bursar of Trinity College, Dublin, Executor thereof, and devised and bequeathed all her property Upon Trust for sale, and after payment of her funeral and testamentary expenses and debts, to transfer the same unto the Provost, Fellows and Scholars of Trinity College, Dublin, Upon Trust to apply the income thereof in the manner following: (a) £20 to be awarded annually as a Prize to be known as "The George McCutchan Prize" to the Senior Moderator in Ethics and Logics who shall show the best knowledge and acquaintance with Hegel's system of Philosophy; (b) £40 to be awarded annually as a prize to be known as "The Henry Stewart Macran Prize" to such Graduate under M.A. standing or Undergraduate who shall obtain the highest marks at a written Examination to be conducted as in the said Will directed on Hegel's system of Philosophy and an Essay on a subject of Metaphysical or Ethical character, the marks obtainable for such Examination and Essay to be equal, and the Candidate to satisfy the Examiners in both; (c) the residue of said income to be applied for the benefit of the said College in such manner as the Board should think proper, Provided that such residue shall not be exclusively devoted to the education or benefit of female Graduates or Undergraduates.

By a Codicil to her said Will, dated the 29th day of October, 1939, the Testatrix appointed The Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd., to be Executor and Trustee of her said Will jointly with the Senior Bursar.

Probate of the said Will was on the 7th day of January, 1941, granted forth of the Principal Probate Registry in the High Court of Justice, Eire, to Harry Thrift, of Trinity College, Dublin, S.F.T.C.D., as Bursar of Trinity College and the date of death of the deceased, and The Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd., of Foster place, Dublin, the Executors appointed by the Will and Codicil, respectively.

Dated this 9th day of April, 1941.
DARLEY, ORPEN & McGILLYCUDDY, Solicitors for the Executors, 50 and 51 Kildare street, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and to all others concerned.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

AT "The Grove," Northbrook road, Ranelagh—Bed, Breakfast, and full Board, 35/- weekly.—Mrs. O'Shaughnessy. 6 10

(CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS COLUMN.)

IN MEMORIAM.

BROWNE—In ever-loving memory of our dear mother, Margaret, called Home April 15, 1937. Always remembered by her loving children. "Until we meet again."

BRYAN — Fourth Anniversary — In loving memory of my darling wife, Jane Eliza, who died 15th April, 1937. "For ever with the Lord."—Inserted by her loving husband, J. H. Bryan, Bray.

RIDGEWAY—In loving memory of my dearly-loved husband, Charles A. Ridgeway, who fell asleep at his residence, "Rathdrum," Dartry road, Dublin, on April 15th, 1919.
"And with the morn those angel faces smile,
Which I have loved long since and lost awhile."

SIMPSON — Sixth Anniversary — In loving memory of darling Ivy, called Home April 15th, 1935. Never forgotten by her loving family.

'Phone 62607. NICHOLS Estd. 1814.
COMPLETE FUNERAL FURNISHERS, LOMBARD STREET (WESTLAND ROW). Coffins, Hearse and Motor Funerals, etc. PRIVATE MORTUARY.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
1832 WALLER 1941
DENZILLE ST. (Re-named Fenian St.), MERRION SQUARE.
PRIVATE MORTUARY.
DAIMLER MOTOR HEARSES AND CARS.
'Phone 61275. Wires: "Undertaker, Dublin."

MILLER & CO., LTD., BRAY
FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
ROLLS ROYCE FLEET.
PERSONAL SUPERVISION.
'Phone: Bray 145/46. 'Grams: Collier, Bray.

Watson's Wreaths — Telegrams—Quickness, Dublin. Tel. 44258. WATSON'S, 31 NASSAU ST., Nurseries, Killiney.

28/27 Grafton St. Knowles Wreaths
Telegrams: "Pineapple, Dublin."
PROMPT DESPATCH.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DUBLIN—MANCHESTER
IT PAYS TO FLY!
Aer Lingus TEA (IRISH AIR LINES)
Upr O'Connell St., Dublin.

VALUABLE STAMP COLLECTION FOR SALE
ALL MINT (EXCEPT ONE)
Eire Provisional Government 1922 overprints, 165 stamps all values to 5/-, catalogue value £30, in blocks and strips, showing normals, varieties, errors, inverts and insertions. Accept £17 or nearest. Approval against bank references or deposit.—W 1513, this office.

OLD GOLD
DIAMOND AND EMERALD JEWELLERY, Gold Boxes, Cigarette Cases, Rings, Dental Gold, etc., Bought in any condition—Record Smashing Prices paid. Articles posted for valuation returned intact if our offer is not acceptable. Deal direct, post or call. Disregard travellers claiming to be our representatives. We have NO AGENTS ANYWHERE
DUBLIN SMELTING CO.
(Government Licensed)
21 WELLINGTON QUAY, DUBLIN

Spring Cleaning With Economy — Chromium Plated Metals reduce cleaning labour to a minimum—a rub of a cloth ensures a dazzling shine. Quotations free. IRISH NICKEL AND CHROMIUM PLATING CO., LTD. 35 Westland Row, Dublin 'Phone 62024.

IRISH-MADE
Brolac The Double Protection PAINT
Beautiful colours and a beautiful finish
Write for Colour Cards to:
T. & C. MARTIN
D'OLIER ST., DUBLIN
SOLE DUBLIN AGENTS

TEA RETAILERS' REGISTER
WEEKLY RATION for
30 Customers for 150 weeks, or 150 Customers for 30 weeks.
Simplest and quickest method of keeping records to compile Form No. T.S. (Sale) under Emergency Powers (Distribution of Tea) Order, 1941.
Price, 1/6. Postage, 4d. extra.
From EASON & SON, LTD., 40-41 Lr. O'Connell street, Dublin, or any Bookseller.

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7 ANGLESEA STREET, DUBLIN
Managers: COYLE & CO. (BROKERS), LTD.
MARINE & WAR INSURANCE
Immediate Cover
Rates & Terms on request

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Advertisements to the "Irish Times" can be repeated in either the "Weekly Irish Times" or the "Irish Field" at Half Price.
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"IRISH TIMES," LTD., WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone—76555.
BRANCH OFFICES: RATHMINES—Castlewood avenue. Wednesday (half day); closes at 1 o'clock. 'Phone—91951. BELFAST—58 Donegall st. 'Phone—21787. CORK—15 Cook st. 'Phone—1506. LIMERICK—6 William st. 'Phone 472. LONDON—59 Fleet st., E.C.4. Central—4350.

Motor Vehicles and Cycles

MOTOR CARS.

AUSTIN 8 Saloon—the Car for Petrol Economy. Delivery from stock.—Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57/58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. 'Phone 61943-4-5. T C

BLUE Hillman Saloon, 10 h.p.; perfect condition, small mileage, owner driven; £100, nearest.—W 1678, this office. 12 B

FORD V8 22 h.p. 1938 Model for Sale, excellent condition and appearance, price £95.—W 1657, this office. 10 B

FORD Prefect, 10 h.p., four-door, leather upholstery, perfect mechanical order; £90.—W 1662, this office. 10 B

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

HILLMAN 8 Cwt. NEW VAN, 10 h.p. Fitted with Roomy, Light Body. Can be Painted Any Colour. Price £255. Finished in Primer.
W. B. Crawford (Dublin), Ltd., HATCH STREET, DUBLIN.

AUTO-CYCLES.

3 NEW Norman de Luxe Auto-Cycles, 1.3½ h.p. A.J.S. Motor Cycle, electric light, in perfect condition. Address "Z 1422, Cycles," this office. 14 D

BICYCLES.

ALL-STEEL Raleigh. Cash and Easy Payment Orders sent carriage paid. All models 10/- deposit.—Stevens, The Cycle King, 8 Aston's quay, 244 Rathmines road. T

AN All-Steel Raleigh gives lifelong satisfaction. Prices from £6 16/6, or 10/- deposit. Service after sales.—S. J. Geary and Co., 1 Stephen's Green, Dublin. 'Phone 43449. 3 X

B.S.A.—The World's Best Value. A quality Cycle at a reasonable price. Give us a call before deciding on your new model.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

BUY your Cycle from Murdoch's, Dun Laoghaire—B.S.A., Triumph, New Hudson, Hercules, Sunbeam. 78 21

RALEIGH—Call and inspect our range of Models. Catalogues and full particulars.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

Employment

SITUATIONS VACANT.

BUTLER CHAUFFEUR; 3 in family; staff 4; fare paid.—Thompson, 30 Princes road, Liverpool 8. 14 C

HOUSEKEEPER (C.I.) WANTED immediately by country rector; state age, wages and copies references. Address "Z 1423, Housekeeper," this office. 14 D

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

THOMPSON Memorial Home, Lisburn.—Experienced LADY COOK WANTED for 7th May. Salary £70, rising by two annual increments of £5 to £80, subject to satisfactory service. Applications, giving full particulars, with copies of two recent testimonials, to be addressed to the Lady Superintendent on, or before, 21st April, 1941. 12 B

WANTED temporarily, for six weeks, ASSISTANT (C.I.), Grocery, Provisions; able to take Charge. Address, with copies references, "Z 1405, Assistant," this office. 10 B

LEGAL.

MIDLAND Solicitors REQUIRE expert LADY SHORTHAND TYPIST; must have experience and excellent references. Address "Z 1389, Typist," this office. 9 C

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

WANTED, French or other Foreign GIRL as GOVERNESS; two children: Co. Dublin; state what languages taught, and whether any other subjects. Address "Z 1424, Girl," this office. 14 C

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"IRISH TIMES" EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
No Fees Charged. Hours, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended unemployed, experienced and untrained.
31 Westmoreland St., Dublin. 'Phone, 76555.

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A YOUNG GENERAL REQUIRED, partly trained, knowledge cooking; must be clean; help with two children. Apply 18 Braemor Park, Rathgar. 14 C

WANTED, GENERAL, strong Girl, for rectory, near Belfast; wages £24, rising; copies references. Address "Z 1421, General," this office. 12 B

WANTED, experienced GENERAL; well recommended. Apply, after 7 p.m., 48 Upper Drumcondra road.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

WANTED, experienced, well recommended COOK GENERAL, under 40 years, for Dalkey, housemaid kept, £36, increasing after year if satisfactory; small family. Apply with copy references, "Z 1388, Cook General," this office. 7 12

WANTED for private house in Kildare town, capable COOK GENERAL; all duties; good references essential; state age and wages expected. Address "Z 1419, General," this office 13 D

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS.

WANTED, well recommended young HOUSE PARLOURMAID, Ballsbridge, 25th; adults; state wages and age.—W 1688, this office. 12 B

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MEDICAL, NURSING, ETC.

NURSE Attendant, hospital trained, private experience; highly recommended; Protestant; town or country.—W 1625, this office. 10 C

DOMESTICS.

"IRISH TIMES" EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
No Fees Charged. Hours, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, in all capacities.
31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. 'Phone: 76555.

GENERAL SERVANTS.

CHRISTIAN desires place as General in Christian home, Rathmines district.—W 1683, this office.

SUPERIOR, young General, well recommended, adult family; good wages.—W 1685 this office.

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NICE country Girl (19) desires engagement, Nurse Housemaid, Housework; some experience. Interview Naas.—Mrs. Hayden, Naas. 'Phone: 35

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ALL Waterproof Covers for carts, vans, threshers, lorries; Rick Covers, Sacks, Bags; best terms.—Coleman, 21-25 Chancery street, Dublin.

BOOKS for Sale—Encyclopædia Britannica, 36 leather bound volumes; 9th edition; cask case.—Box No. 242, Irish Times Branch Office, Limerick.

COVERS for ricks, carts, threshers, lorries; Tarpaulins, Sacks.—Petrie Brothers, 36 Usher's quay, Dublin. 14 C

CHROMIUM Plating by Irish Nickel and Chromium Plating Co., Limited, 35 Westland row, Dublin, is the most dependable. All kinds of existing and manufactured metals treated. Moderate prices.

HOOVER Vacuum Cleaner for Sale, 3 years old; cost £21; £12 10/- wanted. 69, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 11 C

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IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

SAFE and Strong-room Doors, Steel Filing Cabinets.—Boni, 4 Cecilia street. 'Phone 22949. 12 C

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, from £4; fully guaranteed.—Norman Engineering Works, Trinity street. Established 1897. 52 24

UNSATISFACTORY dealing by any Advertiser in these columns should be immediately reported to the Manager of the "Irish Times." X

SHOOTING, SPORTING, GAMES.

ANGLING—Fishing Rods and Tackle, every description. Rods Repaired.—Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin. 9 C

GARNETT'S for Shooting and Fishing Tackle, Rods, Reels, Flies and Baits, Guns, Rifles and Ammunition. Secondhand Guns and Rods Purchased.—Anglers' Resort, Parliament street, Dublin. T

WANTED.

OLD GOLD
Urgently wanted. Record-smashing prices paid; highest in Eire. ELECTRO-PLATE, Sheffield Plate, Silver, both modern and antique, wanted for export. Californian buyer. Price no object.
ORGEL, 35 Nassau Street

OLD Gold, Diamond and Emerald Jewellery, Gold Boxes, Cigarette Cases, Dental Gold, etc., Bought. Articles posted for valuation returned intact if offer is unacceptable. Deal direct. No agents anywhere. Enquiries invited.—Dublin Smelting Co., 21 Wellington quay, Dublin. T

WANTED for cash, New Irish Stamps, 2d. and 3d. values, used.—Mint Stamp Company, 74 Grafton street, Dublin. 10 B

PRAMS.

ALL Cash and Easy Payment Orders for Prams and Folders sent carriage paid.—Stevens (established 1898), 8 Aston's quay, 244 Rathmines road, 171 North Strand. T

BARRON'S Prams are cheaper for cash or terms. Write for catalogue.—1 North Earl street, Dublin. T

OUR Prams are the best. Write for Catalogue T, including strong Cots, Play-pens, Chairs and dainty Moses' Baskets. Cash or easy payments. Orders over £3 carriage paid.—The Baby Carriage Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. T

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

KASTNER Pianos, 100 records. Auction, Thursday, 16 Ormond road.—Allen, Townsend, 10 Stephen's Green. 12 C

PIANO, Grand, perfect, by Collard, to Sell.—Browne and Co., Westport. 14 D

POULTRY, FISH, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

FORGET the Oil Shortage! Order a Hay Box Fireless Brooder from us; accommodates 100 day olds; no trouble, no fumes, no expense. Price £2, complete. Delivered free city or t.o.r. Kildare Station.—Knocknagarm Poultry Farm, Curragh Camp.

RHODE Day-old Pullets, £6 10s. 0d. 100. A £3 10s. 0d. 50. 17/6 dozen; Rhode Day-old Cockerels, £3 0s. 0d. £1 2s. 6d., 6/6; White Leghorn Day-old Pullets, 25/- dozen; Leghorn Day-old Cockerels, 15/- 50, 4/- dozen; carriage paid; cash with order.—Knocknagarm Poultry Farm, Curragh Camp. 14 D

TWO large Poultry Houses, 30 x 15 each, good condition, make good hall, 60 x 15; full details. Address "Z 1425, Poultry Houses," this office.

DRESS AND COSTUMES.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Anngier street, Purchases Left-Off Clothing, Furniture, etc. Highest prices given. T

AT Elizabeth's, 51 Grafton street (2nd floor)—Ladies' own materials expertly "made-up." Coats, Costumes, House Coats, Frocks. Moderate. Telephone, 74403. T

AT Gall's, 74 Grafton street (over Slowey's) Discarded Fur Coats and Furs Remodelled into Capes, Boleros, from 20/-. Fur Coats Remodelled, dashing styles, 45/-. Personal attention all orders. 10 X

FELDMAN, 29 Mary Street—Wanted, Discarded Persian Lamb, Mink, Squirrel, Musquash, Pony, Silver Foxes, etc. T

LADIES' Gent's, Children's Wardrobes; Old Gold, Silver Purchased; highest cash prices.—Mellon's, Patrick street, Kingstown. 78 18

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

CARPETS and Furniture—Call and see our comprehensive stocks; unbeatable values; cash or terms.—Toohey's, 30 Bachelor's Walk. T

LAWLOR, Briscoe will Buy and Sell your Surplus Furniture Auctions every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay. T

PRINTING.

POSTERS, Programmes and Catalogues; high class, low prices.—Stafford, Printer, 51 Fenian stre.t 8 X

PLYWOOD AND TIMBER.

BEECH, Sycamore and other Trees wanted in large or small quantities; state price expected. Address "Z 1277, Timber," this office. 12 5

STANDING Timber Wanted, Spruce, Fir and Larch. Address "Z 1380, Timber," this office. 6 10

OPTICIANS.

BEST place to have your eyes tested—accurately, scientifically.—Geo. Fleetwood and Son, 18 Upper O'Connell street (next Savoy), Dublin.

MACHINERY.

MORRIS Runway, 112 feet, six ball-bearing Trolleys; also two Morris 10 cwt. Sprocket Chain Blocks, 20 feet lift, six Chain Slings.—W 1588, this office. 9 B

HORSES, HARNESS, VEHICLES.

FOR Sale, strong young Pony, Round Trap and Harness, in very good condition.—W 1616, this office. 10 B

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

A BANDON House-Hunting—Consult Garvey and Good, Auctioneers, Lincoln place. 'Phone 62468 T

ALBERT MacARTHUR, The Housefinder, 4a, Macartney House, D'Olier street. Telephone, 76754 (2 lines). T

A CHARMING, sunny House, beautifully decorated throughout; 6 bedrooms, 3 reception, bath, etc.; 2 garages, large garden; 57 Grosvenor road; selling, a bargain. 'Phone 22795; open daily. 9 B

AUCTION, Wednesday, 16th April, 14 Temple Park avenue, Blackrock; splendidly situated modern 6 roomed House. 'Phone 21988—Adhouse, 2 Burgh quay. 10 B

AUCTION, Wednesday, 16th April, 9 St. Ignatius avenue (near Drumcondra Bridge); also one with two bedrooms; 4 rooms, etc. Phone 21988.—Adhouse, 2 Burgh quay. 10 B

AT Monkstown—Attractive, basementless House; small outgoings; six apartments, every convenience; £975.—Box 281, Stephen's Gallery, Dun Laoghaire. 10 B

BLACKROCK—6 roomed detached pre-war House, on one acre; splendid situation; £1,350—Adhouse, 2 Burgh quay. 10 B

BLACKROCK—Semi-detached House, in choice locality; newly decorated; 4 bedrooms; small outgoings; £875.—Hanley and Co., Blackrock. 11 C

BRAEMOR Park, Rathgar—All-brick, modern House, large rooms, good gardens, front and rear, well stocked; many exceptional features; attractive price for quick sale.—W 1682 this office. 14 C

CHOICE House, Eaton square, Monkstown; non-basement, 2 reception, 3 bedrooms.—Boag, Blackrock, over Monument Creamery. 12 C

DETACHED Residence, Monkstown; 2½ acres; £4,200.—Boag, Blackrock, over Monument Creamery. 12 C

DETACHED Residence, Dundrum; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, ½ acre; £1,175.—Boag, Blackrock, over Monument Creamery. 12 C

DELIGHTFUL, small, detached House, near Dalkey, Sell or Let; low rates. Address "Z 1401, House," this office. 10 C

FOXROCK—Detached Residence, on 2 acres, gate lodge; lease of 23 years, subject to £90; P.L.V. £50; accept £100.—Hanley and Co., Blackrock. 11 C

HOOVER Vacuum Cleaner for Sale, 3 years old; cost £21; £12 10/- wanted. 69, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 11 C

MODERN, semi-detached House, two reception, four bedrooms; Sidney Parade; Sell or Let.—W 1639, this office. 10 X

RATHGAR road, No. 93—Fine, semi-detached Residence, tramline, newly decorated; bargain, £875; open daily.—Sole Agent, Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 9 B

TERENURE—Substantial double fronted, non-basement, all brick Semi-detached House, built about thirty years ago by Stringer; 3 reception and kitchen on half level, 4 bedrooms, maid's room; one minute's walk from Terenure tram line. For private Sale, price £1,275.—W 1653, this office 10 B

WEST Ireland—Sporting Residence, on Lough Corrib, near Galway, to Sell.—Browne and Co., Westport. 14 D

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

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THE NATIONAL FINANCE CO'Y., Ltd., 83 Middle Abbey Street, Dublin.

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CLOTHING Manufacturers—Please communicate with advertiser, who contemplates entering into partnership, or buying going concern, or buying machinery. Strictest confidence assured.—W 1507, this office. 7 X

£10 AND Upwards Advanced without security.—Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin. T

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

AT Drummond's—Gladioli, for summer and autumn flowering, named varieties, 2/3 and 2/9 per dozen, 17/6 and 22/6 per 100; also in mixed colours.—57-58 Dawson street. T

ABOUT Vegetable Gardens—Consult E. G. White, F.R.H.S. Strong, healthy Tomato Plants, cool grown, ex 3-inch pots, 6/- per dozen, £2 per 100, £18 per 1,000; Whitechurch Market King, Plumpton King, Sunrise, Early Dawn. Call and inspect.—Whitechurch Nurseries, Rathfarnham. Telephone, 95197. Trade supplied. T

AUBRETIAS, 6 plants, each a distinct, named variety, large flowered, for 3/6. Carriage and packing free.—Ballawley Alpine Nursery, Dundrum, Dublin. 12 1

AUBRETIA, Red Saxifraga, Carnations, Hollyhocks, Gemms, Aquilegia, Catmint, Lupins, 3/-; Dahlia Bulbs, Cactus, Coltness Gem, Decorative, Delphiniums, Russell Lupins, 5/-; Canterbury Bells, Rose, Pansies, Blue, Bachelor Buttons, Crimson, Rose, White, Golden Arabis, Pansies, Giant Fancy, Violas, Yellow, Blue, Polyanthus, Pinks, Sweet William, Crimson, at a Bank Beauty, 2/- dozen, etc.—O'Neill's, Fermoy. 12 B

BALLAWLEY Alpine Nursery, Dundrum, Dublin.—Rock Plants, our special selection, 12 for 5/9, 25 for 10/-, 50 for 19/9. Carriage and packing free. 12 9

BUS 45A from Burgh Quay (half-hourly service) passes Watson's Nurseries, Killiney—far the largest and best nurseries in Ireland. 10 B

CHRYSANTHEMUM Cuttings — Decorative: November Gold, Thorpe White, Baldock's Crimson, Jean Pattison, Bronze, Pink, Orange; single: Rose Molly, Bright Flame, Susan Apricot, Pink Precision centre, and Purple Pompon; 4d. each, or 3/6 dozen; post paid by return.—Reid, Carramore, Curroy, Ballina. 8 14

CABBAGE Plants—Early varieties, 2/6 100, post free.—John Atkins and Co., Ltd., 54 South Mall, Cork. T

CLIMBERS AND WALL SHRUBS. Now's the time to plant. Comprehensive selection at Watsons, Nurseries, Killiney. 10 B

COOLMORE Nursery Gardens, Thomastown, Kilkenny. Easter Offer. Price Reductions—Canterbury Bells, Valerian, 1/-; Myosotis, Double Daisies, Sweet William, Arabis, 9d. all per doz., postage extra; also magnificent Dahlias, all herbaceous and greenhouse plants. Catalogue. 10 B

CHRYSANTHEMUMS (Indoor), Japanese and Decorative, early, mid-season and late; well rooted, strong plants, all best colours, 1/6 different; 5/- dozen, free.—O'Neill's, Chrysanthemum Specialists, Fermoy. 12 B

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"THE MARK OF ZORRO."

GRAFTON Continuous Daily at 2.45,5.0,7.20,9.35
CONRAD VEIDT — GORDON HARKER
in "ROME EXPRESS."

CORINTHIAN
Jack Holt and Miriam Marsh in "Fugitive from a Prison Camp," at 2.40, 5.5, 7.30, 9.55. Bill Elliott and Iris Meredith in "False Evidence," at 3.56, 6.21, 8.46.

THEATRE DE LUXE
Dublin's Super-Cinema, 3.30-11.0. Camden St.
John Hubbard and Wendy Barrie: "Who Killed Aunt Maggie?" Victor Jory and Dennis O'Keefe: "The Girl From Havana."

ASTORIA 3 TO 10.30.
DUN LAOGHAIRE.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY):
MERLE OBERON,
"DIVORCE OF LADY X."
Also DICK POWELL in
"SINGING MARINES."

GREEN 2.25 4.45. 7 0. 9.15.
Return Visit—Charles Boyer, Danielle Darrieux, in "MAYERLING."

FEIS MAITIU.
TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME:
Adjudicator: E. Godfrey Brown, A.R.C.M.
10.0 a.m.—JUNIOR SOLO SINGING (Girls Under 17).
3 p.m.—VOCAL TRIO.
3 p.m.—QUARTET.
6.30 p.m.—SOPRANO.
8.15 p.m.—FITZGERALD CUP.
Adjudicator: Philip Dore, Mus.B., F.R.C.O.
10 a.m.—PRIMARY PIANO (Under 9 Years).
3 p.m.—JUNIOR PIANO.
7 p.m.—OPEN CLASS CLASSIC (Piano).
See Evening Papers for To-morrow's Programme.

ROYAL Film at 2.0,4.35,7.10,9.45. Stage Show, 3.15,5.50,8.25.
A Lavish Seasonal Extravaganza!
"EASTER PARADE OF 1941."
With 80 Performers.
It's the Holiday Laugh Hit!
IAN HUNTER, GAIL PATRICK, in
"GALLANT SONS,"
With Gene Reynolds, Bonita Granville.

REGAL ROOMS At 2.38, 4.54, CINEMA. 7.10, 9.26.
FRANK MORGAN in
"HULLABALOO,"
With Virginia Grey, Billie Burke.

SAVOY At 2.5, 4.30, 6.55, 9.20.
JUDY GARLAND, ARTHUR SHIELDS, GEORGE MURPHY.
"LITTLE NELLIE KELLY."

CAPITOL TO-DAY at 2 o'c., 4.20, 6.52, 9.18.
In aid of the 1st. Batt. Old I.R.A. Benevolent Fund.
TOM COOPER in "THE DAWN."
On the Stage: The Cavanagh Troupe of Dancers: Denis Cox: Leo Molloy.

ASTOR FIRST TIME TO EIRE.
THE AMAZING WAR DRAMA,
"13 MEN AND A GUN."

CARLTON Showing at 2.55, 5.10, 7.25, 9.40.
GEORGE FORMBY'S Funniest,
"SPARE A COPPER."
COMING—"LADY IN ?????"

PAVILION DUN LAOGHAIRE. Con., 3.0 to 10.30 p.m.
Lucille Ball, Richard Carlson, in "TOO MANY GIRLS." Also
Peter Lorre in
"STRANGER ON THE THIRD FLOOR."

REGENT CINEMA, BLACKROCK.
Norina and Richard Greene, in "I Was An Adventuress." Also "Rustlers' Valley."

ADELPHI AT 2, 4.22, 6.44, 9.6.
"FLIGHT COMMAND,"
With ROBERT TAYLOR, RUTH HUSSEY, WALTER PIDGEON.

No increase in price
IMCO
—FILTRATION DE LUXE
CLEANING
at all Branches, or post to Imco, Merrion, Dublin.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

AN ROINN TALMHAIDEACHTA.

SCOLÁIREACTAÍ

Tá roinnt beag Scoláireacta tuaithe i dTalmhaíocht i nGarraidhreacht, agus in Cothaíocht Deiríocta, á dtairiscint le haghaidh an t-Seimhin, 1941-42, as an Roinn i gcomhcheangal leis an Oireachtas Coirnéalach i mBaile Átha Cliath an Bealtaine, 1941. Is i gColáiste na hIolscoile i mBaile Átha Cliath a bheidh na Scoláireachtaí i dTalmhaíocht agus i nGarraidhreacht le fagáil agus is i gColáiste na hIolscoile i gCorcaigh a bheidh na Scoláireachtaí in Cothaíocht Deiríocta le fagáil. Seachadfar iarratais air an bpuinn oibre agus caithfidh siad a bheith in oiris na Roinne AR AN 3AD Lá de Bealtaine, 1941, AR A DÉIDEANNAIBH.

Is iad daoine dá gceadófaí dul fá'n reachtú na daoine idir 18 mbliadhna agus 30 bliadhain d'aois ag a bpuil oideachas maith (Caighdeán Dun-reachtúighte Iol-Scoile) agus ag a bpuil taithí agus cleachta in obair na Scolaireachta.

Iad fan acá an méinn dul fá'n reachtú do cheapfaí dóibh an clár agus fuirm iarratais d'fagáil láithreach ó'n:—

Rúnaidhe,
Roinn Talmhaíocht,
(Rannóg 24 (1)),
Baile Átha Cliath.

28/B.2724. W.H.Co.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE

Notice is hereby given that the Minister for Agriculture has made the following Orders under the Diseases of Animals (Ireland) Acts, 1894 to 1938:—

(1) Foot and Mouth Disease (Application of Part I. of the Foot and Mouth Disease (Ireland) Order of 1915 (County Carlow) Order, 1941.
(2) Foot and Mouth Disease (Donegal Local Restrictions) Order (No. 8), 1941; and
(3) Foot and Mouth Disease (Kilkenny and Tipperary (South Riding) Local Restrictions) Order, 1941.

The effect of Order (1) is to prohibit the movement of cattle, sheep, goats or swine into, out of, or within that part of County Carlow, lying, roughly, west of the road from Carlow, via Ballinacarrig Bridge, Fighting Cocks Cross Roads, Killane Cross Roads and Tailor's Cross Roads to Tomduff, and thence to Ballymurphy and Turra Bridge, and west of the Aughavaud River from Turra Bridge to the River Barrow.

The effect of Order (2) is to remove the restrictions on the movement of hay and straw and also the obligation to have dogs under control in the District Electoral Divisions of St. Johnston, Feddyglass, Treantagh Mucklagh, Kincraigy, Clonleigh North, Clonleigh South, Castlefin, Killygordon, Convoy, Figart and Raphoe, in County Donegal.

The effect of Order (3) is to restrict the movement of hay and straw and dogs in an area in Counties Kilkenny and Tipperary (South Riding), lying, roughly, within the following boundaries:—Commencing at Tullaroan, thence by road to Gortnagap, Commons, Ballingarry, Clashbeg, Clonagoose, Coolaghlagh, Loughbrack, Kells, Burnchurch, Bennettsbridge, Gowran, Whitehall (or Paulstown), Baurnafea, Griffin's Bridge, Knockmajor and Damerstown, returning to the commencing point at Tullaroan via Mohil, Tulla, Ballinamara Cross Roads and Lis Cross Roads.

Advance copies of the Orders may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Department of Agriculture (Veterinary Section), Dublin.

D. TWOMEY, Secretary.
Department of Agriculture,
14th April, 1941.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IRISH RACING CRISIS.

PUBLIC MEETING.

A PUBLIC MEETING has been summoned by the representatives of Irish Owners, Breeders, and Trainers in the ABERDEEN HALL, GRESHAM HOTEL, DUBLIN, for WEDNESDAY NEXT at 4 p.m.

The Meeting will discuss the present grave situation arising from financial loss and widespread unemployment due to the prolonged stoppage of racing.

A special invitation is extended to all Owners, Trainers, and Representatives of Organisations whose members have been rendered idle by the present cessation.

J. J. PARKINSON (Senator).
R. MORE O'FERRALL.

C. A. ROGERS } Joint Hon.
H. O'LEARY, M.R.C.V.S. } Secretaries.

INTERCESSION FOR PEACE

A MEETING, OPEN TO THE PUBLIC, FOR PRAYERS FOR PEACE, IS INTENDED TO BE HELD IN THE FRIENDS' MEETING HOUSE, 6 EUSTACE STREET, DUBLIN, TO-DAY (TUESDAY) from 1 till 1.30 o'clock.

BELFAST ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements for next day's issue are received at our Branch Office, 58 Donegall street, up to 4.30 p.m.

Telephone: Belfast 21787.

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Telephone No. 76855

The Irish Times

TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1941.

Japan and Russia

The results of Mr. Matsuoka's visit to the "Axis" capitals remain unknown, but his brief halts at Moscow have been responsible already for a political "sensation." During the week-end a "pact of neutrality" was signed between Japan and the Soviet Union, whereby both parties "agree to maintain peaceful and friendly relations between them, and to respect each other's territorial integrity and inviolability." If any third Power declares war upon either party, the other will remain neutral. This agreement, whatever its precise meaning may be, is not entirely unexpected. For some time past the Japanese clearly have been trying to improve their relations with Russia, because the frontier clashes which were taking place with regularity until a year ago or thereabouts had been generally in favour of Russia, and Japan simply could not afford them. Russia has been one of her bugbears for well over a generation; every step that Japan has taken, against China or any other country, has been taken with a wary eye upon Uncle Ivan. Between the two races, moreover, there has been in recent years a specific bone of contention. When Japan grabbed Manchuria from the Chinese Republic and transformed it into a puppet State under her own tutelage, the Russians, to say the least of it, were displeased: the idea of a powerful Japanese colony on their own borders did not appeal to them. Ever since then they have been suspicious of Japanese designs on the adjacent Republic of Outer Mongolia, whose boundary with Manchukuo was delimited only last year, after months of fierce fighting. Under the new pact this Russian fear is set at rest. The Japanese promise to respect the independence of Outer Mongolia, while the Russians, in return, make a similar promise in respect of Manchukuo. If both Powers duly fulfil their bargain, both will be relieved of a source of constant alarm. It is not yet clear how the Chinese Nationalists will be affected. They profess the deepest dissatisfaction with the pact, on the very natural ground that the Russians tacitly admit Japan's sovereignty over Manchukuo—a claim which the Chinese themselves never have recognised—and they resent this apparent betrayal by a nation which they always have counted as the chief of their friends and allies. They do not know, moreover, how the pact will influence their future relations with the Soviet Union. Will the Russians continue to send them arms for use against the Japanese invader, or will the new condition of neutrality compel the Russians to stand entirely aloof from the war in China?

He who sups with the devil needs a long spoon: one never can be sure of Communist Russia, and it is by no means certain that this new friendship with the Japanese is more than skin-deep. Nevertheless, the world's opinion regards it as a further step in that re-orientation of Soviet policy which began with the Russo-German pact of September, 1939. Just as that earlier pact gave Germany a free hand—if only for the time being—in Europe, so its successor seems to give the Japanese a free hand in Eastern Asia and the Pacific. The "Axis" Powers have given it a hearty welcome, and, while no formal British comment has appeared, it is described by Mr. William Hughes, the Australian Minister for the Navy, as "designed to further Nazi plans and put a spoke in Britain's wheel." All appearances, indeed, suggest that the pact is an "Axis" answer to President Roosevelt's programme of aid for Britain. Hitherto Japan has had to face one active enemy, China, and three potential enemies, the British Empire, the United States and the Soviet Union. She now has dispensed with one of the last three: if she is induced to enter the war, she no longer need fear the Soviet Union, and may confine her attentions to Britain and the United States. Does the pact signalise early action by Japan? For months past she has been strengthening her position in the neighbourhood of South China and Malaya; she has gained useful bases in French Indo-China and Thailand, which will stand her in excellent stead if she decides to make a bid for Singapore. It is by no means certain that she can reduce any of the British bases on the Pacific coast—or even the Netherlands East Indies, which she is known to covet—in a quick campaign; but she can create enormous trouble both for Great Britain and America. The United States cannot dare to permit any disturbance of the balance of power in the Pacific: if the Japanese strike at Singapore, Hong Kong or the Netherlands East Indies, the United States must intervene, and has made the fact clear. America, however, does not yet possess a two-ocean fleet, and her armaments are not nearly up to the standard that she requires, in order to be certain of victory over so formidable a foe as the Japanese Navy; and all the odds are that trouble in the Pacific would compel her to reduce her cargoes of war material to Great Britain. That, of course, is precisely what the "Axis" Powers want. It remains to be seen what price they will offer Japan for help in a very dangerous venture.

Racing in Ireland

There has been no horse-racing in Ireland since March 22nd, when the Mullingar meeting was held. All the races which would normally have been held in April have been abandoned, except the Irish Lincolnshire meeting at the Curragh, which has been transferred to a new date in May, and the two-day meeting at racing headquarters in that month becomes a three-day meeting. A great deal of inconvenience and of loss has been caused by the cancellation of a considerable part of the year's racing programme, but the people principally affected—the owners, trainers and jockeys—have accepted their misfortune with an admirable forbearance. They very wisely took the view that the more drastic are the means adopted to prevent further outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease the greater was the likelihood that the pestilence would be conquered, and the sooner, therefore, that racing could be resumed. It is regrettable that the Government did not take a more serious view of the cattle disease in its earlier stages; for it is probable that the present epidemic would have disappeared many weeks ago if racing and coursing had been suspended as soon as the disease broke out. The Minister for Agriculture told the Dail that his veterinary advisers had stated that it would be just as reasonable to put a ban on people attending their places of worship as it would be to stop all sporting fixtures. His advisers may have been correct in their view, but the fact of the matter is that the disease spread to virtually every county in which big racing and coursing meetings took place, and it is not unfair to suggest that the country now is paying heavily for the delay in banning sport. Obviously, if the Minister's advisers were correct in their opinion six weeks ago, it still is unreasonable to prevent racing and coursing from being held. The horse and the dog are held in high esteem in this country. It is no exaggeration to say that, even among those who normally take no interest in racing, the weeks seem peculiarly blank when no meetings are taking place. This, indeed, has been a sorry April for people whose racing activities are but seasonal; for Fairyhouse and Punchestown were national occasions. It is natural that the Ministers of a country where the sports of racing and coursing are rated so highly should include a number with a high regard for those sports. It might have been better if their regard had been tempered with a sounder sense of what was wise and judicious when foot-and-mouth disease first appeared. Had that been so, it is possible that for the few hundreds of pounds sacrificed in the early weeks of the outbreak many thousands subsequently would have been saved, not only for the country, but also for the racing industry itself.

The Parish Pump

One of the most poignant remarks in Irish history was made by the late Arthur Griffith during the famous debates on the Anglo-Irish Treaty in Earlsfort terrace nearly twenty years ago. Even at that time he was a sick man; and, having striven for the cause which he had at heart, he cried out finally, almost in despair, "Is Ireland never to have a chance?" We are reminded of Griffith's bitter cry by the report of the Gaelic Athletic Association's Congress in the Dublin City Hall, which appeared in yesterday's newspapers. On the same day there was a report of Mr. de Valera's Easter broadcast, in which the Taoiseach warned the people of Eire that "every day while this war continues our dangers will increase." "Even to maintain our neutrality," said Mr. de Valera, "will mean for us much hardship and privation. Should we be called upon to defend it, it will mean suffering and death for many." These are grave words, which have not been chosen at random. This little land of ours is in dire peril; and it behoves every citizen with a sense of responsibility to realise the dangers that surround us. "As a State," said Mr. de Valera, "we have proclaimed our neutrality; and as a people we have made our will so manifest that no one could mistake it." Almost identical statements have been made by the political leaders of other small nations. We need not point the moral or adorn the tale. In these circumstances, we learn that the Very Reverend M. Hamilton, Administrator of Ennis, and Chairman of the Clare County Board of the Gaelic Athletic Association, addressed a letter to the Association's Congress declining to stand for the presidency, and regretting his inability to be present. Father Hamilton complained that the "fundamental policy" of the Association was being undermined "in a quarter from which the Gaels of Ireland are entitled to expect friendship rather than opposition." "I refer," wrote Father Hamilton, "to the introduction and toleration of foreign games among the members of the National Army." "At a time," he continued, "when the manpower of the nation is being rallied and disciplined to resist attack from any possible invader of our land, it is surely a travesty of national loyalty to allow foreign games to be played on the recreation grounds of our defence forces." It was an insult to the memory and sacrifice of Ireland's dearest martyr, continued the reverend gentleman, to read in the papers of the Rugby team of the Regiment of Pearse.

It is not easy to write with restraint on outbursts of this kind—especially at a time when the life of the Irish nation is in danger, and when it is the bounden duty of every Irishman, whether his name be Hamilton or Murphy, to do everything in his power to unite our people, and to mobilise them in the defence of our common country. We would prefer to ignore Father Hamilton's letter; but, in common fairness, there are certain things that must be said. We wonder what Patrick Pearse, who had an English father, would think of the intolerance that seeks to judge a man's patriotism by the games that he plays. Would he have condemned an Irish farm labourer because he played darts in the local public-house? Is our present Taoiseach to be outlawed because he played Rugby for Blackrock College; or is the Minister for Defence a traitor because he once forgot himself so much as to play Association Football? There is a more serious aspect of this matter. On Easter Sunday there was a parade of our defence forces in Dublin. Included among the magnificent specimens of Irish manhood who took part in that parade were many whose traditions and upbringing were far removed from the traditions and upbringing of the majority. Many of them are not ashamed of the fact that they have played, and will continue to play, "foreign" games. Many of them are proud to belong to the Regiment of Pearse, while they are not ashamed to be undergraduates of Dublin University. One of the greatest—and we hope, the most lasting—achievements of recent years in this country has been the way in which thousands of the so-called "minority" in Eire have rallied to the national call in their country's hour of danger. They make no virtue of their patriotism; they are Irishmen, and are ready to give their lives in their country's defence. They realise, however, what Father Hamilton and those who think with him, apparently, do not realise, that, if Ireland ever is to become a nation, if our country ever is to find its soul, there must be an end to intolerance and bigotry. For God's sake, let us get rid of the outlook of the parish pump.

MORE AMERICAN BASES

(FROM "THE TIMES")

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

The Times in a leading article to-day says:—By establishing air bases in Greenland the U.S. will extend the screen of outposts to which the bases recently leased from Great Britain make so important a contribution. Greenland has been brought by the agreement "within the system of hemispheric defence envisaged by the Act of Panama," and the U.S. will have rights there comparable to those granted by Great Britain in Newfoundland and in her West Indian possessions. It is understood that the facilities given will be open to all the American nations, including Canada. The geographical position of Greenland makes the exclusion of Nazi aggression by infiltration from that island a vital Canadian interest, and, as a matter of fact, Canada, through the Joint Defence Board representing both the Dominion and the Republic, is a participant in all measures taken for the defence of North America.

The island, of course, will remain Danish. Although the Danes occupy only a few scattered settlements along the coast the sovereignty of Denmark over the whole of Greenland was recognised by a judgment of the Permanent Court of International Justice at The Hague in 1933. It is not in dispute, though Nazi agents in Norway have sought to make mischief by holding out hopes that it might be transferred from Norway in Hitler's redistribution of the world under his "New Order."

It may well be that Greenland will not be the last extension of the zone of American defence. Ample warning has been given that the U.S., together with other American Republics, will not tolerate the transfer of authority in any territory in the western hemisphere held by non-American powers to others who might misuse it for their own purposes.

The recent Panama Conference provided for consultation between the 21 Republics whenever it seemed likely that such a transfer might be contemplated, and there have recently been signs that a similar concern is felt over the future of other places not strictly within the hemisphere, the possession or use of which by a potential enemy would be dangerous for the Americas. The immediate incentive to the Greenland agreement seems to have been the suspicion arising out of the flights over the island of German aeroplanes that the Germans contemplated establishing an air base on the southern extremity—which, apart from the potential threat to America, would have increased their power of attack upon Atlantic shipping. It is warmly approved by public opinion in the U.S., where it is regarded as forestalling an aggressive move which the Danish Government would have been powerless to resist.

THE GRAND HOTEL, GREYSTONES

The Grand Hotel, Greystones, was booked out for Easter, the guests coming from Dublin and many other parts of the country. Dances and a special programme of entertainments were organised by the management.

Among those staying in the hotel and present at the dances during the holidays were:—Mrs. Hofford, Miss Moore, Mr. W. F. Byrne, Miss Booth, Mr. and Mrs. M. Winston, Major O'Callaghan, Mr. Sibley, Mr. Fidler, Miss V. McDonald, Miss Rooney, Dr. and Mrs. Rowlette, Mr. J. O'Dowd, the Misses Brereton, Mr. M. McLoughlin, Mr. Mahony, Captain Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Purefoy, Mr. and Mrs. J. Barry-Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Smyllie, Dr. Augusta Young, Mr. and Mrs. F. Moore and family, Mr. and Mrs. D. Brown, Miss Draper, Miss Stritch, Miss Walmsley, Mr. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. T. Caffrey, Mr. Roper, Miss MacDonagh, Miss J. Quinlan, Mr. and Miss Donovan, Mr. and Mrs. Webster, Miss McCartan, Mr. and Mrs. P. Tighe, Mr. and Mrs. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Wales, Dr. J. Murtagh, Mr. and Mrs. Jones, Miss Fagan, Miss Ellis, Mr. J. H. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. Flowery and family; Mr., Mrs. and Miss Hughes; Mr., Mrs. and the Misses Steeles; Miss O'Shea, Mr. and Mrs. McKay, Captain Vivion de Valera, Lieutenant O'Callaghan, Lieutenant Crowe, Lieutenant Doyle, Mr. D. O'Sullivan, Dr. and Mrs Mitchell, Mrs. West and party, Mr. Stokes and party, Mr. and Mrs. Hickey and party.

GIFT FOOD PARCELS FOR BRITAIN

We are authoritatively informed that the recent Order made by the Government empowering the Minister for Finance to prohibit the export of goods to any particular country unless payment was made to a person in this country, has imposed no new restrictions on exports. Accordingly, the position in regard to the sending of goods, including gift parcels of foodstuffs to persons in Great Britain, is the same as it was before the Order was made.

It is understood that as the purpose of the new powers is to obtain foreign exchange it is unlikely that they will be exercised in regard to exports to Great Britain.

COURT AND PERSONAL

The Duchess of Kent last week inspected a collection of models that will be sent to the United States by the Export Group of the Federation of British Industries.

The Duke of Abercorn, attended by Commander Henderson, and accompanied by the Minister of Public Security, last week visited an area in Northern Ireland that had been subjected to air attack.

Queen Marie, mother of King Peter of Yugoslavia, broadcast to her people in the B.B.C. overseas service last week.

Lady Ankaret Jackson was godmother to the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Yule Elliott, whose christening took place last week at Crosthwaite Church, Keswick.

A Memorial Service for Sir Herbert Nigel Gresley was held last week at Chelsea Old Church. Among those present were Hon. Rupert Beckett and Sir Ralph Wedgewood.

Mr. Cedrick Cruess Callaghan has left Cloncarrig, Foxrock, for a short golf holiday at Killarney.

Mr. Cecil Murphy will leave shortly for India.

Lord and Lady Fermoy are now in England.

Dr. Ella Webb is leaving 39 St. Kevin's Park for England until May 2nd. Letters will not be forwarded.

Dr. F. S. Bourke has left 14 Fitzwilliam Square for one week.

Switzer Riding Outfits are tailored with the skill and precision that ensure maximum smartness and comfort in the saddle. Tweed Riding Coats, Jodhpurs and Breeches for both Adults and Juveniles; also all accessories—at moderate prices.

At Miss Doran's Salons, Dawson street—A further beautiful collection of Models has arrived. Tailored Suits, in all the new tweeds; two and three-piece Ensembles, with matching Millinery; Dinner and Afternoon Frocks, Fur Coats, Boleros, Sable Ties, etc., etc.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle Wear. Dixon and Hempenstall, Grafton street.

Glowing flame tones are the vogue for fashionable fingertips. You will find them in the new Peggy Sage polishes.

Sole agents for Cantilever Shoes—Stephens and Bourke, 26 Stephen's Green.

Sharpley's, Specialist, Baby Linen, Nursery, Accouchement Sets. Price List—2 Nassau St., Dublin

ON THE WIRELESS

IRISH PROGRAMME

6.30—Light Music. 6.40—Stock Exchange, Sports Results, Official Announcements. 6.45—News. 7.0—Sceal nua-cheaptha le Proinnsias O Conchubhair (Frank O'Connor) a leigheamh ag an ughdar—Uimhir 2. 7.20—A Tribute to Dr. Vincent O'Brien, by Dr. J. F. Larchet. 7.25—Celebrity Concert. 7.50—Ireland is Singing. 8.30—New Verse: A competition for original poetry, conducted by Austin Clarke. 9.0—Barrack Variety: Clar Gaedhealach o Cheann-Cheathru lady Cath Cois. 10.0—Gaedhilg. 10.10—English. 10.30—Tir na n-Og Trio.

B.B.C. PROGRAMME

7.0—Time, News. 7.15—Records. 7.30—Exercises, Records. 7.55—Lift Up Your Hearts. 8.0—Time, News. 8.15—Kitchen Front. 8.20—Records. 9.0—Theatre Organ. 9.30—Band. 10.0—Records. 10.15—Time, Daily Service. 10.30—Songs of the Sea. 10.45—The Kitchen. 11.0—Band. 11.30—Theatre Organ. 11.45—Orchestra. 12.30—Works Wonders (19). 1.0—Time, News. 1.15—"Barrel Organs" (Richard Pasquale). 1.35—Don Felipe and the Cuban Caballeros. 2.0—Piano Duets. 2.30—Puccini's "Tosca" (Selection). 3.0—Variety Orchestra. 3.30—Evensong. 4.0—"Wireless Pupets." 4.40—Soprano Songs. 5.0—News in Welsh. (Welsh Children's Hour). 5.30—Children's Hour. 6.0—Time, News. 6.30—News (Norwegian). 6.45—"Signpost." 6.55—Orchestra. 7.30—Scottish Half-Hour. 8.0—"Cutty Sark." 8.30—"Take Umbridge." 9.0—Time, News. 9.20—From the Front Bench. 9.35—London Piano Quartet. 10.15—Evening Prayers. 10.30—Military Band. 11.0—Billy Cotton and his Band. 12.0—Time, News.

FORCES PROGRAMME

6.30—Records. 7.0—Time, News. 7.15—Records. 8.0-8.15—Time, News. 10.15—A Welsh light programme. 10.30—Shep Fields and his Rippling Rhythm Orchestra. 11.0—Time, Anniversaries. 11.15—Hawaiian Guitar. 11.30—Billy Cotton and his Band. 12.15—Sea Songs. 12.30—B.B.C. 1.0—Time, News. 1.15—"Monday Night at Eight." 2.15—Theatre Organ. 2.30—B.B.C. 3.0—Billy Terrent and the Dance Orchestra. 3.30—Radio Reconnaissance. 4.0—B.B.C. 4.40—News from Home. 5.0—Time. Harry Roy and his Band. 5.45—John Hilton. 6.0—Time, News. 6.30—"Pipes and Drums." 6.50—Snooker simplified. 7.3—Australian News. 7.15—Records. 7.45—"Partnerships. 8.0—"The Quaintesques." 8.30—B.B.C. 9.0—Time, News. 9.20—Review of popular melodies. 10.15—Orchestra. 11.0—Close down.

"EASTER PARADE"

NOVEL DANCE FEATURE

More than 300 guests attended the "Easter Parade," held last night in the Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dublin, in aid of the Mount Street Club.

At midnight a novel feature was introduced in the form of a fashion parade, in which many well-known Dublin firms were represented. Mrs. Constance Carvill was commentator. Members of the Edwards-MacLiammoir Company also paraded in models designed by the Gate Theatre designer, Mr. Patrick Perrott. Roy Irving was the guest artist.

Raffles and novelty dances added to the success of the evening, and dancing continued until a late hour to the music of Cyril Gibson's band.

The patrons were the Countess of Fingall and Mr. W. E. Wylie, K.C. The following were the Committee—Mrs. David Gray, the Countess Taaffe, Mrs. Stamford Roche, Mrs. Roger Greene, Miss P. Walsh, Mrs. Diarmuid Coffey, Mr. Patrick Perrott, Miss K. Wallace, Miss M. Quinlan, Mrs. Constance Carvill.

Among those present were:—Mr. G. H. C. Crampton, Mr. F. P. Holtsbaum (Organising Secretary) and Mrs. Holtsbaum, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Maguire, Mr. and Mrs. Rex Mackey, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bermingham, Professor and Mrs. Maxwell Henry, M. Cauvet Duhamel, Mrs. McAlister, Miss Josephine Lentaigne, Miss Mary Aliaga Kelly, Mr. Charles Aliaga Kelly, Dr. and Mrs. Walsh, Mr. William Walsh, Miss Patricia Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Tate, Miss Eva Nutley, Miss Barbara Dempsey, Miss Yvonne Redmond, Miss Joan Fitzgerald, Mr. Tom Fitzgerald, Mr. Gerald Fitzgerald, Dr. Samuel Haughton, Miss Pamela Stapleton, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Maguire, Mr. Harold Jacobs, M. and Madame Jammet.

"WINTERSET"

The University College, Dublin, Dramatic Society are producing Maxwell Anderson's "Winterset"—a three-act play—on the 19th, 20th and 21st April, in the College's new buildings, 86 St. Stephen's Green, where an excellent theatre has been constructed.

Incidental music for "Winterset" has been composed and arranged by Fred May, who will conduct the U.C.D. Musical Society's orchestra of twelve.

In the cast are Joan Gorman, Jack and Denis Hoey, Liam O Laoghaire, Aodhan O'Brien Moran, Oliver Murray, Alec Hinkson and Chris Bruton.

LONDON LETTER

THE BUDGET

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
MONDAY NIGHT.

WHEN the House of Commons reassembles it will take the Report stage of the Budget, and all the indications are that there will be very little criticism. Some members are still anxious as to the possibility of inflation, but generally they do not question the confidence of Sir Kingsley Wood that he will be able to get the required increase in private savings, as well as being able to raise another £250,000,000 from income tax. Nothing has yet been decided as to the introduction of the Finance Bill, when there will be a series of discussions on points raised by the Budget.

One Week at Home

There is a good deal of discussion among civil servants regarding the decision of the Government limiting their holiday this year to one week, and, while some are in favour of a longer period being granted, others, realising the difficulties of the situation, are content to accept the break of a week.

Those in the latter group intend to spend the vacation by resting at home, since the normal holiday centres are closed, those on the coast being mainly in prohibited areas, while those inland are so crowded that there is no accommodation available for holiday-making purposes. Motoring is out of the question owing to lack of petrol, while travelling by other means would be against the desire of the Government that there should be no unnecessary strain upon the rail and road transport services.

Century of Chemists

One of the best known societies in Britain—the Pharmaceutical Society—will keep its hundredth birthday to-morrow, and what this society has been able to achieve during a century of progress can only be appreciated by close study. A hundred years ago there were no restrictions on the sale of poisons, and no means by which the public could distinguish a trained druggist from a shopkeeper who was quite ignorant of the qualities of the medicines he sold, and who was not prevented from dispensing prescriptions. At first voluntary, membership of the society was made compulsory in quite recent years, and to-day there are nearly 25,000 qualified chemists.

The society has carefully respected the traditions of its founders by encouraging education and research, upon which it is expending £30,000 annually. The first president, William Allen, was a Fellow of the Royal Society, and a man of high scientific attainments.

Pig-keeping Clubs

Despite the shortage of feeding-stuffs, the pig-keeping clubs in Britain continue to increase, and those in London and other urban areas are being greatly assisted by co-operative schemes for the collection of food from households, which supplies a large part of the feeding-stuffs for the pigs. Clubs have been formed at many police stations, auxiliary fire stations and civil defence posts, one of the most successful being that operated by the staff of the police station in Hyde Park. The club sold fourteen pigs six months ago, and now has another fourteen, which are to be sent to market to-morrow, and when they have gone a similar number of smaller pigs will be taken over to undergo fattening for the market.

Statistics prepared by the Small Pig-Keepers' Council show that some eight hundred clubs have been formed during the past twelve months, and the output from the clubs is estimated at about thirty thousand a year.

Registration of Women

The registration of the men aged thirty-seven for military service or for civil defence, which took place on Saturday, and the registration of men of the age of forty, forty-one and forty-two for work in war factories on the previous Saturday will be followed at the end of the week by the registration of women aged twenty. These events are likely to play an important part in the development of the British war effort, inasmuch as this is the first occasion upon which registration has been compulsory for men of forty and over for war work, and for women of any age.

Quite a number of the men will be found suitable for transfer to employment for which their previous experience will be of value, while many of the girls now employed in trades not directly connected with war production will be interviewed and encouraged to enter the women's branches of the fighting services or to take up work of urgent national importance. Many of the girls are not waiting to be transferred, but are voluntarily taking up war work, and the movement in this direction is expected to make further progress before next Saturday.

IRISHMAN'S DIARY

Dublin's Only Yugoslav

Mr. Alfonso Palcic, Dublin's only Yugoslav native, has twelve good reasons for making Ireland his very own. The names and ages of the dozen are: Ena, 5; Zita, 6; Zora, 7; Milan, 11; Rita, 13; Oscar, 15; Olga, 18; Victor, 19; Otto, 21; Marie, 23; George, 26, and Alfonso, 27. They were all born in Dublin. So was Mrs. Palcic, *née* Miss Emma Byers.

These young Irish-Yugoslavs have ne'er a word of Slav, but they all have the Gaelic, from five-year-old Ena right up the scale to Alfonso, now 27.

A Serbo-Croatian from Sicak (population 6,000), near Zagreb, Mr. Palcic, now a prosperous Dublin business man, came to Dublin, after chequered wanderings all over the European continent, in 1910. In 1912 he married here, and, with the exception of some time out to attend the World War in France with the British Army, he has continued to live here.

When much younger he had been in the Serbian Army, following the military tradition of all Serbs. His brother, Dusan, now 60, is a retired Major of the

Yugoslav Army, who fought in the Balkan and other wars; another brother, Miroslav, was also a soldier there. His soldier-grandfather was at the siege of Paris in 1870.

The Slav military inheritance is still going strong in the Irish Yugoslavians; for Victor, a Newbridge College graduate, has already been in the Seventh Battalion of the Irish Army, while his brother, Alfonso, a Blackrock man, by the way, is quartermaster in the Donnybrook L.S.F.

But he seems to have put all his background away from him. Ireland is his home, and he takes to it as naturally as if he were born here.

Eighteen years ago he visited Yugoslavia, bringing his Irish wife. Since his mother died about five years ago he has lost all desire to visit his homeland again, though he has six sisters there now, mostly living near Zagreb, and "a couple of hundred of relatives" living all over the place.

He speaks Russian, Italian, German, and the usual multiplicity of dialects the Slavs naturally speak. With the late Prof. O'Beirne, of Dublin, he once helped to compile a grammar in English of the Serbo-Croat language.

*The Punter's Rev

BRITISH WITHDRAW IN GREECE

GERMANS KEEP UP PRESSURE

Break Through Effort Foiled

YUGOSLAV ARMY IN THE MOUNTAINS

THE British War Office published this communiqué last night:—"Greece—During the night of April 12-13 our forces withdrew to new positions. Our covering troops inflicted severe casualties on the enemy, who maintained continuous pressure on our eastern sector during this withdrawal. Marked activity on the right of our lines, but no serious clashes. In the centre of our sector persistent German attacks failed largely owing to our vigorous artillery fire. Weather extremely cold, with snow."

The German communiqué yesterday said that in Yugoslavia the bulk of the forces encountered by German troops had been annihilated. Remnants of the Serbian Army, it said, were withdrawing into the mountains along the Adriatic coast. The Germans had crossed the River Save. In Northern Greece operations were developing according to plan.

Italian despatches yesterday reported strong mass attacks by the Yugoslavs at Scutari, the Northern Albanian town, and it was said that the Italians had checked the assaults.

The Yugoslavs claimed the capture of Durazzo, the Albanian port, but this was denied from Rome. The Italians next claimed to have occupied Koritza, on the Northern Albanian front. Earlier Ankara wireless reported that the Greeks had evacuated Koritza in order to straighten their line.

A Vichy telegram reported that the Hungarians had taken the whole of the territory between the Danube and the Tisza after the march on Yugoslavia.

The German Official News Agency yesterday said that British transports, totalling 30,000 tons, had been sunk at Piraeus, the port of Athens, and that 80,000 tons of troopships and supply ships had been damaged.

In the Monastir area of Southern Yugoslavia R.A.F. and Greek warplanes maintained their attacks on German troop and supply concentrations.

CONFIDENCE IN ATHENS

A Rome message, quoted by the Associated Press, said that the Italians said they had spread further southward in their occupation of Yugoslav territory east of Lake Ochrida.

The newspaper, *Lavoro Fascista*, reported that Yugoslav plans call for three columns to converge on Scutari, with a fourth column operating against Precali, their task being to force a passage over the River Drin and to threaten Scutari from the rear. Yugoslav attempts to land troops from boats on the eastern shore of Lake Scutari were said to have been frustrated.

The Associated Press from Athens reported that German mechanised columns hampered by mud and snow in Macedonia yesterday, failed to push forward against the strengthening British-Greek front, extending from the Albanian passes to the Gulf of Salonika.

Fresh troops, including additional Greek reservists, sped to their positions, while Allied patrols clashed at several points with German armoured scouts. Frontier reports indicated that the Germans were still fighting the Yugoslavs over a wide area in the rear, while bringing up reinforcements for the offensive against Greece.

"AT GREATEST PRICE"

Allied warplanes continuously harassed German communications with Bulgaria, while infantry protected the mountainous defiles with artillery and smaller weapons. The highest Allied commanders were reported to be optimistic that the German attempt to break through the Greek defence zone must pay the greatest price of any *Blitzkrieg* so far.

Following minor German attacks in the Florina Valley German motorised equipment, massed in the Monastir district, was subjected to bombing.

The Greek Ministry of War bulletin, quoted by Athens Radio last night, said that "the failure of the Germans to effect a break-through during the first days, together with the continuous and effective reinforcement of the Allied lines of resistance, has confirmed the general conviction that a very strong front has been established, stretching from the Adriatic Sea to the Aegean. The positions occupied by the Allied forces are natural strongholds, which do not at all lend themselves to the tactics of mechanised blitz warfare."

"All reports concur that the situation may be considered as highly satisfactory," added the announcer, who went on: "The morale of the Army is even better than at the time of the Italian aggression. British and Greek soldiers are impatiently awaiting the first opportunity of getting at the Germans."

YUGOSLAVS IN THE MOUNTAINS

STRONG DEFENCE POSSIBLE

Yesterday's Greek War Ministry bulletin said that there was "no major activity to report."

In Yugoslavia, said the radio announcer, quoting a Press Ministry statement, it would appear that the great bulk of the Yugoslav Army remains intact and has retired to the mountainous areas, where it is easy to maintain the defensive, and whence it could constitute a permanent threat to the flanks of the invaders.

The situation in Northern Yugoslavia is obscure, he continued, but it seems probable that the Yugoslav forces have retired from the wide plains of Croatia, Slovenia and the Banat, and are now moving southward to the highland regions of Bosnia, Herzegovina and approaching Serbia, where a strong defence can readily be maintained.

The situation in Southern Yugoslavia he said, has materially improved during the last 48 hours. It is confirmed that Yugoslav forces have attacked and dislocated German communications and have inflicted many casualties on the Germans, who are unable to use their mechanised and armoured units in this highland region, where the Serbian infantry are definitely superior to the Germans.

REPORTED RETREAT

Yugoslav troops have assumed the counter-offensive at one point with great spirit on either bank of the River Morava and forced the Germans to retreat, says the Press Association. South of Nish the Yugoslav authorities have retaken the town of Prokuplje. It is believed that the main force of the Yugoslavs are concentrated on effecting a push towards the south, with the main object of joining forces with the British and Greek armies.

German mechanised divisions showed some activity without great importance on the Macedonian front yesterday, said the Greek Press Ministry spokesman last night. Greek units continue to hold that part of the front allotted to them. The German Air force has continued its daily bombing of non-military objectives, he said. On the Albanian front Italian reconnaissance patrols have been repulsed and losses inflicted in the northern sector and in the central sector north of the River Aoos.

Early yesterday it was reported in London says the Press Association, that one of the German crack divisions, consisting of specially selected troops, who played an important part in the operations in Holland, was repulsed with heavy losses by Imperial forces in Northern Greece on Good Friday.

This early report also said that if the Yugoslavs had captured Durazzo, the Albanian port, and main centre for the landing of Italian troops and supplies, the Italians would have to rely almost solely upon Valona, which has been shelled by the Fleet and repeatedly bombed by the R.A.F., for supplying equipment and reinforcements. The same report said it was understood that the Germans had retaken Kragujevac.

HUNGARY TO THE SOVIET

EXPLANATION OF ACTION

An official Hungarian reply was broadcast from Budapest last night to the Soviet criticism of Hungary's betrayal of her pact of eternal friendship with Yugoslavia, made by M. Vishinsky, Assistant Commissar of Foreign Affairs, on Saturday.

"The contents of the Moscow statement show that the facts have been misunderstood in Moscow," stated the reply. "It was the Putschist Government of Belgrade which overthrew the pact based on collaboration with Germany and Italy. It was within the orbit of this collaboration that the Hungaro-Yugoslav pact had its being. The Belgrade Government, which came to power by a *coup d'etat*, committed assaults on Hungarian territory, and Hungarian citizens were killed and wounded in air raids carried out by Yugoslav aeroplanes. Thus it was Simovitch himself who cancelled the pact of friendship with Hungary.

"After an independent Croatia had been created the Yugoslav State ceased to exist, and it was only natural that the Hungarian Government should take upon itself the protection of Hungarians in the former Yugoslav territory," says the Hungarian reply. "At the same time, however, the Hungarian Government declared that Hungary had no quarrels with the Serbs. Hungary would have denied her honour and her historic mission if she had not hastened

to fulfil her obligations towards Hungarian territory and Hungarian nationals after the Yugoslav States had disintegrated."

SOFIA RAIDED

An official communiqué in Sofia yesterday stated:—"British and Serb 'planes last night carried out another attack on non-military objectives in Sofia. There were few casualties. Measures have been taken to repair the damage."

King Boris, it is stated, visited the bombed areas after the raid.

TURKEY AND SOVIET

Turkey and Russia will sooner or later become involved in the war, writes the Greek newspaper *Kathemerini*, "whether they wish to or not."

The only difference will be that "if they enter now they will fight as they want, whereas if they enter later they will have to fight as Germany wants. Why, then, should they wait? The common enemy is already within our gates. We are waiting for Turkey and Russia. They must know that we are holding firm."

A Royal Air Force Middle East *communiqué* last night says:—Balkans—A large number of sorties was made by our bomber aircraft yesterday against enemy columns moving on roads in the theatres of operations in Greece. Direct hits were obtained on these columns by most of our aircraft. A number of enemy bombers, escorted by fighters, were intercepted by our fighters in the Koritza area. One G 50 was destroyed and a number of others damaged. An ME 110 was shot down west of Mount Olympus by one of our fighters.

RED FLAGS

MORE CASES OF CATTLE DISEASE

Red flags are now being used to indicate farms where cases of foot-and-mouth disease have been confirmed; these flags, and warning notices, are being placed in prominent positions on parts of infected farms which border public roads.

Four fresh outbreaks of the disease were confirmed yesterday. One at Digby Bridge, Naas, Co. Kildare, and one each at Drumcondra and Crumlin, in the Dublin County Borough area, and another at Clondalkin, Co. Dublin.

Commenting on these outbreaks, a Department of Agriculture statement issued last night says that the fact that cases are still occurring shows that the position continues to be serious. The recurrence of cases of the disease in districts already infected indicated that sufficient care was not being exercised in preventing and avoiding contact with infected premises.

The position still calls for the utmost vigilance on the part of all concerned, and the Minister for Agriculture has again appealed for the fullest co-operation of the general public in obeying his requests to avoid entering on lands or premises in danger zones.

AUSTRALIA IS DISAPPOINTED

"DANGEROUS TIMES AHEAD"

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

SYDNEY, Monday.

The British Empire is about to pass through its greatest test since the collapse of France, said Mr. P. C. Spender, Australian Army Minister, appealing for recruits here to-day. "Hitler is staking all on the six months ahead," he added. "When we have ridden the storm he will be doomed. The swift ebb and flow of battle will make great demands on our morale. We will ultimately win through, but victory will only be achieved after we have trodden the long path of blood and suffering."

All Australian leaders are emphasing that "dangerous times" are ahead.

"The dramatic reversal in Cyrenaica is a sore disappointment and a breath-taking surprise," comments the *Sydney Morning Herald*. "There can be no regrets about the decision to aid Greece; but Egypt is vital. The arrival of the enemy at its frontier is a portent we dare not disregard."

FRANCE'S HUGE EXPENDITURE

RESULT OF GERMAN OCCUPATION

"TIMES" TELEGRAM.

FRENCH FRONTIER, Monday.

From the mass of figures constituting the French Government's quarterly budget statement beginning on April 1, published in the *Journal Officiel*, a definite idea can be obtained of the devastating consequences of the German occupation charges of 400,000,000 francs daily. For the second quarter of 1941 the ordinary expenditure is estimated at 22,700,000,000 francs, against 24,400,000,000 francs in the first quarter. The extraordinary budget for the second quarter of the year aggregates 10,000,000,000 francs, against 15,300,000,000 francs in the first quarter. If the outlay for the whole year, both ordinary and extraordinary, continued at the rate envisaged for the second quarter, the total State expenditure for 1941 would aggregate 145,000,000,000 francs. The occupation charges would aggregate 144,000,000,000 francs, which would exactly equal the total normal and abnormal budget expenditure together. The Banque de France statements show that only about half the occupation charges are actually spent on the purposes for which they are levied—(Copyright, per Press Association.)

GREENLAND BASES

DANISH MINISTER IGNORES RECALL

U.S. SUPPORTS HIS ATTITUDE

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

WASHINGTON, Monday.

MR. Henrik de Kauffman, the Danish Minister in Washington, has formally advised Mr. Cordell Hull, U.S. Secretary of State, of his refusal to recognise his recall by the Copenhagen Government.

Mr. de Kauffman last week signed an agreement in Washington placing Greenland under the protection of the U.S. Government, and giving America the right to establish air bases there.

The Danish Foreign Office in German-occupied Copenhagen ordered him to return.

Mr. de Kauffman had earlier acquiesced in President Roosevelt's plan to purchase Danish ships held in United States ports.

Mr. de Kauffman declared that he had not notified the Danish Government in advance of his intention to sign the Greenland agreement. He added that he had ignored orders from Copenhagen to lodge a protest with the U.S. Government against the seizure of Danish ships.—(P.A.)

AMERICAN ATTITUDE

The United States has refused to recognise the Danish Government's action in recalling Mr. de Kauffman and has notified the latter that he will continue to be considered as the duly authorised Danish Minister in Washington.

In the Notes exchanged, as published by the State Department, the U.S. Government agreed with Mr. de Kauffman that his Government in Copenhagen had acted under German duress in recalling him.

The U.S. Note added: "The U.S. Government renews its hope for a speedy liberation of Denmark."

Mr. de Kauffman told a Press conference that he had received no formal letter from the King of Denmark, whom he represents, ordering his recall (says the Associated Press). He confirmed that the recall order was signed merely "Foreign Office."

No doubt is felt here that the American Government will support Mr. de Kauffman and continue to recognise him as Danish Minister.

"FLYING FORTRESSES" REACH BRITAIN

RECORD FLIGHT ACROSS THE ATLANTIC

A number of the very latest type of four-engined "Flying Fortress" bombers have just reached Britain from the United States. They are known officially as the Boeing B 17 C, and are the first deliveries of this advanced type to be received by the Ministry of Aircraft Production.

Despite their vast size, the "Flying Fortresses" have beaten all records in their flight across the Atlantic.

These machines will shortly be flying alongside British and other types of United States four-engined bombers in service with the R.A.F. The Boeing B 17 C, which is a development of the B 17 B, is a mid-wing monoplane, and has a speed of 300 m.p.h. at 25,000 feet. At a speed of 220 m.p.h. it has a range of 2,450 miles. It has four Wright Cyclone R 1820 engines, each of 1,200 h.p., and carries a very heavy bomb load.

The wing span is 103 feet 9 inches, length 68 feet, and height 15½ feet. Each machine carries a crew of seven to nine.

EGG-ROLLING

BRITISH CHILDREN AT WHITE HOUSE

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Monday.

At the special invitation of Mrs. Roosevelt, 150 British children living in Washington and the vicinity attended the annual Easter egg-rolling contest on the lawn of the White House to-day.

In a temperature of 80 degrees and amid a wealth of spring flowers the British and American children romped happily together. All were provided with baskets of coloured eggs, which for years American children have been accustomed to roll down the sloping lawns on Easter Monday.

A number of British and American mothers accompanied the children.

RAIDERS OVER THE NORTH

THE following joint communiqué was issued by the Northern Ireland Ministry of Public Security and Northern Ireland Headquarters, R.A.F., yesterday afternoon:—

"Enemy aircraft were over Northern Ireland this afternoon. No damage or casualties have so far been reported."

Guns opened fire, and at one place enemy aircraft were seen flying at a great height.

AIR RAIDS ON MALTA

NINE "ALERTS" IN TWO DAYS

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

MALTA, Monday.

Malta had seven air raid "alerts" yesterday and two to-day. "A large number of enemy aircraft, mostly Junkers 87 and 88, came over Malta in waves during the night, and many bombs were dropped in different localities," says an official statement. "Searchlights were active, and the anti-aircraft defences engaged the raiders on several occasions. The results are unknown. In one area a few civilian houses were demolished, but there were no casualties. In other areas there was slight damage. One person was seriously injured and a few slightly injured.

"On Monday morning an offensive reconnaissance was made by fighter escorting 'planes, which flew over Malta at a great height. They were engaged by the anti-aircraft defences. No bombs were dropped. Two civilians were injured."

"NO BINDING FORCE"

CHINESE VIEW OF SOVIET-JAPANESE PACT

WELCOMED BY AXIS

THE Russo-Japanese agreement is welcomed by Germany and Italy; China has denounced it, and the United States has made no official pronouncement, but Press messages suggest that it may result in delaying the sending of ships to the Red Sea or may lead to arming of American merchantmen.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

CHUNGKING, Monday.

The question uppermost in all minds here is—"Will the Russo-Japanese Neutrality Pact affect Soviet assistance to China?" Any change in Soviet policy towards China is generally considered unlikely. The influential Chinese daily paper, *Ta Kung Pao*, predicts an early renewal of tension in the Pacific, as a result of the pact.

"HAS NO FORCE"

A statement issued by Dr. Wang Chung-hui, the Chinese Foreign Minister, declares: "It is an indisputable fact that the four North-Eastern provinces of Outer Mongolia are integral parts of the Republic of China, and always will remain Chinese territory. The Chinese Government and people cannot recognise any engagements entered into between third Powers, which are derogatory to China's territorial or administrative integrity. The Chinese Government wishes to state that the Soviet-Japanese declaration just announced has no binding force whatsoever on China."

U.S. INDIFFERENT

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Monday.

The policy of the United States Government remains unchanged, said Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, discussing the treaty to-day. Its significance "could be over-estimated," he said, and added:—"The agreement would seem to be descriptive of the situation which has, in effect, existed between the two countries for some time past. It, therefore, comes as no surprise, although there has existed a doubt whether the two Governments would, or would not, agree to say it in writing."

WELCOMED

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

HSINKING (MANCHUKUO), Monday.

Official circles of the Japanese-sponsored Government of Manchukuo welcome the pact, and anticipate an improvement of the situation on the Soviet-Manchukuo border.

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

BERLIN, Monday.

The pact is hailed by the newspaper, *Montag*, as a new instrument "for peace and the new world order."

U.S. TO ARM SHIPS?

WASHINGTON, Monday.

It is understood to-day that the United States Navy is preparing for the swift arming, if necessary, of hundreds of Government and privately-owned merchant vessels.

President Roosevelt's opening of the Red Sea for United States shipping has stirred conjecture whether American vessels carrying supplies to Africa would be armed, in view of the German threat to torpedo all ships carrying supplies for Britain.—Associated Press.

U.S. AND AXIS

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

WASHINGTON, Monday.

The Russo-Japanese pact, according to well-informed circles here, will probably result in some re-examination of the U.S. policy towards both countries. The administration, these circles say, did not expect Mr. Matsuoka to get more than some kind of commercial pact from Moscow, and it seems probable that the State Department may reconsider its policy concerning shipments of U.S. goods to Russian Siberia. Further economic steps aimed at Japan may also be taken, if only to show Tokyo that the U.S. policy in the Pacific remains unchanged.

Meanwhile, it is feared that the pact will strengthen the hands of a number of high U.S. naval officials, who declare that the Pacific situation prevents them from agreeing to the release of any more warships for Britain. The pact produced varying reactions here to-day. The most extreme view is that the Soviet has agreed to hold Japan's coat while she fights the United States. On the other hand, many think that the pact is a piece of "face-saving" for both countries, and that each will continue to remain actively watching the other where their Far Eastern frontiers adjoin.

"MADE IN GERMANY"

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

SYDNEY, Monday.

Mr. William Hughes, the Australian Attorney-General, and Minister for the Navy, said to-day that the Japan-Soviet Pact had been inspired by, if not made in, Germany, and that it was designed to further Nazi plans, and put a spoke in Britain's wheel. Mr. Hughes added:—"On the face of it, the pact gives Japan a clear run in the Pacific, so far as Russia is concerned, but there still remains the American Fleet. Pact or no pact, Tokyo is not likely to forget that."

INVITED TO TOKYO

LONDON, Monday.

The German radio to-night quoted a report from Moscow that Mr. Matsuoka when leaving the city had invited M. Molotoff, the Soviet Premier and Foreign Minister, to visit Japan as soon as possible.—(Associated Press.)

GERMAN CLAIMS

BRITISH SHIPS SUNK

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

BERLIN, Monday.

To-day's German High Command communiqué states:—

"In the waters around England the German Luftwaffe sank, out of an escorted convoy, in the St. George's Channel three ships, totalling 28,000 gross registered tons, and seriously damaged two other merchant vessels.

"Last night German fighter 'planes sank a merchantman of 5,000 tons and bombed harbour installations along the British south coast.

"A German submarine sank a British auxiliary cruiser of about 10,000 tons off Iceland."

GERMAN BOMBERS SHOT DOWN

ONE FALLS IN THE SEA, ANOTHER ON MOUNTAIN

THE German Air Force lost two bombers early yesterday in their attacks on Britain. One crashed on a mountain near Aber, Carnarvonshire, and the other was shot down by H.M. trawler Kingston Amber.

SURPRISE RAID

Of the crew of the raider which crashed in North Wales one gave himself up after walking some miles to Aber, another was found dead, two were badly injured, and the fifth was slightly hurt.

The Admiralty announce that in shooting down a Heinkel 111 no damage or casualties were sustained by the Kingston Amber, which is commanded by Skipper J. Flett, R.N.R.

Holiday-makers scattered for shelter when a big German bomber swooped to make a surprise raid on the outskirts of a north-west town. A small number of bombs were dropped, but the damage was not severe. An eye-witness said: "The 'plane came down almost to the level of the rooftops before dropping its bombs, which were apparently not of a heavy calibre. People in the streets could see the bombs as they left the machine."

Anti-aircraft guns roared into action, and it is believed that the raider was hit.

OTHER BOMBINGS

One person was killed and a village post office damaged when bombs fell in Eastern England. Bombs were also reported from two areas in East Anglia, the south coast and the south-west, but there were no casualties nor damage in any of these places.

An Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security *communiqué* issued yesterday morning stated that on Sunday night enemy activity over Britain was again slight, but small numbers of bombs were dropped at one or two coastal points. These were generally ineffective, but in one town in the north-west of England some damage was done and some persons were killed. This raid was carried out by a single bomber. A church, an hotel, commercial premises and houses in a working-class area were hit.

GERMAN SHIPPING ATTACKED

SUPPLY SHIP HIT TWICE

Merignac Aerodrome, near Bordeaux, from which long-range German bombers raid Britain's ocean convoys, was again attacked by the R.A.F. on Sunday night—the third raid in four days. During the day enemy ships were bombed.

The Air Ministry yesterday announced: "On Sunday aircraft of the Bomber Command attacked enemy shipping off the Dutch and German coasts. A supply ship of about 1,500 tons was hit by two bombs, and the decks were machine-gunned. The funnel was seen to fall, and when last observed the ship was well down by the stern.

"A naval patrol vessel and a supply ship of about 2,000 tons were also attacked with bombs and machine gunfire.

"From these operations one of our aircraft is missing.

"On Sunday night aircraft of the same command continued their attack on Merignac Aerodrome, near Bordeaux. Buildings were hit and hangars were seen to be burning.

"The docks at Bordeaux were also attacked. None of our aircraft is missing from these night operations."

GERMAN REPORT

BERLIN, Monday.

To-day's German communiqué states: "Two of our patrol boats shot down two out of six attacking British 'planes along the coast of the North Sea and seriously damaged a further British 'plane. German fighter 'planes shot down four balloons near Dover."

ITALIAN 'PLANE DOWN

THREE OF THE CREW DEAD

The shooting down into the sea, off Alexandria, of a large three-engined Italian reconnaissance 'plane was described by two Hurricane pilots in a British Air Ministry News Service despatch last night.

"One pilot said:—'I chased it until the pilot of the other Hurricane, which was in front of me, opened fire. His fire inflicted damage. As he broke away I closed in and opened fire. The oil tanks and engines of the Italian were shot up; for oil sprayed out over my windscreen, making it extremely difficult to see. Pieces of the undercarriage fell from the enemy aircraft. Losing height, his engines suddenly failed. He made a good landing in the sea.

"'I returned as soon as possible and gave the location. A flying boat went out and found the crew. Two were taken to hospital and the three others were dead.'"

CLAIM BY SUBMARINE CHASER

The De Gaulle Naval Headquarters announced last night:—

"During the morning of April 12 submarine chaser No. 41, belonging to our naval forces, was attacked by an enemy 'plane whilst on patrol duty at sea.

"Our chaser immediately fired with all its weapons, and our gunners saw that the enemy, a Junkers 88, was hit. It was confirmed a little later that the 'plane nose-dived into the sea.

"Our chaser sustained no casualties or damage."

MORE DAYLIGHT ACTIVITY

A British Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security *communiqué* last night stated:—

"There has been rather more daylight activity over this country to-day than of late. Enemy aircraft, flying singly, have dropped bombs at several widely-separated places in various parts of the country.

"Casualties were very few, and though damage was done at some points, it was nowhere very great. Machine-gun attacks were also made at some points, but they were entirely ineffective."

JAPANESE SEIZE AMERICAN OIL

SHANGHAI, Monday.

The American Consul-General here is expected to lodge with the Japanese Consular officials a protest against the confiscation by the Japanese Navy of more than a million dollars worth of kerosene, which belonged to the Texas Oil Company and was on board a British-chartered steamer held by the Japanese and recently released.—(Reuter.)

German Thrust at Tobruk

Repulsed with Heavy Loss: British Say

Berlin Claims Fall of Sollum

THE British forces holding Tobruk claim to have repulsed a heavy German tank and infantry attack.

The Germans crossed the outer defences in twenty tanks at one point, but British tanks counter-attacked and inflicted heavy losses on the Germans, and hurled them back.

In announcing this last night, a British War Office communiqué stated: "The situation has been completely restored."

The communiqué also claimed that considerable casualties had been inflicted by the British in the vicinity of Sollum, and that in Abyssinia many prisoners were being brought in, including a Divisional Commander and a Brigade Commander.

The German High Command claimed yesterday that they had captured Fort Capuzzo and Sollum.

General Wavell had an interview with the Egyptian Premier in Cairo yesterday, and later a secret session of the Egyptian Chamber of Deputies was held.

Gateway of Egypt

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CAIRO, Monday.

Fighting is continuing between British and German mechanised forces in the areas of the Libyan port of Tobruk and the Egyptian border town of Sollum, it is learned here to-day. The latest reports from Libya indicate that there is no great change in the situation, but that the tempo of the operations appears to be slowing down.

"Interest in the Libyan situation overshadows in importance the action of our forces in Greece, where we have made a withdrawal in one section for important tatical reasons," writes the Press Association Military Correspondent.

"The situation is fluid. The fiercest fighting of the war is likely in the gateway to Egypt. Because of the speed of the new type of war, a difficult situation for our forces can often be converted with rapidity to one fraught with the greatest dangers for the enemy."

GENERAL WAVELL SEES PREMIER

EGYPTIAN CHAMBER'S SECRET SESSION

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CAIRO, Monday.

General Sir Archibald Wavell called on the Egyptian Premier, Hussen Sirry Pasha, to-day. The Egyptian Minister for Defence was present at the interview, which was followed by a full Cabinet meeting.

The question of Egypt's attitude in face of the events on the Western frontier may be raised in Parliament.

The Egyptian Chamber of Deputies held a secret session in the evening at the request of the Premier, who said that he wished to make a statement on the present situation. Earlier the Premier had conferred with the heads of the chief political parties.

The agenda of the meeting included a question to the Premier asking what steps the Egyptian Government proposed to take in view of the presence of hostile forces on the Egyptian borders.

GERMANS CLAIM SOLLUM TAKEN

The German High Command communiqué yesterday stated:—

"In North Africa in further advances we took, after fighting, Fort Capuzzo and Sollum, which is in Egyptian territory."

BRITISH VIEW OF SITUATION

The theatre of war in Northern Africa has moved back to the Libyan-Egyptian frontier, following the occupation of Bardia by an enemy mechanised column, but there is a steady flow of British reinforcements, and the situation from this point of view is described as considerably better than it was a week ago.

Mobile operations in the desert have carried the Germans far along a thin line of communications, and it was stated in Cairo on Sunday night that although the German descent on Bardia has "by-passed" Tobruk, British forces in the Tobruk area are not surrounded or isolated.

Contact across the desert by mechanised column is said to be possible from Tobruk, where the presence of a strong British force is regarded as a dangerous threat to German communications. German supply problems are mounting with the extension of the area of operations from their main base, and although they are believed to be receiving petrol by air, it is in only relatively small quantities, and, in addition, the speed of the advance is considered likely to mean considerable wear and tear for their vehicles.

GERMAN AGENCY STATEMENT

"BRITISH TRYING TO ESCAPE"

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BERLIN, Monday.

The official German News Agency reported to-day that British armoured forces in Africa had made a desperate effort to escape by land from "the harbour city of Cyrenaica." The Germans said they had destroyed eight of fourteen armoured cars which tried to get through the German lines.

The official German News Agency also said that Tobruk was besieged from the land, while the British forces were trying to escape by sea as Stukas dive-bombed the transports.

MIDDLE-EAST REVIEW

R.A.F. COMMUNIQUE

The Royal Air Force Middle-East *communiqué* issued last night stated:

Cyrenaica.—In Cyrenaica yesterday both bomber and fighter aircraft of the Royal Air Force were employed in dispersing enemy concentrations in various areas. Successful bomb and machine-gun attacks were made on enemy motor transport convoys on the roads between Msus and Sollum.

East Africa.—South African aircraft carried out another successful raid on the aerodrome at Kombolcha (Abyssinia). Two enemy bombers were burnt out and several other fighter and bomber aircraft damaged in the attack, which also caused several explosions.

Malta.—During the night of April 12-13 enemy fighters and bombers flew over the island of Malta. A number of bombs were dropped without causing serious damage. One ME 109 was shot down by one of our fighters, which was itself subsequently shot down, but the pilot is safe.

Tripoli.—Royal Air Force bombers attacked the harbour at Tripoli during last night. Bombs straddled the Custom House, power station and shipping, and one large vessel was seen to be burning fiercely. From all these operations seven of our aircraft are missing, but the pilots of two are safe.

TOWARDS GONDAR AND DESSIE

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CAIRO, Monday.

The British forces progressed further down the main roads towards Dessie and Gondar to-day, reports from the front said. Odd parties of prisoners were being rounded-up at various points in Abyssinia. Most of the prisoners appeared glad to be in British hands, as this afforded them protection from the Abyssinians.

GENERAL SANTINI GIVES UP

ANOTHER SURRENDER IN ABYSSINIA

"TIMES" TELEGRAM.

ADDIS ABABA, Monday.

General Santini, one of the Italians' ablest and most elusive Divisional Commanders, whom we have been trying to corner since the battle of the Jelib River, was brought into Addis Ababa to-day, after surrendering to a small group of South African officers. General Santini, with Brigadier Ferrando Birigatti, three Colonels and 40 other officers, and 120 white troops and 160 Eritreans, the remnants of his whole force, surrendered because he was in desperate straits, without food or ammunition, and chilled by the bitter rains and cold of the Arussi mountains, and harassed by perpetual sniping from Abyssinian pursuers.

A native emerged from the bush on Good Friday and reported that he had seen a group of Italian officers at Arba, a railway station thirteen miles from the river, writes *The Times* correspondent. Two of our officers found the Italian colonel and four officers, and three non-commissioned officers, who said that General Santini, with his force, wished to surrender. A message was sent ordering General Santini to appear at Arba station at 10 a.m. the next day.

END OF THE TETHER

General Santini appeared punctually on Saturday with his force of, roughly, 320 weary and cold men, and 120 mules and ponies. General Santini was naturally depressed, and made no secret of the fact that his force had reached the end of its tether. After retreating across the Juba River, General Santini passed through Harar and decided to fall back by the precipitous mountain road towards Asba Littoria.

The infantry for several days pursued him and his force through the most spectacular mountain scenery, 9,000 feet high, and through the bitterly cold nights. Simultaneously a swift advance to Addis Ababa was being carried out by another column, composed first of Transvaal units, and later of King's African Rifles, along the road following the railway line from Diredawa to Addis Ababa.

HARASSED FOR MONTHS

This column outwitted and outmanœuvred General Santini by the speed with which it reached and crossed the Awash River, thus cutting off his line of escape to Addis Ababa and the hope of his joining up with the Duke of Aosta's main body of troops. General Santini, therefore, continued in the Arussi Mountains with the remnants of his force, which was known as a mountain division and largely officered by experienced Alpini officers.

Pressed for three months by South Africans, Nigerians and East Africans, General Santini has lately been hunted also by a force of 2,000 Abyssinians. Whenever he showed a light in camp at night bullets whistled out of the darkness, and ten of his officers and nine men were killed by snipers in one day. Later he found 20,000 armed Abyssinians between his own force and the main body of Italians under the Duke of Aosta.

Thus it was that, tired and depressed, the General, without badges of rank and wearing a mackintosh over a golf jacket, rode to the wayside station, followed by all that remained of his once crack division.—(Copyright, per Press Association.)

Police scanned the hundreds of thousands in the holiday crowds in London yesterday for Stanley Thurston, the escaped Dartmoor convict, in case he tried to take advantage of the throngs to move more freely.

Official Communiques

GERMAN

CLAIM TO HAVE TAKEN SOLLUM

The claim that German troops advancing from Libya have captured the Egyptian frontier port of Sollum is made in yesterday's *communiqué* from the German High Command, which says:—

"In Yugoslavia the bulk of the enemy forces encountered by the German troops have been annihilated.

"Remnants of the Serbian Army are withdrawing before the German and Italian troops into the mountains along the Adriatic coast. Only in isolated localities is resistance still being offered. While pursuing the defeated enemy the River Save was crossed.

"The occupation of Belgrade was effected after sections of an armoured division had reached the centre of the town during the night of April 13.

"In Northern Greece operations are developing according to plan. On April 13 also the Luftwaffe strongly supported the Army's operations in the south-east area by violent attacks with fighters, pursuit and dive-bomber formations on enemy columns on the march from Belgrade and on troop concentrations near Baeja Luka.

"Further successful attacks were directed against aerodromes in Central Bosnia and in Herzogovina. Attacks against military objectives in Sarajevo resulted in serious damage being caused and in the starting of extensive fires in a troop camp and among barracks.

MALTA

"In an attack on aerodromes in Malta during the night of April 13 German dive-bombers destroyed two enemy 'planes of the Hurricane type on the ground, and scored a direct bomb hit on the stern of a British destroyer. Yesterday the aerodromes of Lucca and the harbour of Valetta in Malta were again attacked. In dog-fights over the island German bombers shot down a British fighter of the Hurricane type.

"In the waters around England the German Luftwaffe sunk out of an escort convoy in the St. George's Channel three ships totalling 28,000 gross registered tons, and seriously damaged two other merchant vessels.

ATTACKS ON SHIPPING

"Last night German fighter 'planes sank a merchantman of 5,000 tons, and bombed harbour installations along the British south coast. A German submarine sank a British auxiliary cruiser of about 10,000 tons off Iceland.

"Two of our patrol boats shot down two out of six attacking British 'planes along the coast of the North Sea, and seriously damaged a further British 'plane. German fighter 'planes shot down four balloons near Dover.

"The enemy did not fly over Reich territory yesterday, either by day or by night."

ITALIAN

HEAVY ATTACKS LAUNCHED

Yesterday's official Italian *communiqué* states that the advance of the second army in Northern Yugoslavia is continuing. Gospic—north-east of Zara—has been passed, it is claimed. The *communiqué* reads:—

"In Yugoslavia the advance of our second army continues, and its columns have reached a point beyond Gospic.

"The troops at Zara, overcoming strong enemy resistance, have reached and occupied the railway junction of Knin, capturing prisoners and much material. They have also occupied the islands of Sestrug, Eso, Raviana and I Punta Dura.

"In Albania, north of the Scutari district, an attack by the enemy was frustrated by our troops, who, in counter-attack, inflicted heavy losses on the enemy and captured over 500 prisoners, many officers, and a large quantity of material. In these actions the 31st motorised unit particularly distinguished itself. This unit belongs to the "Cent Turo" division.

KORITZA

"On the Greek front the 9th Army has overcome the enemy resistance, and has advanced since yesterday towards the Koritza zone. The retreating Greek columns are being continually machine-gunned by Italian fighter 'planes, while bomber formations are attacking enemy positions, hutments and communications. The bridge of Perat is destroyed.

"Italian bombing units carried out attacks in waves against the military targets of Kotor-Cattaro; various explosions and fires were caused. The petrol dump at Lipoi has been destroyed. A merchant vessel was set on fire and a destroyer seriously damaged.

SCUTARI

"In the north of the Scutari region bombing, machine-gunning and bombing of enemy troops was carried out. The air base at Mostar was repeatedly attacked with particular intensity by Italian bomber and fighter formations. Two hangars and a petrol dump were set on fire, while the aerodrome installations were damaged. Sixty-two enemy aeroplanes were destroyed and fifteen others damaged.

"The air base of Divulje was again attacked by Italian fighters, and an enemy flying boat was sunk. In air fighting an enemy plane of the Gloucester type was brought down. One Italian 'plane failed to return.

"During the night of the 12th and 13th German 'planes bombed aerial and naval bases at Malta. One destroyer was hit. One Hurricane was shot down.

"In the early hours of the 14th Italian fighter formations machine-gunned the aerodrome at Miccabar, damaging aeroplanes on the ground.

NORTH AFRICA

"In North Africa the Italo-German columns have reoccupied Bardia and reached the eastern border of Cyrenaica, which has thus been reoccupied after twelve days of hard and victorious fighting.

"In Tobruk the British garrison is still resisting. It is besieged by Italian troops and is being continually hammered by the Italian air force. The mopping up of prisoners continues. Booty in arms and material is enormous. Nothing of importance to report from East Africa."

THE FUEL SITUATION

ENGINEERS' SOCIETY REPORTS

The Engineers' Association, Westmoreland street, Dublin, has prepared reports dealing with the present fuel situation and materials for emergency transport. The reports are being forwarded to all bodies interested in the subject.

The report dealing with emergency transport suggests that a complete petrol famine here would produce a very much greater problem than appears to be generally recognised. It appeared desirable that some co-ordinating authority should assume responsibility to effect economy in materials and effort devoted to emergency transport, and to ensure a minimum degree of standardisation in appliances and fuels manufactured for use by converted vehicles.

The review of the present fuel situation states that the major problems to be faced in the event of cessation of coal imports are (1) the winning of about three million tons of turf yearly over and above the country's normal requirements, to be used in lieu of the 1,500,000 tons of coal imported; (2) the transport of the turf to the main centres of population; (3) the necessity for an immediate survey of all industrial furnaces, so that as many as possible can be converted to use native fuels—the survey should be made by qualified engineers empowered by the State—and (4) the extended manufacture of stoves and ranges suitable for domestic purposes, with State assistance.

BRITAIN'S STAY-AT-HOME EASTER

Stay at home, or only take short journeys, were the two rules observed by Britain on the second Easter Bank holiday of the war.

The King and Queen spent the day in the country with the two Princesses.

"Dig for Victory" inspired thousands of allotment holders, who were everywhere busy on their plots. Many back gardens also felt the sharp edge of the spade.

There were no day excursions. Railway companies ran Sunday services, and the usual Bank holiday crowds were not seen at the stations.

London was a striking example of the new manner of holiday-making. The centre of the capital was thronged with people, but they were nearly all Londoners—from the outskirts. In their thousands they made pilgrimage to the City to see its grim war scars.

Sport attracted big crowds in various parts of the country.

Motoring parties without permits were turned back by the police when they attempted to enter restricted areas around Southend. Visitors to the resort included evacuated residents anxious to visit their old homes. Names were taken in some cases.

Seaside resorts in North Lincolnshire were crowded with shoppers from nearby towns and villages, seeking to buy cheese and eggs.

SING SING GUN BATTLE

FOUR KILLED IN PRISON BREAK

NEW YORK, Monday.

Four men lay dead to-day following a gun battle staged during a pre-dawn break from the famed Sing Sing Prison at Ossining, New York State. Three men with blazing guns shot their way out of the prison hospital, and exchanged shots with the police as they fled into the surrounding forests.

The dead included one of the convicts, a prison guard, a policeman and a convict inmate of the prison hospital, who died from fright. A heavily-armed posse surrounded the remaining two prisoners in the hilly woods along the Hudson River, where they were later captured.—(Associated Press.)

SIX FRENCH OFFICERS KILLED

Six French officers, killed when a military transport 'plane crashed while taking off in North Africa, included Henri Roget, Air Force Liaison Officer on General Weygand's Staff, says the German Radio.—(Reuter.)

RAID ON NORWEGIAN FACTORY

An Allied raid on the Norwegian coast is reported from Stockholm.

It is understood, says the Press Association, that the raid was undertaken by a Norwegian warship under Norwegian command in agreement with the British naval authority. Further details may be expected later.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

STOCKHOLM, Monday.

According to reports from Oslo, the destroyer which made a raid on an unnamed harbour in the north of Norway on Saturday despatched a landing party, which attacked a fishmeal factory. The landing was directed by Norwegians from the Lofoten Islands, who had been brought in the destroyer.

The German communiqué says that the attackers directed machine-gun fire on a house inhabited by a leading adherent of the Nasjonal Samling (Quisling) Party, mortally wounding his wife.—(Copyright, per P.A.)

INQUEST ON 'PLANE CRASH VICTIMS

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CARNDONAGH, Monday.

Dr. F. C. Friel, Coroner for Inishowen, held an inquest to-day into the death of the members of the Royal Air Force, killed when their plane crashed in the mountainous district of Inishowen, Co. Donegal, on Friday night. In each case a verdict of death from multiple injuries and burns was recorded.

Afterwards the bodies were taken to the Derry-Donegal border at Bridgend and handed over to a detachment of their comrades. In addition to the R.A.F. party several R.U.C. officers were present at the Border. The coffins were taken to the Border by lorry, and as they were reverently given into the care of the R.A.F. a Union Jack was placed over each. They were then conveyed by ambulance to an R.A.F. depôt.

CRUISKEEN LAWN

By MYLES NA gCOPALEEN

Tá rochuiste agam go bfeadrai an raogal ro acá againn i nGinnin bfeadrú agus tá beaicuiste agam Mug-Onoú do cur ar bun láithreach. Séarbh tá uaim 'ná na neite seo leanar do cur ar fagáil von uile duine acá sa tír (agus an cuinn; leatcoig den ceopainn chi-mile)—

1. £10 sa treaccain.
2. Suail, rotur agus pórcar i n-airce.
3. Cultaca éadaig i n-airce, thí cinn i n-agaid na bliana.
4. Mótor oct scapall-sconaice (Folkswagen).
5. Comhaltacar i n-airce de muincin na Tire agus de muincin na Catrac.
6. Ceap gluaiseacta i n-airce an na bóithe tapainn.
7. Tobac.
8. Ceap einiste mar ir mian agus comlata mar ir noga.
9. Talamh gan cior, agus ni-nacáil.
10. Cáilini, rion agus ceol.
11. Ceap téigce i n-airce gac bruil reiloca (agus a reiloran) le Mhear Ó gCópalám, Gael Number Wan.
12. Comhaltacar i n-airce den Shanse Soig-Club.
13. Mi ra Saerbealtacc gac bliain, agus reactain i mbur Mananain.
14. Mi eile i mbéal Feirrce.
15. Rabarc an an scoróin.
16. Saoirse, bpaicheacar agus comtruime.
17. One more cow, One more sow, And one more acre, Under the plough.
18. Beam-corc an furóe-mócor.
19. Ceap póicineacta lá feile Pádraig.

20. Ceap rógarca i ngranfior le cáilini aimsire an tíse Móir, maraon le ceap nagaimne an Burbéal an ciarna talman agus é ar baile.

DO DUALGAS-SA.

An aoncuigeann tú leir an obair seo acá beapcuigte agam agus bfuil tú rárca beit páirteac innti? Scnob "Tá" nó "Ni'l" an cápca-puirc agus reol cugam láithreac é. Má geibim 5,000 cápca agus "Tá" orca, cuirfear mór-éruinniú ar siubal i nDún an Árd-Maoir agus beirú Éire fór as Cáis Ni Dubáin. Acc má geibim 10,000 cápca agus "Ni'l" orca, ni nóig liom go mbeirú aon beagorrú go deo ar Saerlaid.

INTERRUPTIO AD ABSURDUM.

Stánadaile: Awgus kay yeelas ass na serveesheh nooa soh goh lyayr?

Mire: Beirú nua-orrú airgeadair againn.

Stánadaile: Nyee higim.

Mire: Ir mór an nio an clo. I n-ionad Saerbiz beirú i scló annro sac re lá, beirú nócai airgid. Ni beirú as cearcáil uaic ac beimear. Ceannaig an nuaódácán ro ar ód piginn, geapp amac na nócai agus beirú £4:19:10 agac de dápp do raocair.

Stánadaile: Awgus ansunn?

Mire: Siubal amac agur ól an c-airgead.

LEIRMEAS.

Fuarpear rean-leadar Saerbize le peirdeannal 'na tuige an cúl leadragáin, mar a raib ré ó cianaib. Léigear é agus caicniz ré go mór liom—an Saerbiz min rcuamóa ni-cúiseac agus an reil réim ró-cuanna. Ir oc liom nac féroir liom teipeal an leadair 'ná ainm an ugdair do tuaraid, óir bi an ctúdac agur an céad cupla leacanac ar tappard.

Acc bi an leadar ran mait.

STATEMENTS ON THE WAR

MR. MORRISON'S TRIBUTE TO MR. CHURCHILL

Mr. Winston Churchill's statements to Parliament on the war situation are fair and truthful, in the opinion of Mr. Herbert Morrison, with his knowledge of Cabinet affairs.

"No Prime Minister can say everything he would like to say in his Parliamentary statements," the Home Secretary said at Edinburgh yesterday. "They cannot be complete in every detail. I have watched those statements with great care, and in recent months, since I became Home Secretary and have known all that is known to the Cabinet, I can say that, subject to the reservation that the enemy must not be given any information which he ought not to know, the statements are fair and truthful. He does not try to persuade the people that things are better than they are. He does not believe in that.

"Nor does he try to depress them, but seeks to be honest and objective. There are times when he must be tempted to do something else to keep the nation's spirits up. Our people, however, do not need that. Their *moral* is all right. They can take the blows as well as the victories as they come along."

Mr. Morrison said that Mr. Churchill was a great war Prime Minister. We got him at the right moment, and it was a pleasure to serve with him and under him.

When the spirit of the people came to be written about after the war very high compliments would be paid to the varied army of civil defence, largely unpaid, serving their country in the towns and villages. He warned those engaged in civil defence against a false philosophy of self-satisfaction. It was a foolish thing for a civic leader or Minister to say confidently that everything in his city or department was all right about civil defence.

He had never yet seen a town attacked by the enemy in which he had not seen something which was wrong in civil defence. He had never seen a big attack from which his department could not learn something.

"PAN-EUROPEAN DAY"

AMERICAN HOPE

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

WASHINGTON, Monday.

"Some day, I hope, there will be a Pan-European Day," said Mr. Wallace, Vice-President of the United States, addressing the Pan-American Union to-day. "So far," he continued, "it is only in the New World that we have been able to step beyond purely national consciousness into an awareness of the needs and desires of a hemisphere. In witnessing the tragic downfall of small peace-loving nations, none of the American Republics has been willing to wait its turn. We are building an impenetrable defence, moral as well as material."

After being closed for nearly four months, Manchester Royal Exchange, home of Lancashire cotton trade businessmen, will be re-opened to-day. It was damaged by bombs last year.

PEACOCK THEATRE

"THE GLORIOUS MORNING"

Anna	Miss Mollie Madden
Katrina Hoefler	Miss Deirdre O'Meara
Woden	Mr. Dan O'Connell
Anton Veerkind	Mr. Stanley Illsley
Leda	Miss Phyllis Ryan
Professor Hans Skødia	Mr. George Green
General Gurgani	Mr. Leo McCabe
Leman	Mr. Dan O'Herlihy
Rutzstein	Mr. Brendan Agnew
Buloff	Mr. Don Barry
Nekell	Mr. John O'Donovan

It was very courageous of Stanley Illsley and Leo McCabe to have put on "The Glorious Morning," by Norman Macowan, at the Peacock Theatre. It is scarcely the best kind of play for the intimate theatre. To make the large impression at which it aims, it requires more room than the Peacock affords, yet the resources of a small stage were nicely managed for its production.

The subject of the play is so familiar that, while listening to it, one might just as well be reading the newspapers about almost any European country during the past few years. Zagnira has become a totalitarian State, and we come to know a few of its people, the Veerkinds and their friends, General Gurgani, whose job it is to impose the new order ruthlessly, and some members of the Burglitz Council, whose game it is to tamely submit and carry the people with them. In Zagnira God has been replaced totally by the State.

Leda Veerkind, the heroine, is a mystic. She leaves her university and comes home to tell her people that God has appeared to her, and that, henceforth, she must go about telling everybody that He still exists although the State has denied Him. This is the kind of treason which General Gurgani has to stamp out at all costs. Clearly, it is going to be very difficult for the Veerkinds, in particular for Anton Veerkind, the grandfather, a splendid old man, who is a rebel in his heart, and in his speech, too, against the new order in Zagnira. He supports his granddaughter in her purpose and soon the family is in danger.

The action of the play has no complications. It is plainly inevitable; we see clearly what is going to happen to Leda and her grandfather. That it eventually happens also to the member of the Burglitz Council who speaks in their favour does not come as a surprise. What we hear, as the action moves to its appointed end, the deaths by shooting of these three, is really a sermon. It deals with man's right to believe in God, shows us the strident ugliness of materialism and touches us with some of that splendour which is invincibility of spirit. Yet it does not become a greatly moving play and one wonders why.

Perhaps it is because the story loses through being too closely a part of our own time and experience. A certain amount of historical projection, which is, of course, impossible to its present-day theme, would have helped it. It was easier for the author of "The Sign of the Cross," in his own time and writing of a day far distant, to have told us much the same story. In fact, that play seen once more would say in a more telling way what "Glorious Morning" seems to fail to tell of itself because its story is now too near us. Its people have not the proper focus of drama and lack the element of surprise.

A larger stage might have helped us to see a larger play, but nothing else was missing from the production. Stanley Illsley gave us a wonderful study of the simple and kindly old man, Anton Veerkind, and Leo McCabe in the part of General Gurgani, which could not possibly have been chosen for its sympathetic appeal, showed us all that anyone would care to know of that kind of person. Phyllis Ryan, in so far as her part of the girl, Leda, gave her an oportunity, showed us once more what she can do with this kind of visionary character. Mollie Madden and Deirdre O'Mara were both excellent in two smaller parts. George Green gave us a finished study of a university professor. Dan O'Herlihy got as much subtlety as was possible into a difficult part, and others who fitted well into the cast were Brendan Agnew, Don Barry and John O'Donovan.

The play received a most enthusiastic reception.

FIRE-THROWING TANKS

ASBESTOS-CLAD SOLDIERS

Flame-throwers used by the Germans throw jets of burning oil 300 feet when coming from a flame-throwing armoured tank and up to 115 feet from throwers carried by asbestos-blanketed foot soldiers, according to an article in the *Allgemeine Schweizerische*, a Berne publication.

The oil blazes all the length of the stream, the flames sometimes fanning out to a diameter of several feet at the stream's end.

The oil is a mixture of tars hydrocarbons that blaze easily, creosote and other chemicals, and carbon monozide is formed as a result of incomplete combustion of the oil droplets where they strike.

The article says that the German Army employed flame-thrower tanks in Flanders last year.

Directed gainst enemy tanks, the 300-foot oil streams entered slits and other apertures. Some of the oil burned inside the tanks, the poisonous fumes attacking the fighters, while the low oxygen deprived motors of a proper mixture, and either slowed the speed of the stricken tanks or actually stopped some of them, it was claimed.

The article conceded that flame-throwing tanks cannot always get within effective range, while the comparatively short duration of the effect of a flame-thrower limits the usefulness of the weapon.

The large projectors in tanks are capable of 50 to 100 bursts of flaming oil, but each burst lasts no more than a few seconds, and the total time of the stream, if all bursts are added, is only about three minutes.

The foot-soldier projectors can fire 30 to 40 bursts, each lasting about one second.—(Associated Press.)

LOUTH DRAMA FESTIVAL

OPENED BY LORD LONGFORD

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

DUNDALK, Monday.

County Louth's fifth dramatic festival was opened at Dundalk to-night by Lord Longford. An eight-day programme includes fifteen senior plays and over a dozen junior and school entries, and a dramatic art exhibition is again a feature.

Lord Longford, declaring the festival open, said that in no part of the country had the little theatre movement flourished better than in Dundalk. Its value was great, for the drama should not be confined to the capital or one or two cities. Louth was the first to inaugurate the county drama festival, and honour was due to it for leading the way. He would like to see the little theatre movement spread to every town and village. He was glad to see a good many plays in Irish on the programme, because, if the future of the country is to be Irish-speaking, there must be Irish plays.

DISTRIBUTIVE WORKERS

LOT IMPROVED BY UNION

DELEGATE MEETING RESOLUTIONS

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

KILLARNEY, Monday.

THIS was the fortieth year of their existence and they could claim that they won the emancipation of the shop worker, said Mr. E. J. Hayes, President of the Irish Union of Distributive Workers and Clerks, speaking at the annual delegate meeting of the Union here to-day.

The shop worker, he said, was now a respected citizen, enjoying all the rights of a citizen and a fair measure of recompense for the services which he renders, not only to his employer, but to the community.

The Union realised the position in which the country had been placed as a result of the war. He asked that they should not be called upon to face the entire difficulties of the situation, but that they should share them with the employers. The cost of living had increased by 24 per cent., and any cost of living bonus that had been paid to the members of the Union would average about 7½ per cent. From this it would be seen that the workers in shops and offices had made great sacrifices because of the position of emergency in the country. It was to be hoped that this matter would be approached in a conciliatory spirit by the employers.

£33,000 ASSETS

The report for the year showed, continued Mr. Hayes, a record of hard work, and, notwithstanding the fact that they had paid out in benefits, sickness, death unemployment and strike pay, and in the work of the organisation, nearly £16,000, their excess of income for the year exceeded £3,290. In the past eight years their assets had increased by over £26,000 to £33,000.

The President thanked all the committees and sub-committees for their work during the year.

Mr. M. McManus, Cork, said that he was amazed to find that the year's working had shown a profit of about £5,000, as a loss had been anticipated.

The report was adopted unanimously.

Mr. E. Flood moved a resolution calling upon all persons employed in shops and offices to enroll in the union. During the last ten years, he said, their membership had increased by half, but there were thousands of workers still outside it.

Mr. M. Beaslin, Dublin, seconding, said that unemployment was rife in shops and offices and redundancy was threatened. Certain people were offering schemes to help people thrown out of work, but unfortunately those schemes were coming from the employés side, and had been sarcastically alluded to as "dreams." The trade union movement should offer some solution in this national emergency. "We are demanding everything and offering nothing," he said.

The resolution was passed.

SUNDAY CLOSING

Mr. M. Drumgoole, general secretary, moved a resolution deploring the numerous exemptions granted by the Minister under the Shops Acts for Sunday trading and the weekly half-holiday, and called on the Government to restore the provisions of the Acts. The exemptions, said Mr. Drumgoole, brought about a lamentable position.

Mr. Dempsey, Sligo, seconded, and the resolution was carried.

A resolution from the Executive Committee, moved by Mr. J. Cahill and seconded by Mr. J. Doyle, Dublin, calling upon the Government to give legislative effect to the recommendations of the Commission appointed to inquire into the licensing and registration of shops and the abolition of the travelling shop, was passed.

Officers elected were:—President, E. J. Hayes; vice-chairman, D. Roydan, Limerick; general treasurer, W. Drumgoole; trustees, M. Walsh, W. Lloyd, E. Flood.

IRISH WEDDINGS

MR. P. CONLON AND MISS T. GLENDENING-NESS

The wedding took place on Saturday last in Milltown Church, Dublin, of Mr. Peter Conlon, third son of the late Mr. Conlon and Mrs. Conlon, Belfast, and Miss Thelma Glendening-Ness, only daughter of Mr. Gordon Glendening-Ness, late of Bangeshi, Egyptian Army, and Mrs. Glendening-Ness, of Dartry road, Dublin.

The bride, who was given away by Captain Lane-Joynt, wore a white two-piece, with hat to tone, and furs, and a spray of orchids. Mrs. Lane-Joynt, who was matron of honour, wore a tweed two-piece, with a spray of pink carnations.

Mr. John Bruce Mathieson, B.A., was best man.

After a reception held by the bride's mother at the Royal Hibernian Hotel, Mr. and Mrs. Conlon left for the West of Ireland, the bride wearing a grey two-piece with black accessories.

MR. N. S. FALKINER HICKEY AND MISS E. A. MALET-WARDEN

The wedding took place yesterday at St. Stephen's Church of Mr. Noel Sydney Falkiner Hickey, son of the late Mr. R. S. Hickey and Mrs. Hickey, 65 The Rise, Glasnevin, and Miss Elizabeth Agnes Malet Warden, B.A., daughter of Engineer Captain E. C. Malet Warden, R.N. (retired), and Mrs. Warden, of Dublin.

The Rev. C. E. Thompson, M.A., officiated, assisted by the Rev. J. A. McDonagh, B.A., B.Litt.

The bride, who was given away by the Rev. S. B. Crooks, wore a ice-blue ensemble, with a hat to tone. Miss Breda Warden and Miss Violet Crooks were bridesmaids, and Mr. Richard Kennedy acted as best man.

The honeymoon is being spent in the South of Ireland.

DOUBLE WEDDING AT SALTHILL

The two elder daughters of Professor T. Dillon (Dr. Moya Dillon and Miss Blathnaid Dillon) were married yesterday in the Church of Christ the King, Salthill, Galway.

Dr. Moya Dillon was married to Dr. Michael O'Donnell, visiting physician, Central Hospital, Galway, and Miss Blathnaid Dillon to Mr. Eoin O Brolchain, Valuation Office, Galway. The Rev. John O'Flaherty officiated at the marriage of Dr. O'Donnell and Dr. Dillon, and the Rev. Father Columba, O.F.M.Cap., D.D., Professor of Theology, Cashelmore, Co. Donegal, officiated at the marriage of Mr. O Brolchain and Miss Blathnaid Dillon. The marriages were celebrated with Nuptial Mass. The brides are granddaughters of Count Plunkett.

Smuggling Charge.—Found in possession of 14 clocks of French make after being ferried across Carlingford Lough from Omeath to Narrow-water, Joseph Boyd, of Co. namuckla, Omeath, was, at a special court in Warrenpoint, remanded on bail of £50, charged with their illegal importation.

AS WE TOLD YOU

The Irish "Lincoln" Race has not been abandoned but will be held on May 13th at the Curragh. The new date for the Sweep Draw will be announced later. Persons desiring tickets in the Irish "Lincoln" Sweep can still purchase by sending 5/- for a single ticket or £1 for five tickets to Hospitals Trust, Ballsbridge, Dublin. Holders of unsold tickets may now sell them, but they should send in these further counterfoils at once to enable the relative receipts to be despatched promptly.

OBITUARY

SIR JAMES COOKE-COLLIS

A direct descendant of the first Earl of Glandore and member of a family of notable military history, Major-General Sir James Norman Cooke-Collis, D.S.O., who died at his home near Belfast yesterday, was a former G.O.C. of the Northern Ireland District, and had a distinguished military career. He served throughout two wars in South Africa and in Flanders, and was mentioned in despatches ten times. During the campaign in the Balkans in the Great War he was buried for several hours under debris thrown up by a Turkish shell. In 1938 he was appointed Northern Ireland Government Agent in London, in which capacity he succeeded in securing closer trade and commercial relations between Great Britain and Northern Ireland. On the outbreak of the present war, he returned to Belfast to act as Liaison Officer between the civil and military authorities. While in London on a comparatively recent occasion, the hotel in which he was staying was struck by a bomb, but he escaped with a severe shaking. On the following night a hotel to which he had moved during the day was hit and destroyed, but again he escaped injury.

He was educated at Cheltenham and entered the Army in 1900, and rose from the rank of Captain in the Royal Ulster Rifles in 1908 to Major-General in 1932. He received the Queen's Medal (3) and the King's Medal (2) in the South African war, and during the Great War won several decorations, including the D.S.O. (1918), C.M.G. (1919), C.B. (1920), Legion of Honour, France; Order of St. Stanislaus and several medals. He was Military Governor of Batoum in 1919, and was Brigadier-Commander of the 11th Infantry Brigade from 1927 to 1931, when he became A.D.C. to King George. He was Commander of the 55th (West Lancs.) Division T.A. in 1934-35, and was created a Knight in 1937.

Sir James Cooke-Collis was a close personal friend of the late Lord Craigavon, and his family had been associated with Cork for nearly three centuries. He was a grandson of the late Rev. Maurice Atkin Cooke-Collis, D.D., of Castle Cooke, Kilworth, Co. Cork, and was 65 years of age. His wife is a daughter of Major George Francis Gamble, and they had one daughter, Mrs. Wingfield, Peterborough, wife of Major Wingfield, Northamptonshire Yeomanry.

MR. W. McELLIGOTT

The death took place at Mountrivers, Listowel, yesterday, of Mr. William McElligott. Mr. McElligott, who was 69 years of age, was a brother of Judge E. J. McElligott, the Rev. P. McElligott, C.M., and Dr. Maurice McElligott, Watford, Herts.

INDIAN MUSLIM DEMAND

TWO INDEPENDENT STATES

BOMBAY, Monday.

The goal of India's Muslims is the establishment of completely independent States in the North-West and Eastern zones of India, with full control over defence, finance, foreign affairs, communications, Customs, currency and exchange, said President Mahomed Ali Jinnah, addressing the open session of the All-India Muslim League at Madras to-day. Any attempt to persuade India's Muslims to merge their national and political identity with the Hindus would be resisted, he said. Praising the British Government for the assurance that it would not accept any Constitution for India which did not have the approval of Muslims, he said that the Hindu Congress Party was solely responsible for the present political deadlock, and advised the British Government to abandon its policy of "appeasement" towards those "frustrating" the war effort and hampering the defence of India at "this critical moment."—(Associated Press.)

FATHER MATHEW FEIS

DANCING COMPETITIONS

The dancing competitions in the Father Mathew Feis were finished yesterday, when dancing continued from 10 a.m. until late at night. There were over 1,500 entries, which included a large number of Northern Ireland competitors, who carried off a number of prizes.

The following championships were decided:—

Junior Championships for Gold Medal (57 entries)—1, Muriel Shanahan (Kane School); 2, Betty McLoughlin (Comerford School). Double Jig, in couples, over 16, prize-winners—1, B. Davis and G. Murphy (Kane School); 2, M. Daly and F. Daly (Connolly School). Do., non prize-winners—1, Convery's Team, Belfast; 2, M. Gillen and P. Nugent (Johnston School).

Figure Dancing Championship (11 entries)—St. Nicholas Cup—1, Kane School; 2, St. Gabriel's School.

The following results were also announced:

Boys' Hornpipe (over 16), P.W.—1, Gus Murphy, Kane School; 2, K. Shanahan, Kane School.

Double Jig (under 16), P.W.—1, Anna McCoy, Johnston School, Belfast; 2, Sheila Fitzpatrick, Mulholland School, Belfast; 3, E. Nolan, Rolleston School, Waterford.

Boys' Hornpipe (over 16), N.P.W.—1, Sean McKeever, Convery's School; 2, Frank Daly, Connolly School; 3, Rory Galway, Johnston School, Belfast.

Hornpipe (under 16), P.W.—1, Anna McCoy, Convery's School, Belfast; 2, Nancy McTeggart, O'Keeffe School, Cork; 3, Maureen McCann, Mulholland School, Belfast, and Denis Gilroy, Bolton School, Mullingar.

Slip Jig (under 16), N.P.W.—1, Peggy Mortagh, 11 Charlemont Mall; 2, Vera Connolly, Tully School; 3, Yvonne Hood, Mulholland School, Belfast.

Slip Jig (under 16), P.W.—1, Nancy McTeggart, Cork; 2, Maureen McCann, Mulholland School, Belfast.

Three-Hand Reel (under 16), N.P.W.—1, D. Kelly, R. Lawlor, K. Hart, Kane School; 2, A. Larkin, S. Maguire, J. Fitzgerald, McCaffrey School; 3, Seaforth College Trio.

Three-Hand Reel (under 16), P.W.—1, J. Rice, V. Connolly, C. Donnelly, Tully School; 2, A. McCoy, N. Brannigan, A. Mallon, Johnston School; 3, St. Gabriel's School Set A.

Reel (over 16), N.P.W.—1, M. Penrose, Kane School; 2, Lillie Power, Comerford School.

An Suisin Ban (under 16)—1, Lilly Rice, Tully School; 2, Nancy McTeggart, O'Keeffe School, Cork; 3, Maureen McCann, Belfast Mulholland School.

An Suisin Ban (over 16)—1, G. Murphy, Kane School; 2, Mae Murphy, Connolly School, and Mary Daly, Connolly School (tie).

Reel (over 16), P.W.—1, Peggy McTeggart, O'Keeffe School, Cork; 2, Mae Murphy, Connolly School, and Alice McAleer, Convery's School, Belfast (tie); 3, Maureen Thorpe, Comerford School.

Ace and Deuce of Pipering (under 16)—1, Maureen McCann, Mulholland School, Belfast; 2, M. Shanahan, Kane School; 3, Anna McCoy, Johnston School.

Jig in Couples (under 16), N.P.W.—1, Lily Rice and V. Connolly (Tully School); 2, Ann Malone and M. Brannigan, Johnston School, Belfast; 3, Yvonne Hood and Eugene Marley, Mulholland School.

Jigs in Couples (under 16), P.W.—1, T. Heery and W. Collins, Rolleston School, Waterford; 2, B. Byrne and Con. Maher, Connolly School; 3, Maureen McCann and B. Coleman, Mul'holland School, Belfast.

Ace and Deuce of Pipering (over 16)—1, Alice McAleer, Convery's School, Belfast; 2, Gus. Murphy, Kane School; May Daly, Connolly's School.

Junior Championship—1, M. Shanahan, Kane School; 2, Betty McLoughlin, Comerford School.

Double Jig in Couples (over 16), P.W.—1, B. Davis and G. Murphy, Kane School; 2, M. Daly and F. Daly, Connolly School.

Double Jig (over 16), N.P.W. (in couples)—1, Convery's team, Belfast; 2, M. Gillen and P. Nugent, Johnston, Belfast (2nd).

Figure Dance Championship—1, Kane School, Dublin, holders (Glenamoyle Reel); 2, St. Gabriel's School.

Senior Championship—Field Cup and Gold Medal—1, Gus Murphy, Kane School; runner-up, Peggy McTeggart, Cork. (Only the one mark separated the winner from the runner-up, who had held it for the previous two years.)

ROOSEVELT'S SON MARRIED

HOLLYWOOD, Monday.

Mr. James Roosevelt, eldest son of the United States President, was married here to-day to Romelle Theresa Schneider, who nursed him back to health at a Rochester, Minnesota, hospital. The ceremony was performed by a municipal judge at the Beverly Hills home of the actress Anita Stewart. Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, the bridegroom's mother, flew from Washington for the wedding. Mr. James Roosevelt's marriage to the former Betsey Cushing was dissolved by a divorce recently.—(Associated Press.)

This spring
Try a fortnight on Fynnon
Nature's Salt of the Earth

The call of spring is in the air . . . and many folk feel listless and out of sorts. Spring is finding them out! Their bodies can't respond. Their blood is full of winter's poisons. Their joints and muscles are lazy—ripe for rheumatism. If you feel like this get into the fashion and try a fortnight on Fynnon. It is a blood-purifier—and it will cleanse your blood and clear away the rheumatic acids. The salts of Lithium, Potassium, and Sodium in Fynnon shift rheumatic acids as nothing else can. Mr. W. H. F., of Southampton, confirms this: "*I was feeling like an old man of 90. I just could not cheer myself up and it made me very irritable. Have taken Fynnon Salt and now am as happy as the birds in springtime.*" Fynnon is purely and simply Nature's Salt of the Earth. Large tin of Fynnon Salt 1/6.

NEW! 7½d. Trial Size

Fynnon Salt

NO U.S. STEEL STRIKE

WAGE INCREASES FOR 330,000 HANDS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

PITTSBURG, Monday.

The United States Steel Corporation has granted a wage increase of ten cents, an hour and more liberal holidays to its 240,000 employés, thus averting the strike called by the Congress of Industrial Organisation for to-morrow, midnight.

The increase is retrospective from April 1st. The new hourly rate will be 72½ cents., which will give an employé a weekly increase of about $4.

The Bethlehem Steel Corporation has granted an increase of ten cents. an hour to its 90,000 employés.

The principal remaining threat is now directed at General Motors, which has been given up to April 20th as the deadline to negotiate a new wages agreement.

The Southern Mine operators expect the Administration to break the wages deadlock in the bituminous coal industry, which has kept 90 per cent. of the mines closed for the past fortnight.

BRITISH TRAWLER OVERDUE

An official British Admiralty *communiqué* states:—

"The Board of Admiralty regrets to announce that H.M. trawler Fortuna (Temporary Skipper W. T. M. Charlton, R.N.R.) is overdue, and must be considered lost. The next-of-kin have been informed."

Ninety passengers are reported drowned, and forty others missing, following the capsizing of a large sailing boat in Hangchow Bay, 35 miles south of Shanghai.—(Reuter.)

KEATING'S KILLS BEETLES MOTHS FLEAS

Association Football

Improved Display by the League of Ireland XI.

ALTHOUGH beaten by two goals to one in the Inter-League match at Windsor Park, Belfast, yesterday, the League of Ireland emerged from the game with a great deal of credit. A goal in the first thirty seconds was a great incentive to them, and they always played with great skill, dash and enthusiasm. The Northern team was superior in skill, and they indulged in some delightful passing movements, but they frequently over-elaborated, and when they did indulge in long-range shooting McCarthy was safe and watchful. The Shamrock Rovers' goalkeeper was one of the heroes of the game and brought off some marvellous saves, which roused the crowd to enthusiasm. He was well guarded by Noonan and Crawley, the latter of whom showed sound anticipation in advancing to check movements by the Cochrane-McKennan wing. Lunn, who used to assist a club a few hundred yards from Linfield ground, was the most conspicuous half-back, tenacious and untiring. The left wing, Rogers and Fallon, had a good understanding, but Dunne was the schemer of the line, though his partner, O'Flanagan, was well held by the experienced Fulton.

McCARTHY.

The Northern forward line did not move with the assurance they displayed at Dalymount Park. Vernon was the most effective half-back and Fulton the sounder back. Sagar had not a lot to do, but one save, low down at the upright, from a Dunne header was first-class. The gate receipts amounted to £1,607.

FALLON.

In half a minute McMillen (back) failed to clear and O'Flanagan banged the ball past Sagar. The Northern side played clever football afterwards, but 28 minutes elapsed before McKennan beat several opponents in the goal area and scored. Close on half-time McKennan gave the North the lead, running through to beat the backs and drive a low shot past the advancing McCarthy. The second half was tame compared with the first, and if McCarthy made several good saves during this period, there was danger also in several of the opposition thrusts, though Sagar was not in any great difficulty.

BRADSHAW.

JUNIOR CUP FOR DUBLIN

St. Patrick's Athletic 2
Galway Bohemians 0

Goals by Dempsey and Brogan gained St. Patrick's Athletic (Dublin) a deserved win over Galway Bohemians in the final of the F.A.I. Junior Cup at Dalymount Park yesterday.

The attendance was a fair-sized one, but the game did not come up to expectations either in excitement or in the general standard of the play.

Galway had the wind in their favour in the first half, and had a shade more of the exchanges, but their forwards were lacking in shooting skill, and Keogh, in St. Patrick's goal, was not severely tested. P. Coyne and J. O'Loughlin were sound in Galway's defence, which was first penetrated after 35 minutes, when St. Patrick's opened the scoring. Good play by Smee ended in Markey sending over a neat cross from the left wing. The Galway keeper punched the ball out, and Dempsey got possession, to score with a low drive.

Flynn, a diminutive, but remarkably agile, keeper, was prominent in checking the subsequent efforts of St. Patrick's forwards, the pick of whom were Markey, Brogan, and Rourke.

Soon after the re-start St. Patrick's inside forwards were badly at fault when Rourke sent across the goalmouth, with Flynn out of position; but generally St. Patrick's were much more accurate in their attacks than Galway, and 20 minutes before the end Brogan got the Dublin team's second with a drive which Flynn made a plucky effort to save.

P. Hynes, at centre-half, for the losers, was an active worker, but much of his good play was spoiled by the inability of his forwards to get any real strength behind their kicks. Teams:—

St. Patrick's Athletic—D. Keogh; P. Delamere, J. Mullally; D. Dempsey, M. Moylan, J. Doyle, J. Lanigan, J. Rourke, H. Brogan, E. Smee, H. Markey.

Galway Bohemians—M. Flynn; P. Coyne, J. O'Loughlin; M. Kennedy, P. Hynes, T. Lee; C. Badger, P. Flattery, J. Mullen, C. Smith, A. Beatty.

CROSS-CHANNEL RESULTS

SOUTH REGIONAL.—Chelsea 3, Arsenal 1; West Ham 2, Watford 0; Millwall 0, Fulham 0. Leicester City 1, Lincoln City 1; Northampton 7, Stoke 0; Norwich 4, Luton 1; Brighton 6, Southampton 3.

NORTH REGIONAL.—Manchester City 1, Manchester U. 7; Halifax 3, Blackburn R. 3; Barnsley 1, York City 1; Leeds United 2, Bury 2; Stockport 5, Bradford City 2; Sheffield W. 3, Sheffield U. 1; Everton 2, Blackpool 2; Chesterfield 3, Notts Co. 0; Mansfield 2, Bradford 1; Rotherham 3, Huddersfield 1; Bolton Wanderers 0, Burnley 0.

WEST REGIONAL.—Bath 2, Bristol City 1; Aberaman 2, Cardiff City 2; Lovell's 5, Cardiff Corinthians 2.

FOOTBALL LEAGUE — South. — Portsmouth 1, Southend 2.

LONDON CUP.—Tottenham 2, Reading 2; Crystal Palace 1, Aldershot 0; Brentford 4, Queen's Park Rangers 2.

Other Matches.—Doncaster Rovers 1, Lincoln City 2; Tranmere 4, R.A.F. 4; Wrexham 5, Stoke 2; Newcastle 3, Sunderland 4; Bournemouth 2, R.A.F. 0.

CURRAGH LEAGUE.

Military College 4, Cavalry 1; Command Staff 6, 10th Battalion 4; 1st Motor Sqn. 4, Artillery 2.

Northern League Results.—Glentoran 4, Derry City 0; Portadown 2, Distillery 1; Glenavon 1, Linfield 1.

WOMEN'S HOCKEY

Muckross won the Cross Cup at Galway yesterday, when they defeated Galway "A" by 2-1. Other results yesterday were:—Muckross 5, Ballinasloe 0; Muckross 1, Pembroke "B" 0; Pembroke "A" 2, Hopefuls 0; Galway "A" 4, Galway "B" 0; Ballinasloe 1, Victorians "B" 0. Semi-finals—Galway "A" beat Pembroke "A" one corner; Newcomes 0, Sion Hill 0; Victorian "A" 1, Grammar Past 0.

Rugby Football

Plenty of Scoring in Charity Match

C.U.S. XV. ..... 21 McMAHON'S XV. 17

The charity match in aid of the St. Vincent de Paul Society attracted a fair-sized crowd to Donnybrook yesterday. In a high scoring, but not very attractive, game the C.U.S. selected team won by 3 goals, 1 penalty goal and 1 try to 2 goals, 1 dropped goal and 1 try.

L. B. McMahon, who was injured in last Saturday's Cup tie, was unable to play for his side, and J. A. Byrne (Old Belvedere) took his place. All the other players, with the exception of K. Doyle, whose place was taken by H. Cruise (Bective), turned out.

There was plenty of open play, and the C.U.S., or Whites, side generally held the upper hand. Bines scored first. Mitchell gaining what seemed an easy try, which Norton could not improve upon, but the scores were levelled when Forde kicked a penalty goal for Whites, who went further ahead when Higson made an opening for McPhillips to cross for a try. Higson converted.

With a lead of 8 points to 3, Whites opened with a strong attack in the second half, but nothing came of the movement, and when Cruise, after a fine run for Blues, found himself cut up he in-passed to Polden, who promptly dropped a goal, and Whites' lead was reduced to a single point. Crouch next stole in from a scrummage near the Blues' line for another try for Whites, which Forde converted. There were plenty of passing movements by either side at this stage, and one in which Thompson, Cagney and Brooks were concerned, ended in the last-named going over, and, Cagney converting, Blues again were only a single point in arrears. The C.U.S. side, however, went further ahead when, after a passing move, O'Brien sent McPhillips over for another try, and Forde converted. Headon then got a try for Blues, and Cagney converted once more, leaving only one point between the teams; but another unconverted try by McPhillips settled the match in favour of the C.U.S. side.

There was little to choose between the two full-backs engaged, Murphy, perhaps, being the more reliable. Higson was about the best of the centres, but moved on to the wing in the second half when injured. Byrne, the Old Belvedere 2nd team man, who came on as substitute, was very much in the picture all through, and was about the liveliest three-quarter on the field. Another who was always conspicuous was T. Headon, who was in many passing movements, and was playing up as well near the end as at any other time.

C.U.S. Selected XV. (Whites)—C. Murphy (Lansdowne) (capt.); P. Meehan (St. Mary's), M. P. Crowe (Leicester), W. J. Higson (Queen's), T. A. Bergin (St. Mary's); M. Forde (Bective), H. A. Crouch (Queen's); E. Lanigan (U.C.D.), P. Casey (Bective), L. McPhillips (Lansdowne), K. O'Brien (Bective), R. O'Keeffe (Bective), D. E. Glenn (Old Wesley), F. McMahon (St. Mary's), W. Meehan (St. Mary's).

L. B. McMahon's XV. (Blues)—A. Norton (St. Mary's); H. Cruise (Bective), J. A. Byrne (Old Belvedere), A. Cagney (Lansdowne), N. McConnell (Old Wesley); W. Brooks (Wanderers), J. Thompson (Lansdowne); C. Polden (Old Wesley), L. Jacobson (Dublin University), M. Reilly (Queen's), R. Mitchell (Lansdowne), D. Campbell (Queen's), W. A. Boyle (Dublin University), T. Headon (U.C.D.), D. Hingerty (U.C.D.).

Referee—Mr. D. J. O'Connor.

Cork Result. — Highfield 15, Railway Union 3.

Gaelic Games

Railway Cup Goes To Munster

By PAT'O.

MUNSTER..... 2-6 ULSTER..... 1-6

Level three times in the first half-hour of sparkling football, the Railway Cup replay at Croke Park yesterday proved a battle royal in the second half. It was a brilliant goal by Eamon Young (Cork) that gave Munster the first decisive lead—after fifty minutes. Even then Ulster played back with fine resolution; they brought the score 1-6 points to 2-6, and only Keohane and O'Keeffe saved Kerry, when Alf Murray, of Armagh, crowded on pace. Munster finished with traditional fire to win by 3 points.

Both sets of forwards shot wildly in the first half, Ulster forwards took a long time to settle down. Then P. Smith opened with a point from far out, and Young swung across the equaliser, coming in-field five minutes later to shoot another for the lead. Ulster sparkled again. Murray had some scintilating solo runs, and parted a fast ball to T. P. O'Reilly for a point, which put the teams level again. Duffy and T. P. O'Reilly shared in a bout of hand passing, and O'Reilly finished with a minor. Tom O'Reilly and Keohane had some long exchanges before Munster forced a free, and Mort. Kelly kicked a wonderful free from near the corner flag. Half-time—Munster, 3 points; Ulster, 3 points.

Kelly gave Munster the lead on changing ends. In Ulster's goal, R. Kelly brought off a great save from P. B. Brosnan, but Young was following up and rushed a goal. Quickly Ulster were back, and clever combined work by the fast-moving Northern forwards brought two good points. Murray was using the short kick to good purpose. Sean Brosnan and Kennedy sent Munster away, and Young passed to Kelly, who returned promptly, and with the best shot of the match Young drove out from the under net. T. P. O'Reilly and Murray narrowed the gap to a point, but M. Kelly and E. Walsh raised minor flags for Munster near the end.

COLLEGES FINAL

LEINSTER..... 5-7 MUNSTER 3-4

Munster were away quickly and O'Leary passed to O'Donnell, who promptly shot to the net. Leinster adopted the hand pass and gained ground, points coming from O'Brien and Mohan. Murphy opened up the game for Munster. Kelliher and O'Leary had points, and they were two goals clear when O'Donnell's shot glanced off McCabe to the net. In a Leinster revival we saw clever passing movements. Butler had a long individual run on the right wing before shooting a great goal. Before losing position Leinster were again dangerous and Butler shot across the goal, for Mohan to punch the balancing goal. Half-time—Munster 2-3, Leinster 2-3.

Leinster forwards played beautiful football in the third quarter. They passed and repassed with fine freedom, and soon had a scoring grip. O'Brien had three minors and Mitchell a fourth before Nutty raced through for a grand goal. Munster's spasmodic attacks were beaten off, and they did not register until late in the second half. O'Brien flashed through for a good Leinster goal, and O'Donnell's goal for Munster did not save the game. O'Leary had a late point for the losers.

Hockey

Splendid Shooting By Luce

HONORARY SECRETARY'S XI. 3
PRESIDENT'S XI. 0

The match sponsored by the President and Honorary Secretary of the Irish Hockey Union provided some excellent hockey at Londonbridge road yesterday, the Hon. Secretary's team, drawn from Leinster, Munster and Connaught, defeating their Ulster opponents by 3 goals to nil. On the play the result was about correct, for the winners did more of the attacking, and in J. Y. Luce and J. A. MacDonogh had two forwards who could shoot hard and accurately from the edge of the circle, whereas the opposing line had no real marksman.

The President's XI. had several weak spots, the most vital of which was the English player, A. O. Dodds at centre-half. His positioning was quite good, but, even though the pitch was reasonably true, the ball continually glanced off his stick, and he did not compare with R. Power, the centre-half on the other side, who was the outstanding player on the field. The forward line also lacked thrust, all five taking their passes standing still, as against the Hon. Secretary's line, who kept the ball moving from wing to wing with the minimum of delay. Both defences were sound, Donald and McCready playing especially well at full-back.

With Power in his most brilliant form, and Browne little behind him, the winner's halves held an advantage, even though Butler was not as convincing as in some previous matches, but both Stuart and Paul played extremely well for the President's XI. MacDonogh and Luce were the outstanding forwards on the field, and Lilburn did a lot of hard and effective work, but neither de Lacy nor Russell were at their best. Apart from nice cross passes, with an occasional clever transfer to the wing, Bowden was disappointing, and Power subdued Williamson. Jefferson took his passes well, but was too slow, and neither Powell nor Williams could make much progress.

MacDonogh took advantage of a couple of slips in defence to score with a hard drive mid-way through the first half. Luce got two in the second half with exceptionally powerful shots, his first being one of the best goals seen for years at Londonbridge road.

WIN FOR ULIDIANS

ULIDIANS... 3 TRINITY-ROVERS XI. 2

After the big match at Londonbridge road Ulidians played a Trinity-Rovers XI. and won 3-2. MacDonogh scored the only first half goal, and early in the second half Bowden equalised. Dagg gave Trinity Rovers the lead again, but goals by Williamson and McCready gave Ulidians victory.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURE

Middle League Final—Pembroke Wanderers 2nd v. Monkstown 2nd. Londonbridge road, 6.15.

Pembroke Wanderers 2nd—W. Kearns; S. J. Doyle, C. J. Little; R. Tyrrell, F. A. Power, D. B. Lindsay (captain); J. Doyle, R. P. Martin, J. N. Gill, R. R. Hamilton, T. C. Yates.

Golf

McLaughlin-Ewing Final at Rosses Point

(By J. P. ROONEY.)

ROSSES POINT, Monday.

THIS evening John McLaughlin (Royal Dublin) turned the apple cart upside down when, in the semi-finals of the West of Ireland Championship, he beat John Burke, holder, and five times winner, at the seventeenth. McLaughlin, who was champion in 1937, thus for the second time reached the final, in which he will play Cecil Ewing, thrice champion and now five times finalist. Ewing caught Gerald Owens off his game, but, even so, the Skerries man, who won the Close here in 1939, would have had to be extraordinarily lucky to stem the relentless attack of the local player, who, right from the start, had the whip hand of him.

Owens had his bad breaks, it is true, and, to make matters worse for him, his pitching and putting, in which usually lies his main strength, often deserted him, and, out-driven from the tees and in the long seconds, he was up against it all the way to the fourteenth, where he did not even hole out, his second being just beyond the drain on the right of the green, and his third well over the green. Ewing made a fine start with a four. Owens' drive drifted into a bunker, and the local player, holing from a long way for a three at the second, became two up. It was a good recovery after his poor second that enabled Owens to take the third in four, Ewing's second being pulled and his third short. The one bad hole of the round by Ewing was the fifth, which he only halved in half a dozen. Owens' drive to the eighth was in the drain before the bunker, and he had to pick out under penalty, and in that way when they turned for home Ewing held the commanding lead of three, which he increased to four at the eleventh. There was no holding him from that point, and it was by 5 and 4 that he got to the final. He was out in approximately 37, and finished in 4, 3, 5, 3, 4.

An extraordinary feature of the match between Burke and McLaughlin was that the holder never got in front. I do not know whether to describe the first hole a stroke of good fortune for the Royal Dublin man. There Burke played one of the longest drives down wind ever hit at that hole, his ball being within a short pitch of the green. McLaughlin got a big slice on his, but from a difficult stance on a small hillock he placed the ball within a couple of feet of the hole. Burke failed with his putt for a three and conceded a three. They were level at the third, which Burke won in five. Perhaps Burke did not get the best of luck at the eighth, McLaughlin was in the drain off his drive, but Burke had himself to blame when he took three putts for the half. At the ninth McLaughlin had a two and turned one up.

It was a grand fight thereafter, but the ball rolled unkindly for the champion on the tenth and thirteenth greens. The fourteenth was halved, McLaughlin getting down in a chip and a putt after a hooked second. Dormy three, the result was a foregone conclusion, and the end came at the seventeenth, where from a poorish lie from his second McLaughlin had his four for a 2 and 1 victory, which he well merited; for the conditions were all in favour of the heavier-built players. The final, over 36 holes, will begin to-morrow at 10 o'clock and 2.15.

The golf in the four matches in the morning was patchy, but there was a very good exhibition by Ewing, as the conditions made control of the ball extremely difficult. Results, however, turned out in accordance with prediction on the evening of the draw, and Burke, Ewing, McLaughlin and Owens qualified for the semi-finals. The best match of the four was played by O'Farrell, a powerfully built left-hander from Lahinch, and Owens, and it was O'Farrell who provided the one thrill of the round. He went to the short sixteenth leading by one hole, and when he hit his ball on to the green with Owens wide on the left it seemed as if the door had been shut to the ex-champion. But Owens is an artist with those short pitches; high up went the ball, with plenty of stop on it, and it landed about six inches from the hole. O'Farrell seemed certain of his half, but he missed it, and they were all square.

Then came one of the most remarkable shots played on this links to the seventeenth. O'Farrell slightly cut his drive, and Owens's second was near the green. Owens's chip was rather timid, but with his putt he laid a dead stymie six inches from the hole, with O'Farrell's ball five feet away. The big fellow could not possibly putt it; indeed, it even seemed that he could not loft it, but he took the niblick and dropped his ball clean into the centre of the hole. It was a shot that will be talked of for years. They pulled their seconds to the home hole, and their thirds lay almost equidistant from the flag. O'Farrell putted first, but did not give the ball quite enough, and Owens holed for a 4—an enthralling finish. Results:—

FOURTH ROUND.

Burke beat Duggan, 4 and 3.
McLaughlin beat Morris, 3 and 2.
Ewing beat Dalton, 4 and 3.
Owens beat O'Farrell, 1 up.

SEMI-FINAL.

McLaughlin beat Burke, 2 and 1.
Ewing beat Owens, 5 and 4.

OTHER RESULTS.

O'Connor Cup (50 entries)—Leading scores—G. R. Stewart (18) 71, T. Clancy (18) 72, Y. Hamilton (7) 73, J. P. Rowley (10) 73, B. Farrell (14) 74, W. McMullan (5) 75, T. D. Purcell (4) 76, C. J. McCarthy (7) 76, J. P. Farrell (14) 77, L. Murphy (12) 77.

Connaught Bar Cup—Leading scores—Pierce Purcell (Portmarnock) (8) 4 up, E. C. Powell (12) 2 up, W. Fitzgerald (5) 1 up, Rev. C. Kelleher (10) 2 down, P. Ryan (16) 2 down.

Holiday Golf Results

KILCRONEY.—Mixed fourball—J. W. Lane (16) and Mrs. H. Thompson (34), all square; G. Ellis (18) and Mrs. Ellis (36), all square; J. B. Ganly (10) and Mrs. Heatley (9), all square.

DUN LAOGHAIRE. — Foursomes — J. Malone and D. Hogan (4½), 72½; T. J. Morris and T. S. Kealy (14), 74. Fourball, Stableford—J. Malone and S. B. Jones, 68; C. A. Hartnett and J. Ebbs, 62.

ST. ANNE'S.—Foursomes—A. R. Legge and P. T. Lawler, 74½.

PORTMARNOCK.—Foursomes — A. T. McMahon and T. P. Hogan (7), 74; G. V. Ryan and C. M. Ryan (12½), 74½.

HOWTH.—Fourball, Stableford—G. K. Ring and T. Bridgman, 72; T. A. Nicoll and A. E. Walker, 71. Surprise mixed foursomes—D. Browne and Miss Menton, 73½; M. Corcoran and Mrs. Martin, 74½.

KILLINEY.—Fourball Stableford — E. Lynch (18) and C. McCarthy (19), 36; K. Saunders (10) and G. Higginbotham (10), 34. Saturday next—Mr. T. Mitchell's prize, strokes.

SUTTON.—St. George's Cup—Draw—G. ffrench v. J. B. Carr; T. Fitzpatrick v. J. A. Harbison; R. J. Feely v. D. Murray; K. M. Hogan v. J. Burns. Ladies—Strokes —Miss A. Cunningham, 65; Mrs. Kingsfrench, 69. Saturday next—Foursomes, strokes.

DELGANY.—Fourball—Comdt. D. J. Murphy and C. G. Reeves, 6 up; J. Gregory and C. Beattie, 3 up.

HERMITAGE.—Scotch foursomes—A. C. Paice (12) and B. M. O'Reilly (12), all square; M. Hopper (8) and L. Ryan (14), all square; D. J. Kerr (8) and J. Ryan (14), 1 down; J. J. Doyle (14) and T. G. Dunne (16), 1 down. To-morrow—Wednesday Cup, 18 holes, strokes.

NEWLANDS.—Foursomes—B. Murphy and J. Agar (13½), 74½. Fourball—G. D. Guilfoyle (7) and P. G. Patton (20), 9 up. Mixed foursomes—F. T. Twamley (10) and Miss J. Drake (36), 70; M. Hughes (16) and Miss Doherty (14), 74.

WOODBROOK.—Semi-open fourball—J. D. O'Reilly (scr.) and A. H. Bailey (12), Bray, 5 up; J. Lee (14) and W. A. Menton (14), 5 up; K. Troy (5) and J. S. Wall (14), 3 up; N. Redmond (9) and J. Doyle (9), 3 up. Foursomes—A. F. Hall (11) and W. A. Menton (14), 71½; G. Lee (14) and J. S. Wall (14), 76.

MILLTOWN.—Singles, Class 1—C. F. Myerscough (5), 73, T. A. Conmey (10), 74. Class 2—R. P. Maume (18), 71; P. Mulcahy (12), 73; P. M. Kelly (18), 73. Scotch foursomes—P. Mulcahy and A. C. Brindley, all square; F. J. Rocke and Gorevan, 1 down. Saturday next—Scratch Cup, 2nd round; also 18 holes strokes for non-competitors in Scratch Cup.

ROYAL DUBLIN.—Semi-open fourball—J. E. Curran and R. H. Taylor, 7 up; S. Mullen and W. Curtin, 6 up; F. Kane and D. Hardy, 6 up.

CASTLE.—Fourball, Class 1—T. H. Loder (8) and C. Culhane (8), 3 up; A. Whiteside (8) and E. Campbell (11), 3 up. Class 2—J. Kelly (10) and G. T. Commins (15), 6 up; P. Brazil (13) and J. Campbell (18), 6 up. Fourball (p.m.)—M. F. Hopkins (12) and W. O'Dowd (20), 7 up; G. H. McLean (18) and T. F. Williamson (14), 7 up. Mixed foursomes—R. W. Jeffares and Mrs. Whiteside, 75½; F. A. and Mrs. Sheehan, 80½.

GLONTARF.—Fourball — H. E. Murphy (8) and K. I. Holland (9), 9 up; W. Moran (8) and Dermot O'Halloran (11), 6 up. Mixed foursomes—W. Williams and Mrs. D. Magill, 72½; D. Staunton and Miss M. McLoughlin, 75. To-morrow — Crawford Cup, bogey.

FOXROCK.—Semi-open fourball — H. E. Verdon and B. T. O'Reilly, 5 up; F. Clarke and F. H. Seymour, 5 up.

GREYSTONES.—Singles—C. H. West (3) 4 down; R. A. French (18), 4 down. Mixed fourball — C. H. West and Miss P. McEntagart, 1 down; Captain and Mrs. Ellison, 2 down.

RATHFARNHAM.—Bogey — G. K. Deane (13), all square; J. Marshall (13), 3 down. Fourball—A. Pullan (13) and H. Millington (13), 1 down; V. K. Bailey (8) and F. Wilkinson (16), A. Bingham (14) and J. Gordon (14), and J. Marshall (18) and J. McHugh (20), 2 down.

MALAHIDE.—Fourball—M. J. Quirke and K. O'Neill, 10 up. American fourball—J. Lees and H. Lorimer (16), 72½; E. J. Parker and A. S. Seymour (23), 73½.

ELM PARK.—Fourball—T. L. Keane and P. O'Farrell, 2 up; R. V. Kilmurray and T. Donaghy, 1 up. Mixed foursomes—J. Colligan and Miss V. Tanham, 71½; R. H. Douglas and Miss N. O'Toole, 72.

KILLARNEY.—Fourball—Dr. W. M. O'Sullivan (plus 2) and H. J. Downing (4), 4 up; B. Hogan (2) and C. McCarthy (9), 4 up; Dr. E. N. O'Sullivan (13) and Dr. D. J. Hayes, 4 up; Dr. W. O. Kearney (16) and E. M. Daly (11), 4 up; Rev. J. Moynihan (9) and G. Roche (16), 4 up; J. O'Brien (18) and J. O'Leary (23), 4 up. Kenmare Cup—Mrs. J. I. O'Sullivan (20), 73 (winner); Miss Bennett (36), 73. Rose Cup—T. J. Magnier (5), all square.

FOXROCK.—Ladies' Branch — To-day—Medal, strokes. Tuesday next—Open fourball.

HERMITAGE.—Ladies' Branch—To-day—Mr. Evans's prize, 18 holes, strokes. Draws—10.0, 11.0, 1.45, 2.45, 4.0, 5.0.

LUCAN.—Saturday next.—Club mixed foursomes, followed by social; entries received up to Thursday.

ISLAND.—Saturday, April 26—Semi-open mixed foursomes, bogey; post entries; choose partners and opponents.

BRUEN AND CRONIN IN CORK FINAL

James Bruen, junior, had an easy passage to the final of the Cork Scratch Cup at Lissle Island yesterday, when he defeated his young clubmate, T. Hallinan by 7 and 6. Bruen's opponent in the 36 holes final to-day will be H. P. Cronin, the former international lawn tennis player, who beat the Muskerry representative, P. South, by 3 and 2.

GAIETY THEATRE

"THE DRUNKARD"

The revival of the domestic drama, "The Drunkard," by Hilton Edwards and Micheal MacLiammoir in the Gaiety Theatre last night was seen by a very big "house," the great majority of whom were like the guests who laughed when the famous humorist asked someone to pass the mustard.

The story, with its temperance theme, its warnings, its horrible example, its awakening, its reformation, its restoration, and its happy ending, so like most temperance stories, is not easy to burlesque continuously without the risk of monotony, but the audience seemed to be in the right humour for burlesque.

The play was reminiscent of the old melo-dramatic nights of the Dublin stage when the villain was heartily hissed and an overture to virtue vociferously commended. The audience did both, and appeared thoroughly to enjoy doing it. It was no small compliment to the actors.

Micheal MacLiammoir had the strenuous part of Edward Middleton, a part into which he put some fine acting, especially in the delirium tremens scene. Miss Coralie Carmichael as Mary, his wife, gave the proper colour and atmosphere to the vicissitudes through which she passed. Christopher Casson presented a version of the wicked and venomous lawyer, and Robert Hennessy was a useful William Dowton.

Mme. Poppy de Vere as Mrs. Wilson and Miss Jean St. Clair as Mad Agnes were other outstanding artistes.

Many songs are scattered throughout the play, and there was some interesting dancing.

COLONEL DUNCAN SANDYS' INJURIES

RECOVERY WILL TAKE SIX MONTHS

A Press Association Reporter was told yesterday that it will be about six months before Lieutenant - Colonel Duncan Sandys, M.P. for Norwood, and son-in-law of the Prime Minister, has completely recovered from the injuries he received in a motoring accident in Wales on Thursday night.

He is in a hospital near London, and is stated to be "progressing very satisfactorily."

The medical examination has established that the injuries are confined to the feet and ankles, which were crushed. There will be no permanent injury.

CONSCRIPTION OF WOMEN

I.L.P. OPPOSITION

After a long sitting in private the annual conference of the Independent Labour Party at Nelson (Lancs) yesterday defeated overwhelmingly a resolution that application should be made for re-affiliation to the Labour Party.

Mr. J. McGovern, M.P., the new Chairman, said that at this stage it would be a tremendous admission of defeat and weakness if they approached the Labour Party and went into the arena with them. It was unthinkable they should do so.

Mr. James Maxton, M.P., said that a decision to re-affiliate to the Labour Party would mean that he and other I.L.P. members of Parliament would have to become loyal supporters of the Churchill Government.

The conference carried unanimously a resolution opposing in principle the conscription of women. The resolution regarded with apprehension the break-up of the home and the proposal to place children in the hands of untrained minders, and demanded the provision of nursery school teachers, with adequate equipment.

Miss Edwards, of Chorley, said that she was sure that the relatives of Lord Derby and other landed gentry would not be sent into munition works.

Mr. James Maxton, M.P., said that the whole business about the conscription of women was in the same tangled state as that of fire-watching. The Minister was anxious to show what people could do, and he was doing it in a hurried half-thought-out way, improvising from day to day and saying: "You have got to go here or there," without considering the problems left behind.

The attempt to turn women into industrial workers was a serious social problem, which if not dealt with intelligently would have a terrible effect on future national life. I can say with knowledge that there is tremendous resentment among the men in the armed forces about the women left behind in the home being turned out to do tasks for which they have neither been fitted by training nor by any natural aptitude.

Mr. McGovern, referring to his objection to fire-watching at the House of Commons, said that he had told those seeking further information that he was afraid that if he went on to the roof of the House and an incendiary bomb set fire to the building he might, like the Reichstag Communists, be charged with fire-raising instead of fire-fighting. If he appeared in the dock he would not be a very dignified figure on behalf of the I.L.P.

THE STARS FORETELL!

In a paper read to the astrologers' convention at Harrogate yesterday, Mr. C. E. O. Carter, of London, prophesied widespread destruction of property, reaching its height in May. Peace negotiations well under way by next winter and "cease fire" in February, 1942.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

THE NATION'S DANGER

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES

SIR,—A laudable response is being given by all concerned to produce more food-stuffs, though, to the writer's knowledge all farmers are not complying with their minimum tillage requirements. Penalties for failure at a later stage will not compensate hungry people. A good response is anticipated regarding turf supplies. We can do little more here at home. Very well; but what is to become of our industrial life? Without the necessary raw materials we are heading surely for the entire collapse of the industrial life of the State. The danger and urgency are obvious to all.

Facing the gravest dangers to our people, and with full appreciation of all the difficulties in the international situation, some aspects of the general position demand something more than casual comment and dismissal before it becomes too late and the whole matter gets out of hand.

Shipping.—Are we fully satisfied that those in authority have explored every source for ships and have availed themselves of our influence abroad in this vital matter? The Irish and Irish-Americans never failed us in our call for help heretofore. We never needed help more than at present. Has that powerful influence in the United States been mobilised? Mr. Aiken has seen Mr. Roosevelt, and with what result? Many people here feel that the first approach should have been the organised effort of our kith and kin in that country. Irish and Irish-American groups have already given us the headline from recent meetings at Los Angeles and elsewhere when this matter of help for the home country was proposed and enthusiastically applauded. Was any effort made to develop a trans-Atlantic policy on the line indicated? Even at this late hour could not something be done? The "unofficial ambassador" appears to be the ideal type for the job. We have men available representative of the industrial life, employer and operative, and of the farming community, who would have the appeal and way of approach on such a mission. We wish all success to Mr. Aiken, but we cannot afford to miss any avenue.

A gleam of hope appeared recently with regard to deep sea freighters lying in our harbours being put into commission in our interests. Nothing has been heard of them since, though it can be assumed the tedious processes of the law courts are being followed in their regard. It is felt that again, with the proper approaches in the right quarters, those freighters could be put into operation. Has any real endeavour been made to have this done?

In other neutral lands, such as the Argentine, there are influential Irish elements ready and willing to do their part. Has anything been done to develop such potential influences? Are not all indications of sympathy worthy of contact and examination.

It is to be inferred from statements of members of the Government that ships flying our flag face the danger of attack. The belligerent powers state emphatically that they are not blockading neutrals. If ships bound for ports on our Atlantic seaboard, and carrying foodstuffs and raw materials for our own use are under threat of attack, we are entitled to ask those in authority who are the anticipated attackers. But it is generally felt that such ships openly travelling to ports such as Cork, Limerick and Galway, with previously declared shipments, will not be attacked. Should one of the belligerents attack such a ship our neutral sympathies will veer accordingly.

The Unemployed.—Another major aspect is help for home production. That help is here, and we can blame none but ourselves if it is not utilised to the full. Our towns and cities are teeming with unemployed men—many of them young single men, who have never worked in their lives. Why, in this grave emergency is there any hesitation in recruiting those of them suitable for work on the land and in the turf bogs immediately. Why are people afraid to mention such things as "labour camps" here? The organisation necessary for recruitment, accommodation, equipment and control is simple. The genuine unemployed man would welcome such camps to end the evils of unemployment, provided camp conditions were reasonable and adequate, and remuneration equitable. The situation demands the utilisation of all help. Recruit available suitable labour now, and put the men to work producing the eight million tons of turf and the necessary foodstuffs.

Much more could be said, but at least three points of grave import are propounded—shipping, raw materials, and the utilisation of many unemployed men. They are serious matters, and should receive the immediate attention they deserve before it becomes too late. All we hope is that the future will not find us regretting this, that or the other thing was not done or attempted while the opportunity offered. This is no time for formalities or red tape. It is a time for straight talk and quick action. The direct approach is the obvious course nowadays, and obstacles and obstructionists should be swept aside where possible. Explanations, if any, can be given afterwards.—Yours, etc.,

S. COUGHLAN,
Cork Harbour Commissioner.

South terrace, Cork,
April 11th, 1941.

THE HIBERNIAN ACADEMY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Mrs. Ganly may have been too sweeping in some of her statements, but she was emphatically right on the main points—that success in practising one art does not qualify a man to pass judgment on another; that a good artist paints by instinct rather than according to any intellectual theory; and that the essentials for painters are "love of colour, delight in form, and power to interpret the sensuous world about them."

The average man (or woman) in presence of a picture does not naturally come to it in a mood of pure contemplation, and so decide whether he likes it as just something to look at for the pleasure of looking. On the contrary, he is almost sure to be asking himself first what it "means," what information it gives, or what it "teaches," and that is quite the wrong approach. If he is really to get the best out of it what he should say to himself is rather: Can I forget what my intellect tells me about this picture and enjoy the mere act of looking at it? Do the colours strike me as pleasant and harmonious? Does it look well balanced and neither lob-sided nor top-heavy? Does it seem to me that the artist used his brush or pencil with a steady hand that could make the tool do just what he wished? And (perhaps most important of all) do I get the impression that he was putting his heart into the work?

Some of these questions, of course, cannot be answered by a person who has never tried to draw or paint, and has not seen many good paintings, but I think the general attitude should be attainable. The painter's business is neither to give information nor to tell a story, nor yet to preach a sermon. His concern is to express emotion by means of a beautiful arrangement of forms and colours. I do not agree with those who would add that it is quite immaterial whether a picture depicts anything "real" or is a true representation of natural objects. Undoubtedly, the first essential of a good painting is that it should please the eye when regarded as simply a coloured pattern, but, if it is to be "beautiful" as distinct from "pretty," there must be more than this in it. The painter must succeed in making us feel something of his own emotion, and he can hardly do this unless the picture seems to have some connection with real life.

Your correspondent, who mentions W. T. Stace, no doubt remembers that writer's definition of beauty as "the fusion of an intellectual content . . . with a perceptual field in such manner that the intellectual content and the perceptual field are indistinguishable from one another."

Translated out of the technical language of philosophy this means that a beautiful picture must, besides being an agreeable pattern, convey an intellectual (or rather an emotional) impression, but that the two elements must be so fused together and intermingled that we do not think of separating them when we look at it. In other words, the fusion takes place in what is known as the "subconscious" part of the mind.

But the part played by this "subconscious" in both art creation and art appreciation is far too important to be adequately discussed at the end of a short letter.—Yours, etc.,

T. F. HARVEY JACOB.

The Limes, Waterford.
April 8th. 1941.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Though Mr. Ewart Milne has stepped into the breach and re-established the *rapport* between the arts, there still remains the breach between the arts and the public. A write-up of the Academy should deal primarily with the pictures.

One might argue that art-criticism of the quality of, say, Baudelaire's, would not be acceptable in a restricted society because its impartiality would offend too many. And that for this reason Mr. Kavanagh might not have wished to make a detailed criticism. But, apart from this, the professional art critic is a necessary and vital link between the public and the artist, as interpreter, oracle, and even as the evoker of new art forms, and must be considered as the go-between for the public and the artist.

There is, however, as Mr. Milne points out, no real division between the arts. In Joyce one finds a writer who understands form in the non-representational sense, such as is found in music and can be found in painting. It is a fact that Joyce understood form as no Irish painter has ever understood it. He has also another quality of which contemporary painters are increasingly aware—a faculty of laughter. Miss Elizabeth Bowen recently wrote: "He (Joyce) pounds language to jelly in his attempts to make it tell us what he was laughing at."

One finds Irish painters several decades behind the writers in their art-forms, and the majority of them labouring in the tail-spin of the Grand Manner.

O Royal Hibernii
Come clean!
Emerge from your christyli!
Le

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The Irish Times.

TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1941

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SLIGO FEIS CEOIL

JUDGE PRAISES THE ACTING

FROM OUR REPORTER.

SLIGO, Monday.

With over 800 entries, some 60 more than last year, the thirty-seventh Sligo Feis Ceoil opened to-day. The uncertainty of the times, and particularly the difficulties of travel, were expected to react unfavourably on the 1940 festival, but the number of competitors, far from declining, has increased in nearly every class. The only difference now expected between this and previous festivals is that the audience will be smaller, as the petrol shortage will unfortunately keep many visitors away.

Sir Hugh Roberton, conductor of the Glasgow Orpheus Choir, is among this year's adjudicators. He will judge the vocal and instrumental classes. Mr. Aloys Fleischmann, Professor of Music in University College, Cork, will adjudicate the plain chant competition. Drama and English recitations will be adjudicated by Mr. Anew McMaster. Mr. Seamus Clandillon will judge Gaelic music, drama and recitation, and Mr. George Leonard, himself one of the best of the traditional dancers, will judge the dancing competitions.

Mr. Clandillon spoke highly of the standard of acting in the special class for plays in Irish by competitors under 14. He had been impressed on previous visits, he said, by the acting of the children in these classes, and this year he had seen better performances than ever before. The winners were:—1, the Marist Brothers' Boys, Quay street, Sligo (with 93 marks), who gave an excerpt from President Hyde's play, "An Naomh ar Iarraidh"; 2, Brother James Troupe, No. 2 Marist Brothers, Quay street, who played "Iosagan," by Padraig Pearse; 3, Mercy Convent Group, Sligo.

Describing Britain's women's varied new war jobs, the Duchess of Atholl, broadcasting yesterday, said:—"I am beginning to learn to catch moles to preserve the precious vegetables in our garden from destruction."

HEADACHES—
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STOCK MARKET FEATURES

PROSPECTS FOR GILT-EDGED

FROM OUR LONDON FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.

As this year's British Budget gave the financial world what it had asked for in the shape of a stiff addition to taxation, and represents an attempt to distribute the burden more equitably, the announcement of the Chancellor's proposals was followed by an almost all-round improvement in security values. Gilt-edged stocks were most affected, but various shares were particularly helped by the concession made in respect of E.P.T., and more especially the absence of any increase in indirect taxation. An addition to the beer and tobacco duties would not have been at all surprising.

The rise in the Funds was in face of an increase in the income tax, which automatically reduces the net yield to purchasers, but in these days the question of return is of rather less influence than the market supply of stock, and the continuing necessity for investing augmented surplus funds in sound stocks.

The prospects are that the market shortage of supplies will be more pronounced in the future, for anything like a heavy selling movement is unlikely. Consequently, it is probable that Gilt-edged securities will further appreciate, and it would not be very surprising if the 3½ p.c. War Loan again touched the record high price reached in 1935—namely, 110⅛.

THE MONETARY FACTOR

An important reason for the further rise in the leading Investment Securities was the reference of the Chancellor of the Exchequer to interest rates. He indicated that the Government is determined not to borrow on worse terms than have ruled for some time past, and that, possibly, these may be improved upon. This may mean a decided drop in the general interest level later on. To bring this about it would not be necessary to lower the Bank rate, for it may be recalled that the year in which the 3½ p.c. War Loan touched 110⅛ three months' Treasury bills were placed at very little over ⅜ to 1 p.c., and Bank rate then was the same as at present. Admittedly, this rate was exceptional, but for a long time the cost of this form of borrowing was little more than a ½ p.c., and it would not be surprising to see this figure in force again. The change would not be welcomed by the banks and the discount houses, who might be compelled to invest a larger proportion of their surplus funds than at present in Stock Exchange securities, especially "shorts." This additional demand could not fail to affect the market generally, which is another reason for expecting still higher prices for the Funds, and, indeed, Trustee securities generally.

INDUSTRIALS

It is satisfactory that 20 p.c. of the Excess Profits Tax paid by industrial and trading firms is to be placed to their credit for release after the war, and that the hardship of the present arrangement to mining companies with wasting assets has been recognised, but the concessions do not completely remove the objections to the mining, in which this tax operates. Further concessions seem unlikely, and consequently any material increase in profits of industrial companies available for dividends must not be looked for.

Despite this, more firmness has lately ruled in the market for Industrial equities apart from the strength of Brewery and Tobacco shares, due to the absence of addition to indirect taxation. It is difficult to say if the recent improvement in prices was fully justified, though it is possible that investors in this section will be satisfied with smaller yields in the future.

INDIAN RAILWAYS

Recent results of banks operating in the East have reflected the greater activity of the principal export trades of India due to the war. Evidently the same circumstances has caused a substantial increase in the receipts of two important Indian railways—the Bengal and North-Western and the Rohilkund and Kumaon. In the first case, the net earnings for the year ended September 30 last amounted to £927,200, an increase of nearly £178,000, or 23 per cent.; while those of the second company reached £177,723, an increase of nearly £62,000, or fully 53 per cent. Owing, apparently, to larger provisions for taxation, there was no increase in the distributions, both companies repeating the 16 per cent. paid for the previous year.

Bengal and North-Western Ordinary stock is quoted round 300, so that the indicated return to a purchaser is 5 1-3 per cent., while Rohilkund and Kumaon Ordinary could probably be bought at 290, to return 5½ per cent.

The stocks are suitable for mixing purposes, though some investors would probably not be satisfied with the returns in view of what may be considered the risk attaching to investments in India.

BRITISH COMPANIES

Little or no effect upon Home Rails was produced by the formation of the new War Transport Council to co-ordinate all forms of transport, for the functions of this body will presumably relate to physical, and not financial, matters. For example, it would not be concerned with questions arising from the financial arrangements between the Government and the railways unless it appeared that the plan threatened to impede co-ordination.

The market for Home Railway Ordinary and Prior Charge stocks, however, showed a further improvement after the Budget proposals became known, and the potential returns on certain issues were further reduced. But exceptionally high yields are still given by Great Western Ordinary, Southern Preferred, London, Midland and Scottish 4 per cent. 1923 Preference, and London and North-Eastern 4 per cent. First Preference. To some extent, of course, this section is helped by the firmness of Gilt-edged stocks.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS

CATTLE.

MERKLANDS.—One shipment of Irish cattle was landed during the week totalling 227. These were graded as fat stock and were slaughtered for the Ministry of Food. In addition 195 pigs were landed. Cattle and pigs came from Belfast.

PROVISIONS.

GRIMSBY FISH.—Large lemon soles 37/-, medium 38/-, small 35/-; jumbo haddocks 20/-, medium 18/- to 22/-, gibbed haddocks 20/-, chat haddocks 14/- to 16/-; large sprags 16/- to 17/-, medium 16/- to 17/-; haddocks, sprags (heads on), large halibut 24/-, medium 38/-, small 32/-, best 36/6; large plaice 33/-, medium 37/6, small 33/-, best 35/-; smoked haddocks 30/- to 32/- per stone.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

There were practically no dealings in bills in Lombard street on Saturday morning. Banks were not keen on buying, while market houses were not anxious to sell. It is hoped, however that the increase in the amount of Treasury bills to be tendered for on Friday will lead to a moderate expansion in the turnover.

Money was in good supply, and there was also a fair demand for loans over the holidays.

Foreign exchanges were lifeless, and there were no alterations in the rates. The bullion market remained closed.

Washington, Monday.—Italy to-day delivered a new Note to the U.S. Government protesting against the seizure of Italian ships.—(Press Association.)

WALL STREET FIRM

FRACTIONAL RECOVERIES

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Monday.

In view of the absence of pressure, the early narrow sell-off quickly died down in the afternoon, and fractional recoveries predominated. The Steel and Oil groups recorded gains ranging to a point in the final dealings, and the market closed with a firm undertone. The rate closed ¼ lower, compared with the previous close at 4.02⅝.

	Mon.	Sat.
Call Money	1%	1%
London Cables	4.02¾	4.03
Montreal Cables	4.61⅝	4.61⅞

Parity.	Stocks.	Closing Bid Mon	Sat.
45/16	Baltimore and Ohio	3⅛	3⅛
45/16	Canadian Pacific	3½	3½
83/8	Louisville and Nashville	67½	67½
14/8	N.Y. Central	12	12
258/4	Norfolk and W. Com.	206	205
29/8	Pennsylvania	23½	23⅜
17/16	Reading	14	14⅛
12/16	Southern Pacific	9¾	9⅜
15	Southern Railway	12⅛	12
95/16	Union Pacific	77	76⅛
	INDUSTRIALS.		
184/8	Allied Chemical	149¼	150
—	American Locomotive	—	—
	American Metal	—	—
107/16	American Can	86½	86¾
45/16	American Smelting	36⅜	36⅜
195/8	American Tel. and Tel.	157⅜	156⅝
28/2	Anaconda Copper	23	22½
89/16	Bethlehem Steel	72½	72½
—	Case (J. I.)	—	—
7/4	Chrysler Corp.	60⅜	60
162/16	Eastman Kodak	131	130
38/16	General Electric	30⅞	30⅝
49/8	General Motors	40¼	40½
32/16	International Nickel	26⅛	25⅞
2½	Do Tel and Tel.	2	2
39/16	Kennecott Copper	32¼	32⅛
4/16	Radio Corporation	4	4
15½	Shell Union	12½	12
26/8	U.S. Rubber	21½	21⅜
65/8	U.S. Steel Common	52¼	52
148/8	Do. Preferred	120	120
36/16	Woolworth	29½	29¼
—	Silver Com. Bars	34⅜	—
5/16	Brazilian Traction	4⅛	4⅛
9/16	B.A. Tobacco Coupon	7½	7½
	BONDS.		
—	U.S. Treas. 3¼% '46-56	—	—
17/16	7% German Ext. Loan	14⅛	13⅝

† Ex dividend.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKETS

Wheat very steady, unchanged to ⅛c. up. No. 1 Northern Manitoba spot, c.i.f. New York, 92½; No. 2 Manitoba spot, c.i.f. New York, 90½; No. 2 hard winter spot, c.i.f. New York, 114½; No. 2 red winter spot, 112⅜. **Maize** steady, ¼c. advance. Western No. 2 mixed spot, 84½. **Oats** firm, 1¼c. gain. No. 2 white, per 36lb., c.i.f. New York, 52⅜. **Rye** very steady, ½c. higher. No. 2 spot, f.o.b. New York, 69½. Barley steady, ½c. up. No. 2 New York, all growths Federal inspected, 57⅜. **Flour** steady, generally unchanged. **Lard** steady, 5 points down to 5 up. Prime Western steam loose spot, 8.50, Middle West (cents per lb.), 8.75 to 8.85. Freights unchanged. **Petroleum** steady, unaltered. **Burlaps** steady. Hessian cloth, light-weight 9.00, heavy 11.50. **Tallow** steady. Spot extra loose, 6½; spot special extra 6⅝; spot in tierces, 7. **Cottonseed Oil** firm. Spot 20 points up; futures 13 to 18 points up. Contract basis bleachable prime summer yellow grade—Spot 8.75. **Shellac**—T.N., 24½. **Turpentine** (bulk basis)—Spot 48½ (barrels). Savannah (bulk basis)—Spot, 37½. **Tin** quiet, 20 points up to unchanged. Closing options—Straits May 51.60, standard September 51.50. **American Standard Copper** quiet, 8 to 3 points up. Closing option—May 11.38 to 11.40. **Coffee** on spot closed quiet, with both Rio and Santos unchanged. Rio No. 7, 6½; Santos No. 4, 9¾. Futures closed easy, with Rio generally 20 points lower, and Santos 16 to 12 points down. Futures basis Rio No. 7, Closing option May 6.13. Futures basis Santos No. 4, Closing option—May 9.22. **Cocoa**—Spot 6½. Futures closed barely steady, 8 to 4 points down. Closing option—May 6.98. **Sugar** on spot closed steady and unchanged at 3.40. Futures closed irregular, with prices 1 point down to ¼ point up. New No. 4 contract. Closing option—May 0.75½. **Cotton** on spot closed 6 points higher at 11.64 (nominal). Futures opened steady and unchanged to 4 points up and closed very steady at 6 to 13 points higher. At New Orleans spot closed 12 points up at 11.27 (nominal). Futures opened unchanged to 5 points higher, and finished 11 to 14 points up. **Rubber** (No. 1 contract)—Tendency steady, 23 to 10 points up. Closing option—May, 23.05. Outside prices — Tendency quiet, steady. First latex thin crepe spot, 22¾ buyers; smoked ribbed sheet spot 23 buyers, 23⅛ sellers; June, 22⅝ buyers.

WINNIPEG GRAINS

Wheat opened steady and unchanged. The close was quiet and unchanged. Closing option—May, 75½. **Oats** very steady, ⅞c. to 1c. up. Closing option—May, 37⅞. **Rye** very steady, 1c. up to unchanged. Closing option—May, 59⅝. **Barley** very steady, ⅞c. to 1c. up. Closing option—May, 51½. **Linseed** firm, 6c. to 7c. up. Closing option—May, 165.

ARGENTINE GRAIN

Buenos Aires—Wheat and Linseed steady and unchanged.
Rosario—Wheat and Linseed steady and unchanged.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Wheat opened very steady at ⅛c. to 1c. higher and closed firm at 1c. to 1⅛c. up. Closing option—May 92⅜. **Maize** opened steady at ⅛c. to ¼c. up and closed very steady at ⅛c. to ¼c. advance. Closing option—May 68½. **Oats** closed firm at 1⅛c. to ⅛c. gain. Closing options—Old contract, May 39⅛; new contract, July 36. **Rye** closed, firm at ⅛c. to ¼c higher. Closing options—May 49⅛; new contract, July 57⅛. **Lard**—Futures closed steady, but at 5 to 2½ points lower: spot lost 5 points. Prime Western steam loose spot 7.70. Closing option—May 8.55. **Bacon** steady, with dry-salted bellies and fat backs generally unchanged. **Hogs** steady, with light kinds 5 points down and heavy descriptions 10 points down. Light-weight 8.30 to 8.80, heavy 8.35 to 8.65.

COMPANY NEWS

Clark, Son and Morland.—Net profit, £11,912 (against £12,504). Dividend 6 per cent. (same) on Ordinary. Forward, £2,005 (against £1,765).

Debentures Securities Investment.—Final dividend 4½ per cent., making 7½ per cent. (against 7¾ per cent.).

Hops Brothers, Ltd.—Net profit, £45,162 (against £52,980). Dividend of 6 per cent. on Ordinary (against 7 per cent.). Forward, £63,846 (against £65,184).

Harris and Sheldon.—Net profit, £14,901 (against £9,339). Final dividend 8 per cent., making 10 per cent. for year (same). Forward, £11,375 (against £18,536).

Henry Heath.—Dividend 5 per cent., less tax.

Johnson and Barnes.—Dividend 6 per cent. on Ordinary.

Law Land.—Gross income, £278,320 (against £289,396). Final dividend 2 per cent., making 4 per cent. (against 2½ per cent.), making 6½ per cent. Forward, £13,959 (against £14,830).

Lang Bros.—Dividend 13 per cent.

North British Rubber.—First and final dividend 5 per cent. on Ordinary.

Pettigrew and Stephens.—Net profit, £38,017 (against £44,320). Dividend 15 per cent. (against 16 per cent.). Forward, £33,308 (against £35,852).

THEATRE ROYAL

"EASTER PARADE"

"Easter Parade of 1941," the production at the Theatre Royal, is on a grand scale. Eighty artists take part; there are elaborate settings, fine exhibitions of dancing, good singing and plenty of comedy. The more serious side of the entertainment is that which deals with those men who made their marks on Irish history, while, from the point of view of amusement, it would be hard to beat the scene entitled "Evacuation." John Lynskey and Eily Murnaghan sing a number of duets, and the comedy-makers are Dick Forbes, Albert Sharpe, Mike Nolan, Joe Duffy, Jimmy Davenport and Paddy Kirwin. A. Gordon Spicer at the organ and Jimmy Campbell and the theatre's orchestra round off a really good show.

U.S. SHIPS IN 1942

"TIMES" TELEGRAM.

NEW YORK, Monday.

The programme for American shipbuilding has been revised, so that the output of the shipyards in 1942 will be an aggregate tonnage of 3,500,000 to 4,000,000, equalling or surpassing the output of the "miracle" year, 1918. Fifty-one new shipways now building, or already built, will produce 200 merchant vessels under the Government's emergency shipbuilding plan, and arrangements have now been made to build 40 others for the construction of 312 vessels.—(Copyright, per P.A.)

AT THE "ZOO"

Making friends in the new Pets' Corner at the Dublin "Zoo."

NEW ARRIVALS at the Dublin "Zoo." Above: A newly-born Highland calf. Below: A pair of Dingo puppies.

COUSINS from Belfast and Cork, who were Irish dancing prize-winners at the Father Mathew Feis. From left: Anna McCoy (Belfast), 1st hornpipe and 1st jig; Peggy McTaggart (Cork), 1st reel; Nancy McTaggart, 1st slip jig, and Theresa McCoy, 2nd hornpipe. Top (right): Seamus Maguire, winner of the boys' hornpipe (under 16).

THE ABBEY

"The Money Doesn't Matter," the new Louis D'Alton comedy which has been running for a month, is repeated this week at the Abbey Theatre, Dublin. No better fare could have been provided when so many holiday-makers from the country are visiting Dublin. Already it has received the stamp of city approval, not only for the excellence of the playwright's work, but also on account of the remarkably good acting with which the characters are personified by the Abbey actors.

F. J. McCormick, W. O'Gorman, Eileen Crowe and M. J. Dolan play parts with a remarkable insight to character-drawing and Denis O'Dea, Brid Ni Loingsigh, Brian O'Higgins, and Cathleen Fawsitt and Maria Mooney, a clever pair, are also in the cast.

THE QUEEN'S

"April Fooling" is the appropriate title of Frank O'Donovan's new revue at the Queen's Theatre, Dublin. Mr. P. R. Gogan, the manager, has chosen a capital company to support it and the Queen's patrons showed full enjoyment of the excellent fare provided. Frank O'Donovan is, of course, in it, making a big part of the fun. There are also in the cast such favourites as Mick Eustace, Jimmy Hardy and Noel Purcell, together with Kitty McMahon, Patty Ryan, Lollie Flanagan, Normand Barrs and W. J. Hobbs. Many bright and beautiful ensembles are supplied by "The Queen's Moonbeams," whom Eileen Long has charmingly costumed for speciality and novelty dances. Eire O'Reilly had again warm receptions for her new songs and medley of old favourites. Special musical numbers by Herbert O'Brien, well rendered by the orchestra, under the direction of Alex. Fryer, earned deserved applause.

Died at Mass.—Miss Casey Owens (67) died at St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Ballybay, on Sunday morning when attending Mass.

TECHNICAL STUDENTS' DEBATING SOCIETY

The annual general meeting of the Technical Students' Literary and Debating Society was held recently at Parnell Square Institute, at the conclusion of a very successful season. A very full programme had been completed, consisting of twelve debates in English and one in Irish; five inter-debates in English and two in Irish, two papers, followed by discussion; question time, and a literary competition.

The Society's awards were won as follows:—President's gold medal for oratory and skill in debate, Miss Lily Mahon; Vice-President's medal for skill in debate, Mr. Cyril Ennis; the Ladies' medal, Miss Noreen Tuite; the Novice Speaker's medal, Mr. Liam Keenan; prize for Debate in Irish, Mr. Liam Keenan; Literary award, Mr. H. Edmonds.

The new committee is:—Auditor, Miss Lily Mahon; Hon. Recording Secretary, Mr. Cyril Ennis; Hon. Correspondence Secretary, Mr. Seamus Scully; Hon. Treasurer, Miss Eileen Greene; and Messrs. Domoney and Keenan and Miss N. Tuite.

THE OLYMPIA

The Easter holiday feature at the Olympia Theatre, Dublin, is an inspiring display called "The March of Freedom." The period covered extends from 1689 to 1941. Nothing has been spared to give true colour. Expert collaboration was secured for this purpose. The Army authorities lent the aid of arms and equipment. The 26th Battalion and Army Pipe Band have been engaged and performed stirring airs. Mr. Lorcan Bourke assembled fifty artistes to carry out the historical scenes and supply song and music to illustrate them. "The March of Freedom," which was specially written by Peadar Kearney and Seamus de Burca, was greatly enjoyed by full houses

BELFAST DOG SHOW

ONE EXHIBIT FROM EIRE

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Monday.

The annual show of the Ulster Fox Terrier Club was held here to-day. The total entry was 225, which was considerably below the figure of last year, due to the absence of Southern exhibits. The only Southern representative was Mr. C. H. Lander, Dublin, with Watteau Lovely, a wire fox terrier bitch which, for the second year in succession, won the first prize in her class. This animal was able to be exhibited as it had been kennelled in County Down. The champion of the show was Rosehall Bright Charm, a Scottish terrier bitch exhibited by Mrs. J. R. Jackson, Coleraine.

The judges were:—Mrs. Montgomery, Mrs. J. Shortt, the Rev. J. McMenamin, Major R. J. H. Carson, Lieutenant W. E. Teager, M.C.; Messrs. D. McConachie, J. Sheehan, W. G. Crofton, J. J. Fitzpatrick, B. Sterling-Berry.

The following are the first prize winners. Except where stated, the address is Belfast:—Great Danes, Novice, Graduate, Limit and Open, Dog or Bitch—D. McMurray, Banbridge—The Maceonachie. Open—Mrs. J. Tait, Carnalea—Martha Lass. Brace—Mrs. M. A. McIntyre.

Alsatians, Novice and Graduate, Dog or Bitch—Mrs. Lyn Carlisle—Rachel of Ivel. Open, Dog or Bitch—Miss V. R. Ross—Frieda of Brittas. Brace—Miss V. R. Ross.

Bulldogs Maiden, Novice and Post-graduate, Dog or Bitch—S. Millar, Ballymena—Jacko.

Collies (Rough), Novice, Post-graduate and Open, Dog or Bitch—John M. Gow—His Lordship of Oldpark. Open, Bitch—J. Gow—Empress of Oldpark.

Pointers, Maiden and Novice, Dog or Bitch—Mr. and Mrs W. R. Gardiner, Bellaghy, Co. Derry—Rumanee Snowflake. Novice, Dog—R. Lee, Bellaghy—Drumanee Aristocrat. Open, Dog or Bitch—S. G. Taylor—Stylish Symbol.

Irish Setters, Novice, Graduate, Limit and Open, Dog or Bitch—Dr. T. Boyd Kilrea, Co. Derry—Orra Belle.

Spaniels Clumber Open, Dog or Bitch—W. J. McCoubrey, Ballynahinch, Co. Down—Shaun's Pride. English Springer, Puppy, Dog or Bitch—Mrs. H. Foy, Whitehead, Co. Antrim—Drumcree Joan. Post-graduate and Open, Dog or Bitch—W. J. Macauley—Goza of Alvah Open Bitch—W. H. Gillespie—Highedge Minnie.

Cocker Spaniels, Puppy, Dog—J. H. B. Ivers, Knockvale—Garry. Novice, Dog—C. P. Mills—Cavehill Keeper. Post-graduate, Dog—T. C. Collins—Polgorm Paleface. Limit and Open Dog—Miss I. M. G Robinson, Shaw's Bridge—Flag Lieutenant. Puppy and Novice, Bitch—The Rev J. Brannigan, Lurgan—The Perfect Democrat. Post-graduate, Limit and Open, Bitch—H. S. Harvey, Dunmurry—Lady of Lismoyne. Brace—Miss Robinson.

Irish Terriers, Puppy, Dog or Bitch—J. S. Madill, Ballymena—Brown Sugar. Novice, Dog or Bitch—Messrs. I. Kelly and S. Ramsay, Ballymena—Somerton Leader. Post-graduate and Open, Dog—J. R. Jackson, Coleraine—Culbahn Croni. Post-graduate and Open, Bitch—same owners—Culbahn Cloonogh.

Kerry Blue Terriers, Puppy and Junior, Dog or Bitch—Thomas Meekin—Napper Tandy. Novice, Post-graduate and Open, Dog or Bitch—D. McCall—Ormeau Lady. Brace—Mr McCall

Airedale Terriers, Novice, Graduate and Open, Dog or Bitch—William Dargan—Strand Demon.

Lakeland Terriers, Novice, Maiden and Open, Dog or Bitch—Knox Ingram—Torpedo of Cranmore.

Fox Terriers (Wire), Puppy and Junior Dog—W. J. Martin—Knox's Gift. Maiden and Novice, Dog—K. Ingram—Toper of Cranmore. Post-graduate, Limit and Open—A. McAlister, Ballymena—Neglected's Re-echo. Puppy, Maiden, Novice and Junior, Bitch—K. Ingram—Tinsel of Cranmore. Post-graduate, Bitch—K. Ingram—Tulip of Cranmore. Limit and Open, Bitch—C. H. Lander, Harold's Cross, Dublin—Watteau Lovely. Puppy, Dog—Mrs. D. Wattla, Sharoulea—Primrose. Maiden and Junior, Dog—W. A. Moore—Rimfire. Novice and Post-graduate, Dog—Mrs. M. McQueen—The Guardsman. Limit, Dog—D. S. Gay—Don Juan. Open—Miss L. Saunders, Carryduff—Watteau Winnah. Puppy and Junior Bitch—H. Vance—Queensway. Maiden and Novice, Bitch—Miss Saunders, Rhanuoy—Bitter Sweet. Post-graduate, Limit and Open, Bitch—M. McLeister, Coleraine—Pisna Perfect.

Scottish Terriers, Puppy, Dog—Mrs. E. M. Garnett, Limavady—Ardrigh of the Roe. Novice, Dog—Mrs. J. R. Jackson, Coleraine—Cranagh Taffie. Post-graduate and Open, Dog—J. Stewart, Annbank—Chummie. Puppy and Novice—Mrs. Jackson, Cranagh Beauty. Post-graduate, Bitch—W. R. Kerr—Kermac Robin. Open, Bitch—Mrs. Jackson, Rosehall—Bright Charm. Brace—J. Malcolm, Hollywood.

Cairn Terriers, Puppy, Dog or Bitch—A. McKnight—Punch o' the Braes. Open, Dog—Miss S. L. Blennerhassett—Sheelagh's Fancy.

Shetland Sheep Dogs, Puppy and Open, Dog or Bitch—The Rev. A. Crooks—Sofafi.

Dachshunds, Junior, Dog or Bitch—Mrs. V. Graham—Patsy of Airfield. Post-graduate and Open, Dog or Bitch—J. Malcolm—Our Gracie.

Pekingese, Novice, Graduate and Post-graduate, Dog or Bitch—Miss J. Thompson—Mamusa San of Clanbrahil. Open, Dog or Bitch—Mrs. J. Parkinson—Machere (White Classes). Novice, Dog or Bitch—Miss S. I. Williams—Lucky Owl of Lotusland.

Pugs, Puppy and Novice, Dog or Bitch—Miss N. Reid—Edenderry Rachel. Open, Dog or Bitch—Mrs. V. Graham, Edenderry—Cuanna.

Any Variety Sporting, Open, Dog or Bitch—Wm. McCausland, Lisburn—Melfort Minesweeper. Any Variety Gun-Dog, Open, Dog or Bitch—T. Mallon, Mountainview—Cobber.

FEIS SHLIGIGH OPENED

RESULT OF THE COMPETITIONS

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

SLIGO, Monday.

Entries for the twelfth Feis Shligigh, which opened at Sligo to-day, were well up to the standard of last year. The results of the competitions were:—

Seamus Devins Cup, for a reel danced by a County Sligo man or boy who had not competed before 1936—Cup withheld. C. C. Maguire, Ballyshannon, was recommended for a prize.

Mrs. Eileen McCormack, the adjudicator, was disappointed that there were only three entries for the competition—and these were children, whereas men should have been competing.

Intermediate Recitation in English (under 17)—1, Aileen Harte and Pauline Flanaga, Ursuline Convent, Sligo; 2, Mary Henry, Ursuline Convent, Sligo, and Maire Ni Connallain, Clocar na Trocaire, Sligo.

The adjudicator, Mr. Michael Farrell, said that there had been a great deal of voice production in an honest, unaffected Irish way, and this had been pleasing.

Children's Action Song—1, Mercy Convent Juniors, Sligo; 2, St. Laurence's School, Sligo.

Mr. Eamonn O Ghallchobhair, who adjudicated, said that neither of the presentations were action songs: they were a sort of musical scene. There was nothing Irish about the presentations; they would get exactly the same thing at an English festival.

Sean McDermott Cup, presented by Mr. Michael Kerrin, Sligo, for figure-dancing—1, Sligo Gaelic League Team, No. 5 (Misses M. Bree, L. Gilligan, P. McGoldrick, V. Harte, and Messrs. Brian Barrett and P. Hickey); 2, Sligo Gaelic League Team, No. 2 (Misses M. Feeney and B. P. McMorrow, and Messrs. J. Conway and J. McMorrow). The Sligo branch of the Gaelic League also won the cup last year.

CHURCH SERVICES

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—Tuesday in Easter Week. Holy Communion at 8 and 11 a.m.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.—Matins at 10.45 o'clock. E.A.: 491. Psalm, 57 (173). Urbs Fortitudinis, 178. Hymn, 152 (2). Holy Communion in the Lady Chapel at 11.30 a.m. Evensong at 3 o'clock. Psalm, 92 (266). Magnificat, C. H. H. Parry (1848-1918) in D. Anthem, "Praised be the Lord daily," Thomas Ebdon (1738-1811).

FOR TO-DAY—
A BEAUTY TREATMENT AS PURE AS A DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

THERE IS no complexion can hold a candle to the Irish girl's—and to-day, when smart women everywhere are trying to achieve the new, more natural type of loveliness, *you* come into your own! Do take the utmost care of your skin. Don't bury it under pore-clogging make-up. By day as well as by night, use a beauty preparation which will benefit and purify your complexion *all the time*.

Non-stop Beauty Culture

A 24-hour beauty treatment sounds a tall order till you know about Lacto-Calamine, which is so pure and of such recognized medical constituents that you might almost call it a doctor's beauty prescription. Calamine is the safest and gentlest possible substance for use on the skin. It is constantly prescribed by the medical profession for delicate skins and for clearing up minor skin blemishes. Crookes' Lacto-Calamine contains Calamine in its purest form.

Beauty Calamine is *Lacto-Calamine*

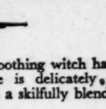
Lacto-Calamine is prepared by a colloidal process in which the particles reach a state of *ultra*-microscopic fineness attained by few beauty preparations. Afterwards scientifically combined with nourishing, emollient milk of almonds and soothing witch hazel, Lacto-Calamine is delicately soft and creamy, in a skilfully blending skin tone.

• • •

TWIN-PURPOSE. Let Lacto-Calamine look after your skin beauty day and night. It may be used as a powder base, but many people consider it unnecessary to powder over its lovely matt bloom. Last thing at night, smooth in its gentle milkiness. No more unflattering stickiness—your skin completely absorbs Lacto-Calamine.

Through the microscope

MONDAY
A micro-photograph showing a section of the skin of a girl's face, magnified 104 times, before application of Lacto-Calamine. Neglect had caused skin roughness which appears as ridges.



WEDNESDAY
The same skin after two nights and one day of using Lacto-Calamine. Look at the micro-photograph now. It records no unevenness of the skin's surface, which is now fine and smooth.

CROOKES'
Lacto-Calamine
A Medical Beauty Culture
COMBINED POWDER BASE AND SKIN FOOD
Prepared by Crookes, Makers of Famous Vitamin Products. You can get Lacto-Calamine at all good pharmacies
PRICE 3/9 (*including duty and tax*)

Smokers' 'Fur'

How to detect it—
How to prevent it

Try this now. Run your tongue round your